Ministry of
Economic Affairs

2025
Intellectual Property Office
Annual Report

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFICE
MINISTRY OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS
JUNE 2026

CONTENTS

DIRECTOR GENERAL'S MESSAGE

As AI integrates with various fields of technology, it has become a key driver of innovation and a powerful engine for enhancing industrial competitiveness. Concurrently, it poses challenges to the IP system, prompting industries to undertake more proactive and strategic IP portfolios. Keeping pace with the times, TIPO remains committed to continuously fostering a high-quality IP environment for the public. In 2025, TIPO introduced a range of measures to improve the quality of patent and trademark examinations, provide digital services, support the creation and use of high-quality IP, and strengthen international exchange and cooperation, ensuring that IP serves as a key booster for Taiwan's industrial innovation and competitiveness.

TIPO's core mandate is to enhance the efficiency and quality of patent and trademark examinations. In 2025, TIPO maintained stable, reasonable, and predictable examination timeframes for both patents and trademarks. To accelerate the acquisition of patent rights in advanced technology fields, we expanded the eligibility for accelerated examination by revising the Positive Patent Examination Pilot Program for Startup Companies to include startups that have received national awards or participated in TIPO-sponsored programs. In addition, TIPO launched the Pilot Program for Accelerated Examination of Invention Patent Applications Filed by Female Applicants to value female participation in innovation and encourage the protection of their inventions through patents.

Furthermore, for the "Five Trusted Industry Sectors" – semiconductors, artificial intelligence (AI), military, security and surveillance, and next-generation communications – TIPO promoted the Collaborative Examination Program for Reexamination to enhance examination efficiency and quality of cross-disciplinary patent applications. In response to the booming R&D in AI-related patents, we completed the "Collection of AI-Related Invention Cases in Taiwan" to formulate examination principles and assist industries in improving the patent drafting quality of their AI inventions. Additionally, TIPO published the "Global AI Patent Landscape Analysis Report" to help our domestic industries strengthen their technological advantages.

TIPO proactively leverages AI technologies to enhance examination efficiency and elevate the quality of digital services. To lower the search threshold for users, following the launch of the image-based trademark search system, we introduced an AI-based image search service for domestic design patents, enabling users to quickly find relevant patent cases simply by uploading an image. Moreover, auxiliary functions such as intelligent literature mining and cross-class recommendations for goods and services, support examiners in improving examination accuracy and efficiency. This further elevates examination quality and helps applicants acquire IP protection more rapidly. Furthermore, TIPO has made the aforementioned search systems available to the public, creating a win-win situation.

In terms of copyright, to address numerous issues arising from generative AI, TIPO continues to monitor international regulatory frameworks and latest litigation trends, hosting the Rights Holder Exchange Meeting on Generative AI Training and Copyright Issues to gather insights from domestic rights holders as a reference for strategic policy planning. Additionally, in response to the practical needs in copyright dispute mediation, we promulgated the amendments to the Regulations of Copyright Dispute Mediation to facilitate the early resolution of disputes.

To assist Taiwan's outstanding patent technologies in expanding into global markets, TIPO introduced Taiwan Patent GO to connect domestically award-winning patents with international markets and expand industrial matchmaking opportunities. Furthermore, TIPO has conducted patent landscape analyses across key domains including next-generation batteries, smart grids, and AI servers, and has established the Standard Essential Patent (SEP) Service Platform to ensure the widespread application of industrial R&D breakthroughs while safeguarding reasonable returns for innovators.

Meanwhile, in support of Taiwan's goal of 2050 Net-Zero Emissions, TIPO provides industry with the information required for their R&D and application of carbon-reduction technologies. In addition to support initiatives such as accelerated examination program (AEP) for green patents, the Green Technology Section, and green trademarks, TIPO continues to conduct trend analyses on green technology patents and update the Net-Zero Emissions Certification Marks Info Section to assist industries in developing roadmaps for green transition.

In terms of international IP exchange and cooperation, TIPO has achieved remarkable milestones. We signed a Statement of Intent (SOI) on the PPH with INPI France, as well as an MOU on the PPH MOTTAINAI and an MOU on IP Cooperation with ILPO Israel, ushering in a new chapter for bilateral cooperation with France and Israel. In 2025, TIPO convened seven bilateral IP meetings, including the Taiwan–France Industrial Property Rights Meeting, the Taiwan–Canada IP Policy Dialogue, and the Taiwan–UK IPR Video Conference. It also hosted the EU–Taiwan Seminar on Generative AI, and the Taiwan–Japan Intellectual Property Symposium to strengthen IP policy exchanges and collaborative partnerships with international IP offices.

Reflecting on 2025, TIPO has made significant progress in advancing strategic initiatives. Looking ahead, I will work together with all TIPO colleagues to continuously optimize IP services, build a legal regime that keeps pace with the times, and expand international IP exchange and cooperation. TIPO will further construct a forward-looking IP system and environment that meets industrial needs, serving as a solid backing for industrial innovation and development.

TIPO Director General

HIGHLIGHTS OF 2025

Optimizing Patent and Trademark Examination Procedures

- In January: Launched the "Collaborative Examination Program for Reexamination of Patent Applications from the Five Trusted Industry Sectors".
- In July: Launched the Pilot Program for Accelerated Examination of Invention Patent Applications Filed by Female Applicants to encourage female participation in innovation.
- In October: Published the "Collection of AI-Related Invention Cases in Taiwan" to provide a reference for industry when filing for AI-related patent applications.
- The average pendency to the first office action for the accelerated examination of trademark registration applications was within one month after acceptance.
- The average first office action pendency and the average disposal pendency for invention patents were 8.0 and 13.8 months, respectively.
- The average first office action pendency and the average disposal pendency for trademarks were 5.6 and 7.1 months, respectively.

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Bolstering the IPR Regime

- In May: Promulgated the amendments to the Regulations of Copyright Dispute Mediation.
- In June: Submitted the draft amendments to the Patent Act to the Executive Yuan for review.
- In July: Promulgated the amendments to the Examination Guidelines on Non-Traditional Trademarks, effective August 1.
- In November: Promulgated the amendments to the Examination Guidelines on Procedural Examination of Applications for Trademark Registration, effective December 1.
- In December: Promulgated the amendments to the "Operation Directions on Applying for Deferred Substantive Examination of Invention Patent and Design Patent Applications".

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Developing Innovative Digital Service

- In August: Completed the intelligent literature mining feature on the Global Patent Information Retrieval System, utilizing AI tools to assist in patent examinations.
- In September: Introduced the AI-based image search service for domestic design patents to accelerate the retrieval of similar cases.
- In September: Launched online examination functions for trademark management and renewal.
- In October: Implemented the online examination for patent correction cases.
- In November: Added a function for cross-class recommendation for goods and service names to optimize trademark examination efficiency.
- The percentages of online patent and trademark applications were 93.4% and 93.7%, respectively.
- The percentages of online delivery of patent and trademark documents were 94.5% and 83.4%, respectively.

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Driving IP Innovation in Key Industries

- In April: Established a dedicated section of Taiwan Patent GO on TIPO's official website to showcase Taiwan's award-winning patents at exhibitions and business opportunities.
- In September: Held the first Trademark Professional Capability Certification Examination to establish the certification system for professional trademark agents.
- In October: Established the Standard Essential Patent (SEP) Service Platform to provide industry with the latest information on SEP-related issues.
- By October: Completed multiple analyses, including studies aimed at enhancing startups' capabilities of IP strategies and patent portfolios, the patent analysis of the smart aging tech industry, and analyses of green trademarks.

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Expanding International IPR Collaborations

- In March: Hosted the EU–Taiwan Seminar on Generative AI.
- In May: Signed a Statement of Intent (SOI) on PPH with INPI France.
- By September: Organized the Taiwan–Japan Intellectual Property Symposium.
- By November: Signed an MOU on the PPH MOTTAINAI and an MOU on IP Cooperation with ILPO.

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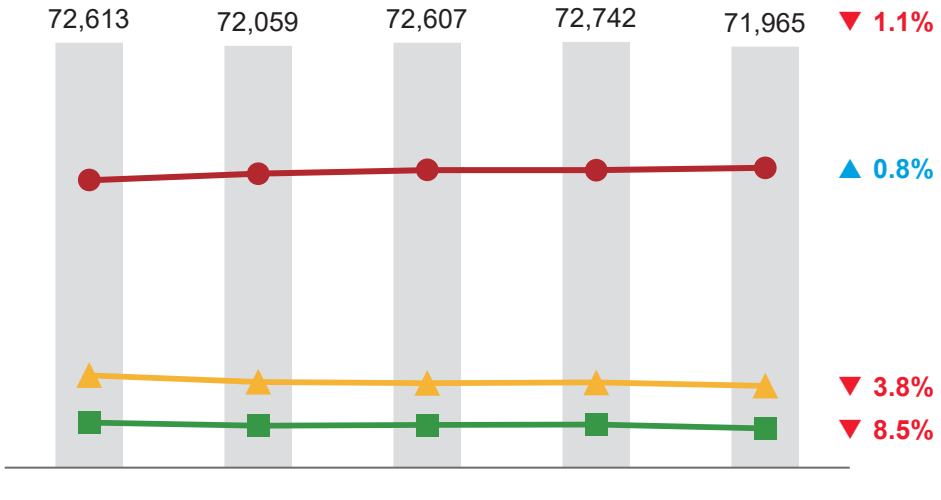
▶ Trends in Patent Applications



	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Invention	49,116	50,242	50,854	50,823	51,230
Utility Model	15,796	14,662	14,466	14,559	14,000
Design	7,701	7,155	7,287	7,360	6,735
Total	72,613	72,059	72,607	72,742	71,965

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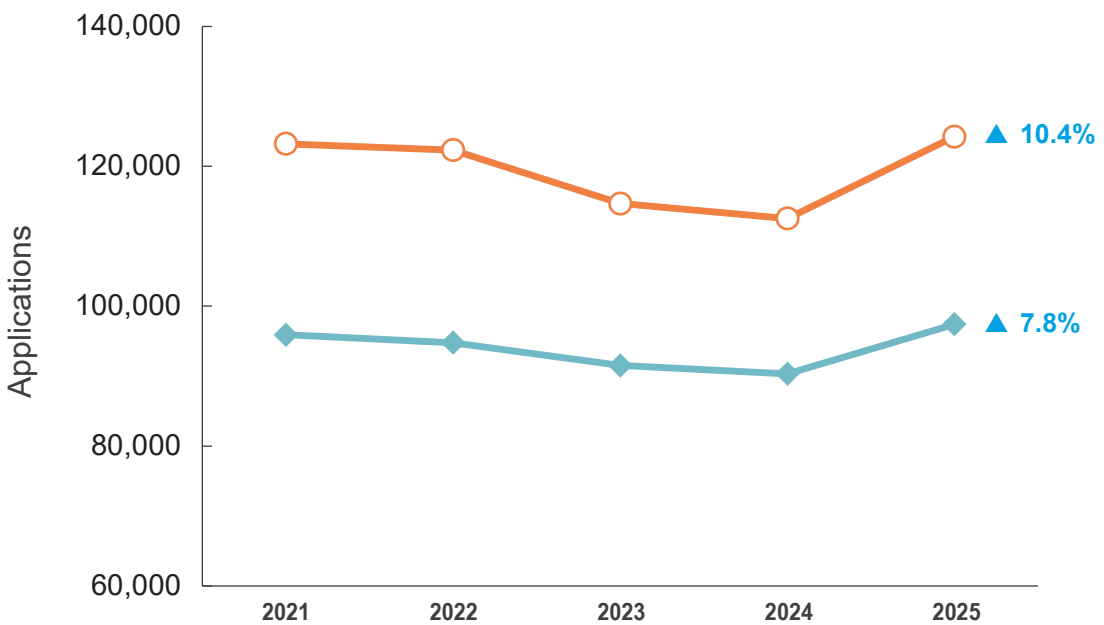
▶ Trends in Trademark Applications



	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Trademark(by case)	95,917	94,778	91,535	90,341	97,411
Trademark(by class)	123,217	122,320	114,680	112,534	124,242

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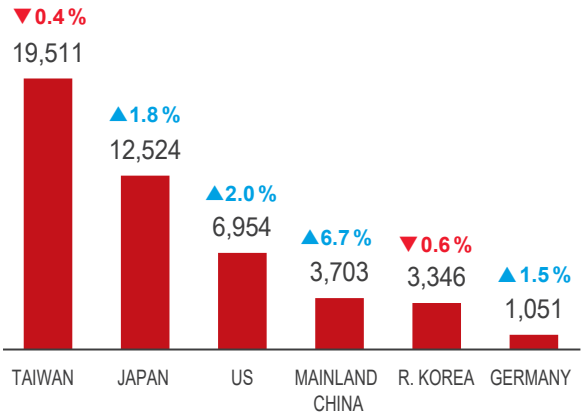
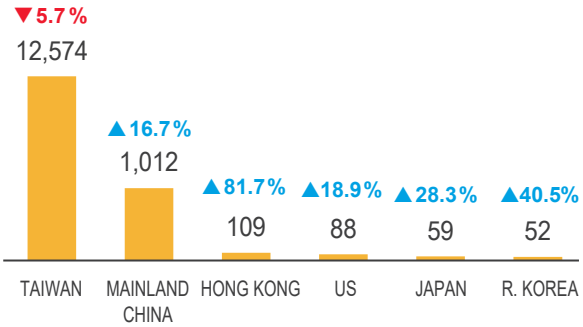
▶ Major Patent (All Types) and Trademark Filing Countries (Regions) in 2025

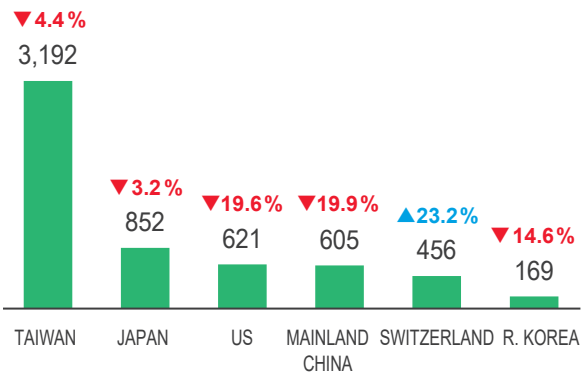
Invention Patent



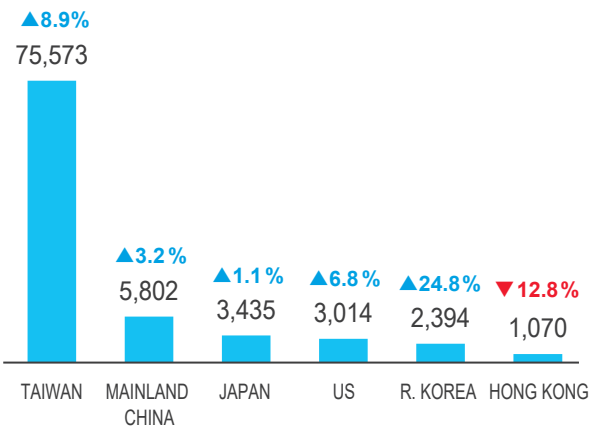
Utility Model Patent



Design Patent



Trademark



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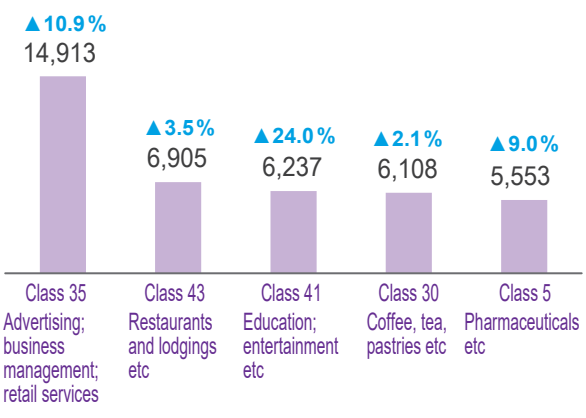
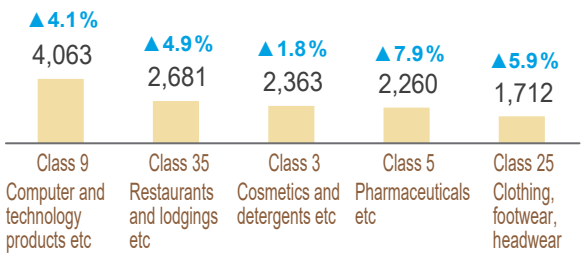
▶ Top 5 Classes for Resident and Non-Resident Trademark Applications in 2025

Resident



Non-Resident



▶ Top 10 Resident Applicants for Patent and Trademark Applications in 2025

Invention Patent			Design Patent			Trademark		
Rank	Applicant	Cases	Rank	Applicant	Cases	Rank	Applicant	Cases
1	TSMC	1,485	1	L&F Plastics	149	1	Uni-President Ent.	923
2	AU Optronics	397	2	Acer	56	2	Fubon Life Insurance	630
3	Hon Hai Precision Ind.	340	3	Tarng Yu Ent.	46	3	Tsg Sport Marketing	209
4	Nanya Technology	328	4	Delta Electronics	44	4	Che Tai Int.	165
4	ITRI	328	5	Tong Yah Ind.	28	5	Wowprime Corp.	160
6	Inventec	316	6	Tron Future TECH	26	6	Jing Li Hwa Foods	158
7	Realtek	286	7	Compal Electronics	22	7	Xing Han	156
8	Delta Electronics	280	7	Shu-Te University	22	8	Tsg Hawks Baseball	126
9	Mediatek	269	9	CGUST	21	9	Lungyen Life Service	105
10	Innolux	235	10	Timotion Tech	20	10	Nan I Book Ent	99

▶ Top 10 Non-Resident Applicants for Patent and Trademark Applications in 2025

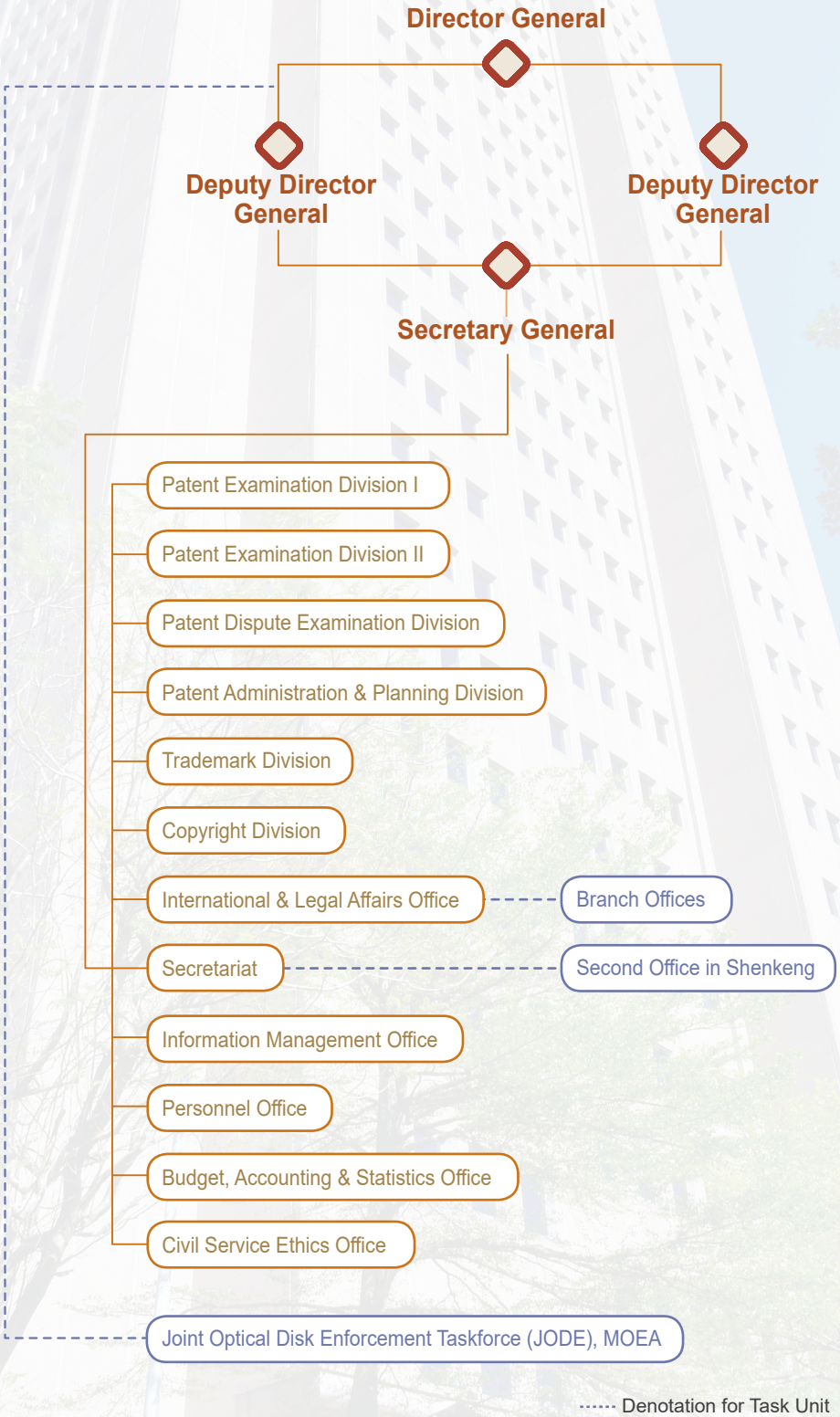
Invention Patent			Design Patent			Trademark		
Rank	Applicant	Cases	Rank	Applicant	Cases	Rank	Applicant	Cases
1	Applied Materials	1,088	1	Harry Winston	147	1	Pop Mart (Singapore)	194
2	Tokyo Electron	773	2	Beijing Roborock Technology	141	2	JYP Entertainment	146
3	Samsung Electronics	741	3	Wonderland Switzerland	125	3	Huang Chengfang	101
4	Coupang	675	4	Apple INC.	103	4	L'Oreal	92
5	Qualcomm	570	5	Renault S.A.S.	73	5	Luckin Coffee Group	87
6	Kioxia	454	6	Molex	69	6	MUSINSA	84
7	Nitto Denko	406	7	Nanjing Roborock Innovation Technology	52	7	CYYS (HK) Brand Management	75
8	Shin-Etsu Chemical	359	8	JANI INT.	44	8	Kao	74
9	Lam Research	276	9	LG Electronics	41	9	Beijing Enlight Pictures	72
10	Resonac	270	10	BMW	35	10	Shiseido	67

ABBREVIATIONS

AEP	Accelerated Examination Program
AEPRe	Accelerated Examination Program for Reexamination
APEC	Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation
CGPDTM	Office of the Controller General of Patents, Designs and Trade Marks
CGUST	Chang Gung University of Science and Technology
CIPO	Canadian Intellectual Property Office
CMO	Collective Management Organization
CNIPA	China National Intellectual Property Administration
DPMA	German Patent and Trade Mark Office
EPO	European Patent Office
ESG	Environmental, Social, and Governance
EUIPO	European Union Intellectual Property Office
FRAND	Fair, Reasonable and Non-discriminatory
GPSS	Global Patent Search System
ILPO	Israel Patent Office
INPI	Institut National de la Propriété Industrielle (French Patent and Trademark Office)
IPC	International Patent Classification
IPEG	Intellectual Property Expert Group
IPKM	Industrial Patent Knowledge Platform
IPOPHL	Intellectual Property Office of the Philippines
IPR	Intellectual Property Rights
ITRI	Industrial Technology Research Institute
JPO	Japan Patent Office
KIPO	Korean Intellectual Property Office
MOIP	Ministry of Intellectual Property
MOU	Memoranda of Understanding
PPH	Patent Prosecution Highway
PPO	Patent Office of the Republic of Poland
SEP	Standards Essential Patent
SPTO	Spanish Patent and Trademark Office
TIE	Taiwan Innotech Expo
TRIPS	Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights
TSMC	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company
TWPAT	Taiwan Patent Search System
TW-SUPA	TW-Support Using the PPH Agreement
UKIPO	UK Intellectual Property Office
USPTO	United States Patent and Trademark Office
WIPO	World Intellectual Property Organization
WTO	World Trade Organization

ORGANIZATION, BUDGET AND MANPOWER

1.Organizational Structure



2.Budget

Revenues 2021-2025

Unit: NT$1 M

Item	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Patent fees (application, certification, recordation)	876	889	890	919	928
Trademark fees (application, certification, registration, recordation)	914	921	893	893	933
Patent Annuity	2,674	2,838	3,021	3,159	3,237
Others	5	4	5	5	5
Total	4,469	4,652	4,809	4,976	5,103

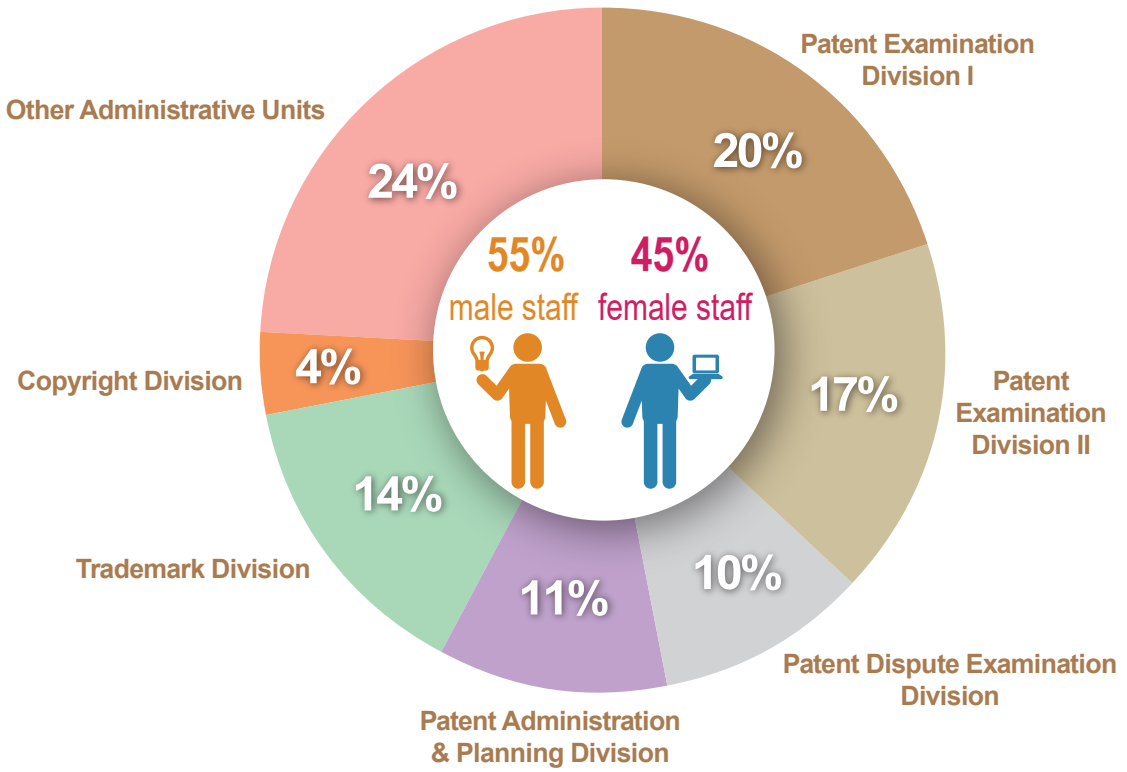
Expenditures 2021-2025

Unit: NT$1 M

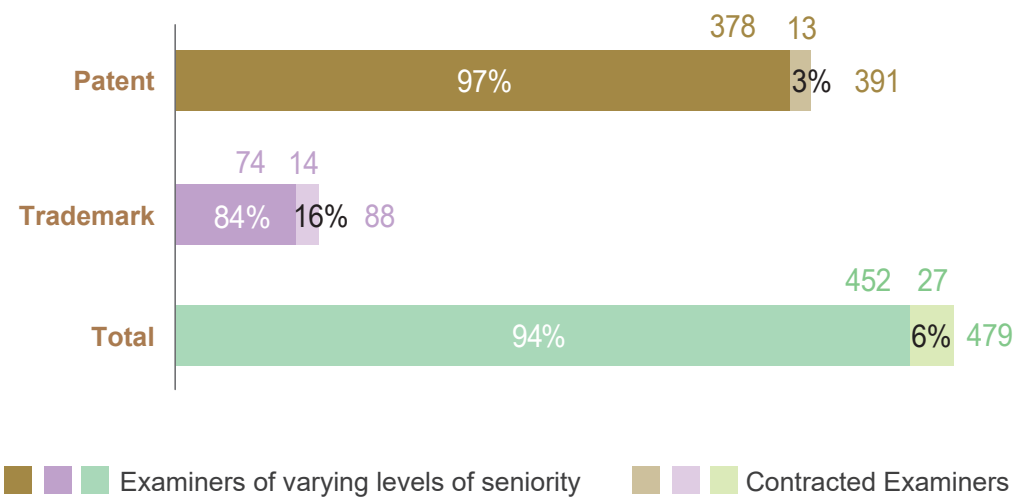
Item	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
IPR Technological Development	232	222	210	259	324
Promotion of IPR Protection	229	230	241	239	252
General Administration	1,011	1,027	1,053	1,073	1,114
Total	1,472	1,479	1,504	1,571	1,690

3.Manpower

Department	Patent Examination Division I	Patent Examination Division II	Patent Dispute Examination Division	Patent Administration & Planning Division	Trademark Division	Copyright Division	Other Administrative Units	Total
Number of Staff	158	131	78	91	112	29	186	785



Examination Staff



I IPR APPLICATIONS

1. Patent
2. Trademark

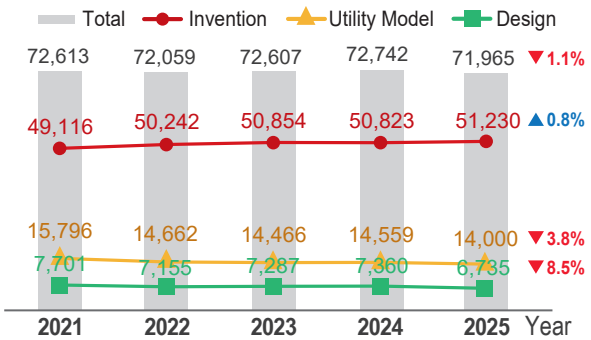
I IPR APPLICATIONS

In 2025, TIPO saw a slight decrease in patent applications. Of these, utility model patents and design patents declined, while invention patents continued growing. In contrast, trademark applications hit a record high.

1.Patent

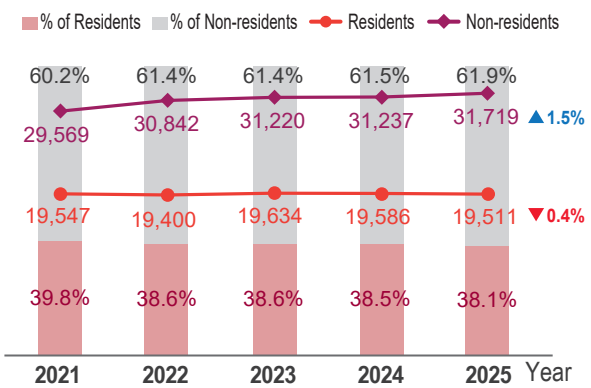
Trends in Patent Applications

Types of Patent Applications



Patent applications fell by 1.1% in 2025, reaching 71,965, among which 51,230 were invention patents (up 0.8%), 14,000 were utility model patents (down 3.8%), and 6,735 were design patents (down 8.5%).

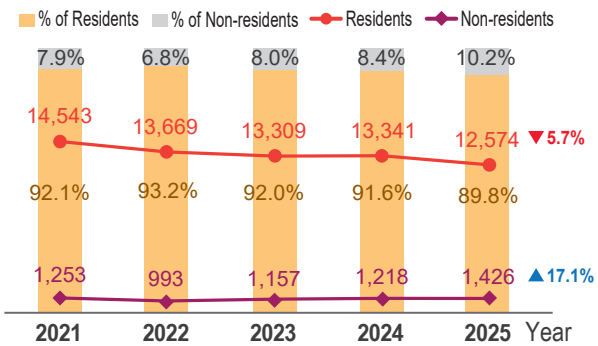
Invention Patent Applications



A breakdown of invention patents by applicant nationality reveals that in 2025, 19,511 were domestic applications (down 0.4%), and 31,719 were foreign applications (up 1.5%). Overall, domestic applications accounted for approximately 38% of total applications.

Over the past five years, domestic applications fluctuated between 19,400 and 19,634 cases, while foreign applications have been steadily increasing.

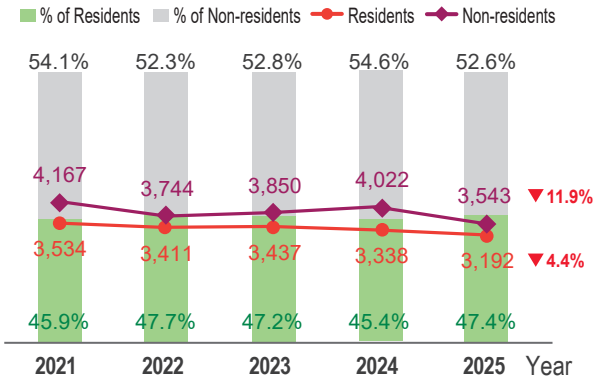
Utility Model Patent Applications



For utility model patents, 12,574 were domestic applications in 2025 (down 5.7%), while 1,426 were foreign applications (up 17.1%). Overall, domestic applications accounted for over 90% of all utility model filings of total applications.

Over the past five years, domestic applications have been declining, while foreign applications have grown each year since 2023.

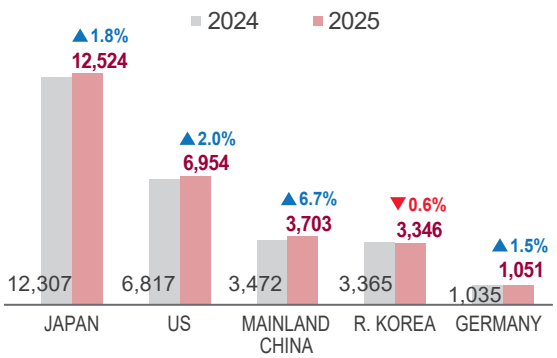
Design Patent Applications



For design patents, domestic applicants filed 3,192 applications in 2025 (down 4.4%), while foreign applicants filed 3,543 applications (down 11.9%). Overall, domestic applications accounted for approximately 47% of total applications.

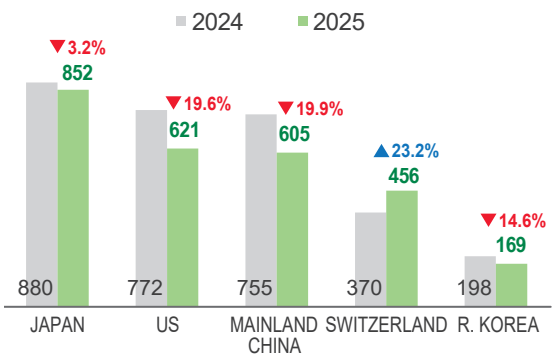
For design patents, domestic applications have been declining over the past five years, while foreign applications also reached a five-year low.

Top 5 Countries (Regions) Filing Invention Patents in Taiwan



A breakdown of the countries (regions) represented in invention patents in 2025 shows that Japan had the most with 12,524 applications, followed by the US (6,954), mainland China (3,703), R. Korea (3,346) and Germany (1,051). Applications from mainland China experienced the largest growth at 6.7%, and Japan, the US, and Germany also showed an increase by between 1.5% and 2.0%, while R. Korea experienced a decline by 0.6%.

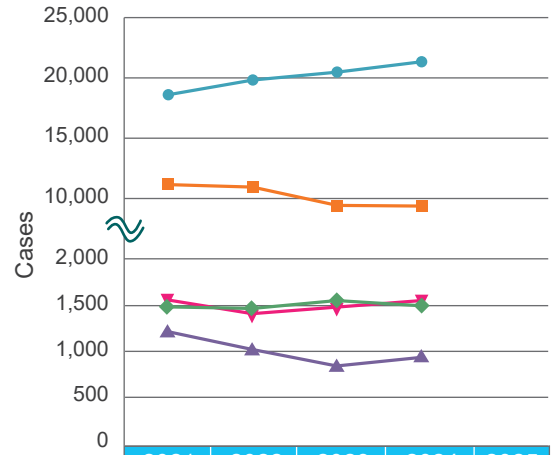
Top 5 Countries (Regions) Filing Design Patents in Taiwan



In terms of design patents, Japan topped the list with 852 applications in 2025, followed by the US (621), mainland China (605), Switzerland (456), and R. Korea (169). Switzerland had the largest growth of applications at 23.2%. In contrast, Japan showed a decline by 3.2%, and the US, mainland China, and R. Korea also decreased by between 14.6% and 19.9%.

Patent Applications Filed by Residents with IP5 and ID5

Invention Patent Applications

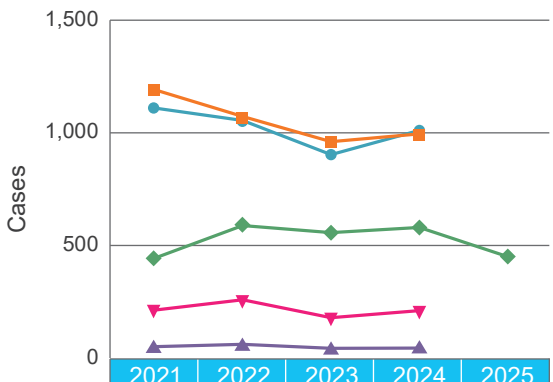


	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
USPTO	18,602	19,825	20,478	21,339	
JPO	1,563	1,412	1,483	1,556	
EPO	1,485	1,469	1,555	1,499	
MOIP	1,216	1,022	842	935	
CNIPA	11,140	10,941	9,422	9,370	

For domestic applications for invention patents filed among the five major patent agencies worldwide in 2024, USPTO received the highest number of applications (21,339), followed by CNIPA at 9,370 applications.

Note: 1. Sources: USPTO, JPO Annual Report, EPO Patent Index, MOIP Annual Report and CNIPA Annual Report.
2. On October 1, 2025, Korean Intellectual Property Office (KIPO) was elevated to the ministerial-level agency and officially renamed as the Ministry of Intellectual Property (MOIP).
3. IP5 offices have not yet released figures for 2025.

Design Patent Applications



	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
USPTO	1,111	1,055	904	1,011	
JPO	213	259	180	211	
EUIPO	443	589	557	580	451
MOIP	51	62	44	45	
CNIPA	1,192	1,073	961	996	

For domestic applications of design patents filed among the five major patent agencies worldwide in 2024, USPTO received the most (1,011), followed by CNIPA with 996 applications.

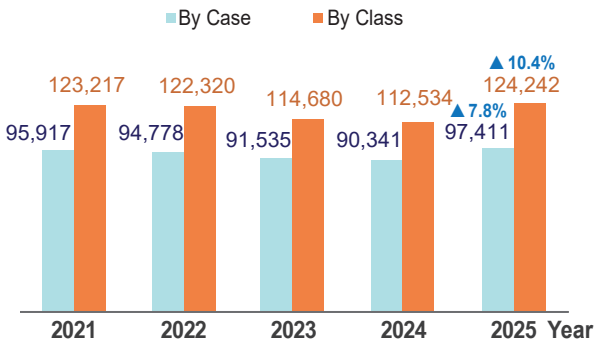
In 2025, Taiwanese nationals filed 451 design patent applications with EUIPO.

Note: 1. Sources: USPTO, JPO Annual Report, EUIPO website, MOIP Annual Report, and CNIPA Annual Report.
2. On October 1, 2025, Korean Intellectual Property Office (KIPO) was elevated to the ministerial-level agency and officially renamed as the Ministry of Intellectual Property (MOIP).
3. USPTO, JPO, MOIP and CNIPA have not yet released figures for 2025.

2.Trademark

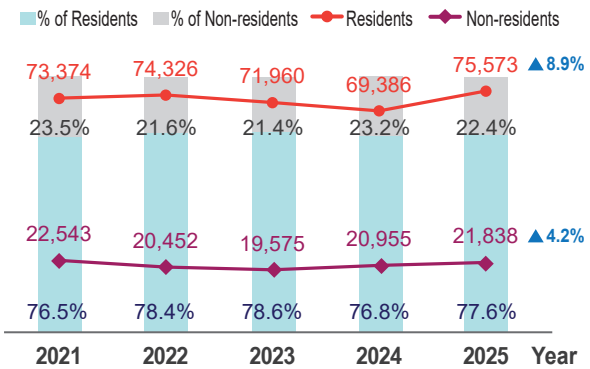
Trends in Trademark Applications

Trademark Applications by Case/Class



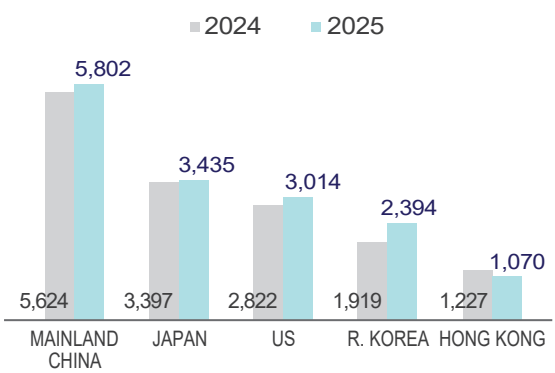
The number of trademark applications rose by 7.8% to 97,411, covering 124,242 classes (an increase of 10.4% from the previous year), both reaching all-time highs in 2025.

Trademark Applications



A breakdown of trademarks by applicant nationality shows that in 2025, domestic applications peaked at 75,573 (up 8.9%) and foreigners filed 21,838 applications (up 4.2%). Overall, domestic applications accounted for approximately 78% of total applications.

Top 5 Countries (Regions) Filing Trademark Applications in Taiwan



In 2025, the top five countries (regions) filing trademark applications in Taiwan were mainland China (5,802 cases), Japan (3,435), the US (3,014), R. Korea (2,394), and Hong Kong (1,070).

Non-traditional Trademark Applications

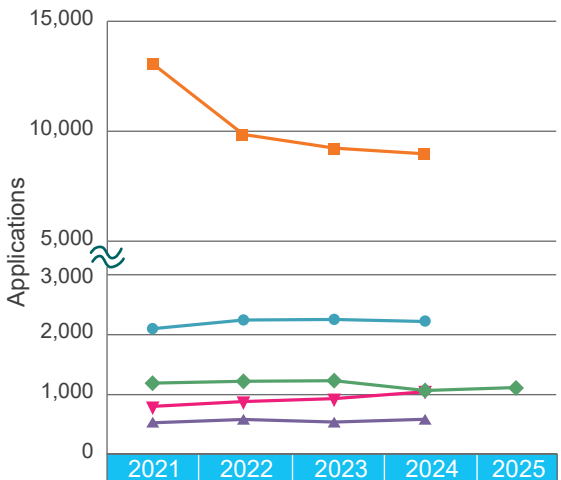
Unit: Case

Type \ Year	2023	2024	2025
3D	77	108	104
Sound	6	3	7
Color	6	8	2
Hologram	0	0	1
Motion	9	6	4
Others	8	15	2
Total	**106**	**140**	**120**

A total of 120 non-traditional trademark applications were filed in 2025, down from the previous year. Among them, 3D trademarks were the most common, with 104 applications.

Trademark Applications Filed by Residents with TM5

Trademark Applications



	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
USPTO	2,100	2,244	2,253	2,218	
JPO	803	884	932	1,048	
EUIPO	1,190	1,221	1,232	1,067	1,118
MOIP	530	584	541	588	
CNIPA	13,068	9,855	9,230	8,972	

Note: 1. Sources: USPTO Workload Tables, JPO Annual Report, EUIPO website, MOIP Annual Report, and CNIPA Annual Report.

2. The number of trademark applications filed by residents from Taiwan with JPO is shown in number of cases, while those filed with other trademark offices are shown in number of classes.

3. On October 1, 2025, Korean Intellectual Property Office (KIPO) was elevated to the ministerial-level agency and officially renamed as the Ministry of Intellectual Property (MOIP).

4. CNIPA, JPO, MOIP, and USPTO have not yet released figures for 2025.

In 2024, Taiwanese applicants filed the most trademark applications with CNIPA (8,972 classes), followed by USPTO (2,218 classes), EUIPO (1,067 classes), and JPO (1,048 cases).

In 2025, filings by Taiwanese applicants included 1,118 classes with EUIPO.

II

IPR EXAMINATIONS AND SERVICES

1. Patent Examination
2. Trademark Examination
3. Copyright Affairs

II IPR EXAMINATIONS AND SERVICES

TIPO remains committed to providing high-quality examination and services, maintaining stable examination timelines for invention patents and trademarks. It introduced the Pilot Program for Accelerated Examination of Invention Patent Applications Filed by Female Applicants. In addition, TIPO is actively working to enhance examination mechanisms for patents and trademarks, combat online piracy, and strengthen the copyright licensing market, while continuing to address the evolving needs of intellectual property stakeholders.

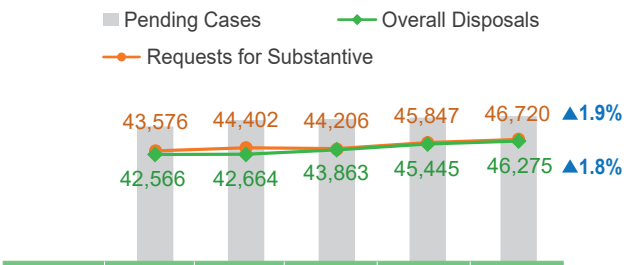
1.Patent Examination

Examination Performance

Through active implementation of various controls and online systems to facilitate examination, TIPO has maintained stable and predictable timelines for examination, with an average first office action pendency of 8.0 months and a disposal pendency for invention patents of 13.8 months in 2025.

◆ Invention Patent Examination

Invention Patent Examination Cases



Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
Pending Cases	50,285	52,007	52,326	52,712	53,124	▲0.8%

In 2025, substantive examinations (46,720) increased by 1.9% from 2024, disposals (46,275) increased by 1.8%; and pending applications (53,124) increased by 0.8%.

TIPO maintained a balanced ratio of requests and disposals for substantive examinations of invention patent applications.

Examination Outcomes of Invention Patent Applications

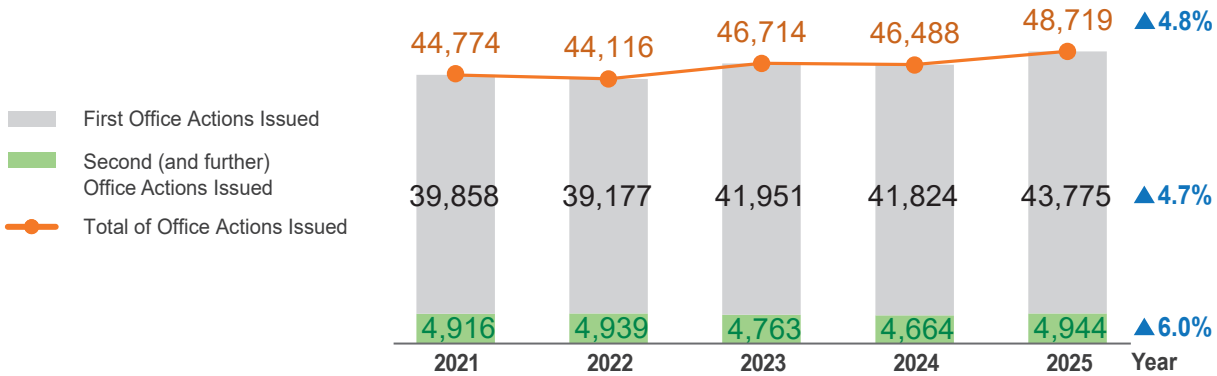
Item \ Year		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Allowance	Cases	31,833	32,622	33,821	35,485	36,364
	Percentage	74.8%	76.5%	77.1%	78.1%	78.6%
Rejection	Cases	9,945	9,250	9,284	9,095	9,161
	Percentage	23.4%	21.7%	21.2%	20.0%	19.8%
Others（including withdrawals and not accepted）	Cases	788	792	758	865	750
	Percentage	1.8%	1.8%	1.7%	1.9%	1.6%

Note: 1. Percentage is calculated by dividing the number of allowances, rejections, and others by the number of overall disposals.
2. Overall disposals include allowances, rejections, and others (including withdrawals and not accepted).

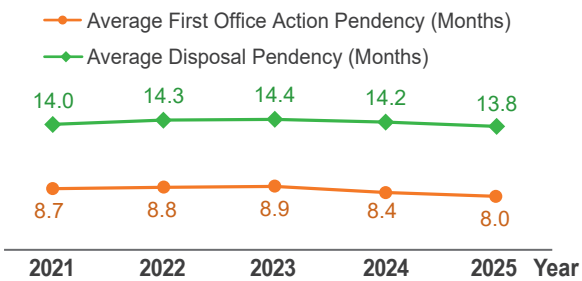
Examination outcomes in 2025 included 36,364 allowances (78.6% of overall disposals), 9,161 rejections (19.8%), and 750 others instances of other outcomes (1.6%), including withdrawals and not accepted.

Number of Office Actions for Invention Patent Examination

In 2025, office actions for invention patent applications (48,719) increased by 4.8% from 2024. Of these, 43,775 were first office actions, and 4,944 were second (and further) office actions. TIPO also issued 55 final office actions.



Pendency for Processing Examination of Invention Patent Applications



The average first office action pendency for invention patents in 2025 was 8.0 months, and the average disposal pendency was 13.8 months – both within the bounds of reasonable processing times.

Note: 1. "Average First Office Action Pendency" refers to the average time it takes to process a request for substantive examination from the time it is filed to the time of issuing a first office action.

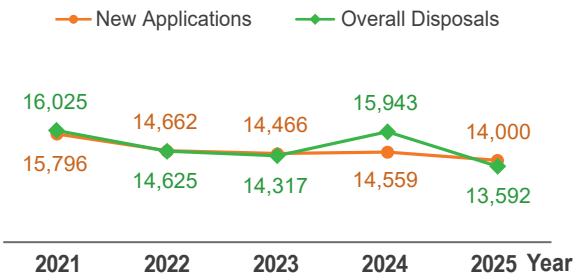
2. "Average Disposal Pendency" refers to the average time it takes to process a request for substantive examination from the time it is filed to the time a decision is issued.

3. Each figure refers to the average pendency as of the end of the indicated year.

◆ Utility Model Patent Examination

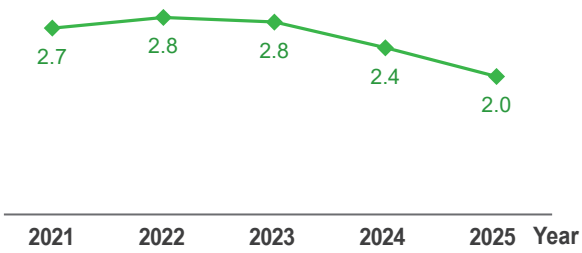
In 2025, the number of disposals of utility model patent applications stood at 13,592. The average disposal pendency for utility model patents was 2.0 months, allowing applicants to obtain utility model patents quickly.

Utility Model Patent Examination Cases



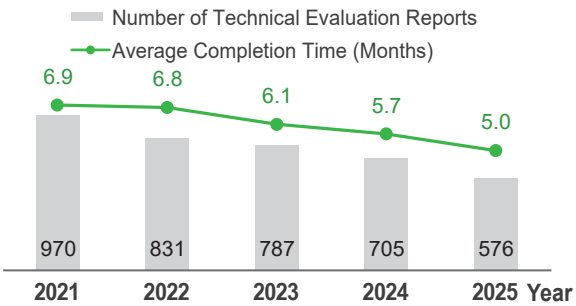
Note: Overall disposals include allowances, rejections, and others (including withdrawals and not accepted).

Average Disposal Pendency for Utility Model Patent Applications (Months)



Note: Each figure refers to the average pendency as of the end of the indicated year.

Number of Technical Evaluation Reports/ Average Completion Time



In 2025, 576 technical evaluation reports were completed for utility model patents, and the average completion time was 5.0 months.

◆ Design Patent Examination

Examination Outcomes of Design Patent Applications

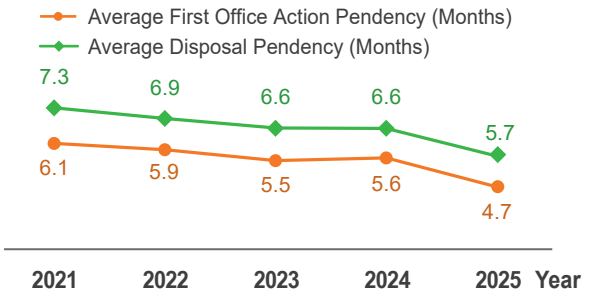
Item \ Year		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Allowance	Cases	7,304	6,564	6,268	6,609	6,572
	Percentage	86.7%	88.7%	87.5%	88.1%	87.5%
Rejection	Cases	760	582	635	583	655
	Percentage	9.0%	7.9%	8.9%	7.8%	8.7%
Others（including withdrawals and not accepted）	Cases	361	254	262	310	286
	Percentage	4.3%	3.4%	3.6%	4.1%	3.8%

Note: 1. Percentage is calculated by dividing the number of allowances, rejections, and others by the number of overall disposals.

2. Overall disposals include allowances, rejections, and others (including withdrawals and not accepted).

In 2025, the examination outcomes for design patents included 6,572 allowances (87.5% of 7,513 overall disposals), 655 rejections (8.7%), and 286 others (3.8%).

Pendency for Processing Examination of Design Patent Applications

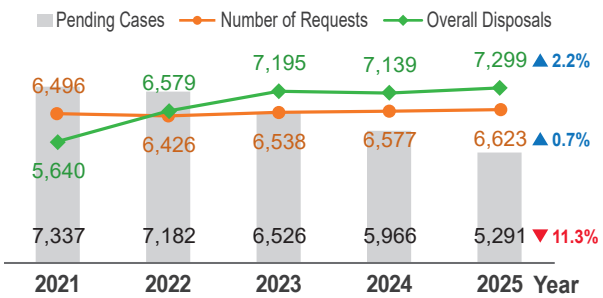


Note: Each figure in this chart is the average value for the end of each year.

The average first office action pendency for design patents in 2025 was 4.7 months, and the average disposal pendency was 5.7 months – both within the bounds of reasonable processing times.

◆ Invention Patent Reexamination

Invention Patent Reexamination Cases

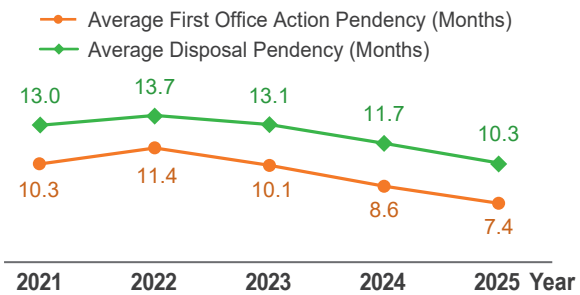


Note: "Overall Disposals" include allowances, rejections, and others (withdrawal and not accepted).

Requests for invention patent reexamination in 2023, 2024, and 2025 were 6,538, 6,577, and 6,623 respectively. Compared to 2024, reexamination requests increased by 0.7%. The numbers of reexamination disposals were 7,195, 7,139, and 7,299 within the same period, showing an increase of 2.2%.

Compared to 2024, pending reexaminations (5,291) decreased by 11.3%.

Pendency for Processing Reexamination of Invention Patent Applications

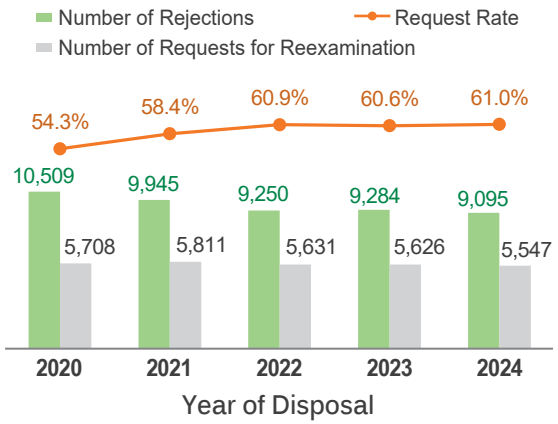


In 2025, both the average first office action pendency and disposal pendency for invention patent reexaminations remained stable at 7.4 months and 10.3 months respectively, reflecting a steady downward trend.

Note: 1. "Average First Office Action Pendency" refers to the average time it takes to process a reexamination request from the time it is filed to the time of issuing a first office action.

2. "Average Disposal Pendency" refers to the average time it takes to process a reexamination request from the time it is filed to the time of rendering a written decision.

Request Rate for Invention Patent Reexamination



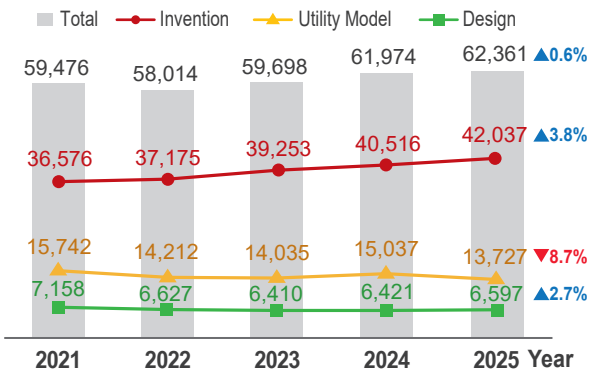
The numbers of rejections in substantive examinations for invention patents from 2022 to 2024 were 9,250, 9,284, and 9,095. Correspondingly, requests for reexaminations totaled 5,631, 5,626, and 5,547 with request rates of 60.9%, 60.6%, and 61.0%, demonstrating a stable annual trend.

Note: 1. "Request Rate" is calculated by dividing the number of requests for reexamination by the number of rejections based on the year of disposal, not the year the request was filed.

2. Applicants may request reexamination within two months after the date on which the rejection is served. As such, the latest figures may be unavailable by the publication of this report, and figures from the past year are used.

◆ Patent Grants

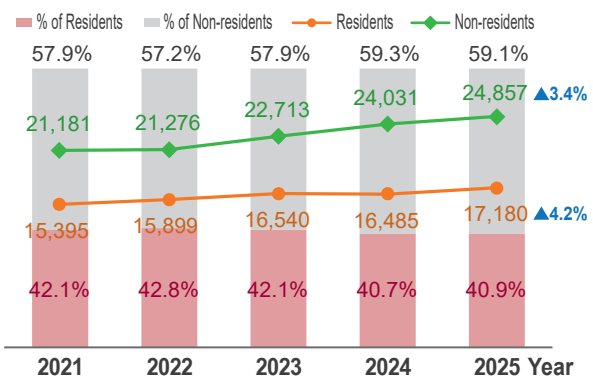
Types of Patent Grants



In 2025, a total of 62,361 patents were granted, marking a 0.6% year-over-year increase. These included 42,037 invention patents (up 3.8%), 13,727 utility model patents (down 8.7%), and 6,597 design patents (up 2.7%).

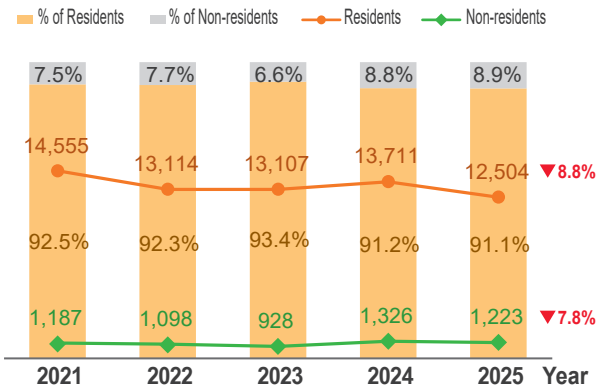
Over the past five years, invention patent grants have grown steadily. Utility model patents showed a slight increase in 2024, despite an overall declining trend. However, design patents have rebounded from previous declines.

Trends in Invention Patent Grants



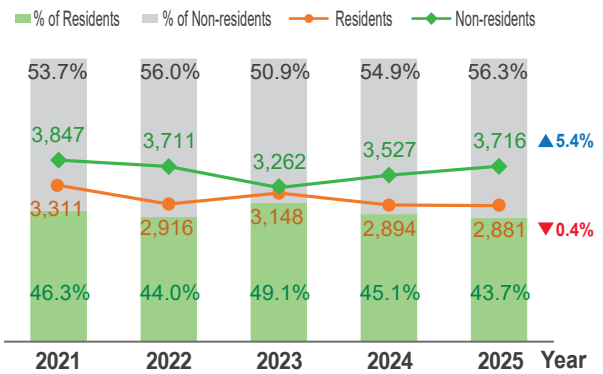
By nationality, 17,180 invention patents were granted to domestic applicants in 2025 (up 4.2%), and 24,857 were granted to foreign applicants (up 3.4%). The share between domestic and foreign applications remained roughly 40% to 60%, respectively.

Trends in Utility Model Patent Grants



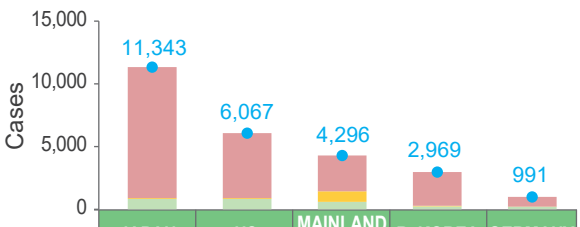
For utility model patents in 2025, 12,504 grants were issued to domestic applicants (down 8.8%), while 1,223 were granted to foreign applicants (down 7.8%). Domestic applicants accounted for approximately 91% of all utility model patent grants.

Trends in Design Patent Grants



For design patents in 2025, 2,881 grants were issued to domestic applicants, a slight decrease of 0.4%, while 3,716 were granted to foreign applicants, an increase of 5.4%. Domestic applicants accounted for around 44% of all design patent grants.

Top 5 Countries (Regions) Receiving Patent Grants from Taiwan in 2025



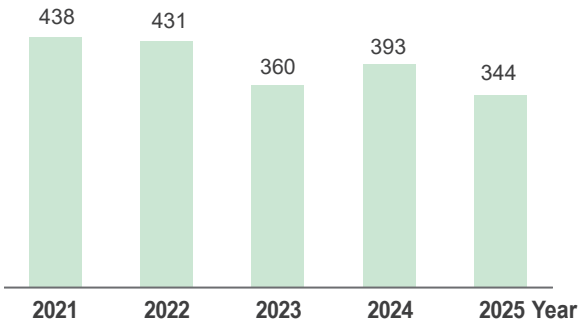
	JAPAN	US	MAINLAND CHINA	R. KOREA	GERMANY
Invention	10,455	5,171	2,857	2,683	770
Utility Model	57	76	840	48	5
Design	831	820	599	238	216
Total	11,343	6,067	4,296	2,969	991

In terms of total patents granted in Taiwan in 2025, Japan topped the list with 11,343 grants, followed by the US (6,067), and mainland China (4,296).

By patent type, Japan led in invention patents with 10,455 grants, mainland China led in utility model patents with 840, and Japan also topped design patents with 831 grants.

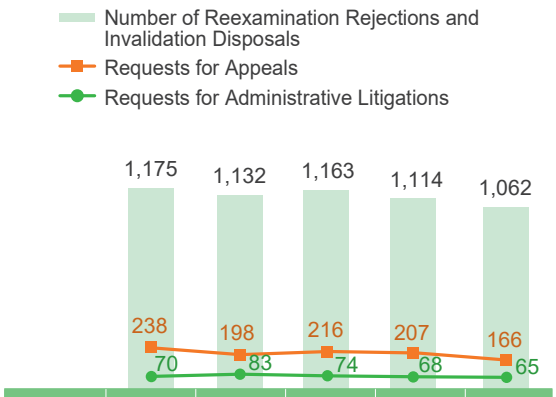
Invalidation and Administrative Remedy

Requests for Invalidation



The numbers of invalidation requests filed from 2023 to 2025 were 360, 393, and 344 respectively. Compared to 2024, the number decreased in 2025.

Requests for Administrative Remedy

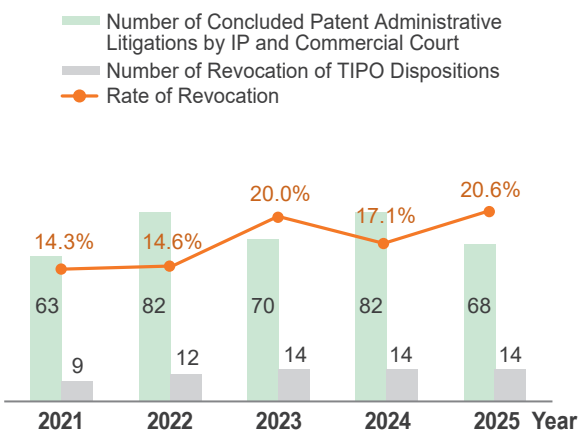


Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Rate of Revocation	2.7%	2.5%	1.2%	3.7%	4.6%

Between 2023 and 2025, there was a total of 3,339 (1,163, 1,114, and 1,062 cases, respectively) reexamination rejections and invalidation disposals. In the same period, 589 appeals (216, 207, and 166 cases, respectively) and 207 administrative litigation requests (74, 68, and 65 cases, respectively) were filed against TIPO's original dispositions.

Of the requests for appeals between 2023 and 2025, the Ministry of Economic Affairs revoked 1.2%, 3.7%, and 4.6% of TIPO's original dispositions, respectively, showing an upward trend.

Rate of Revocation of TIPO Dispositions



207 administrative litigation requests were filed in the same period (74, 68, and 65, respectively, between 2023 and 2025). The IP and Commercial Court concluded 70, 82, and 68 administrative litigation cases in those years respectively, and revoked 14, 14, and 14 TIPO dispositions — including cases where the plaintiff fully or partially prevailed.

The rate of revocation in 2025 was 20.6%, with 8 cases (11.8%) ruled in favor of the plaintiff and 6 cases (8.8%) resulting in partial judgments. Most revocations stemmed from the IP and Commercial Court's differing interpretation of TIPO's assessment of inventive step, novelty requirements, determinations regarding patent term extension, and issues related to the admissibility of new evidence under Article 70 of the Intellectual Property Case Adjudication Act.

Patent Examination in Multiple Measures

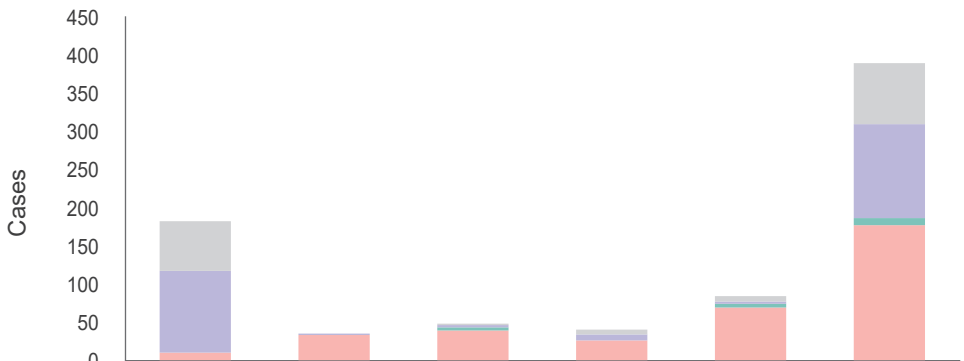
TIPO employs various measures to help applicants develop their patent portfolios. In addition to accelerating patent examinations, applicants may also choose to defer substantive examination and/or publication of approved patents, allowing for greater flexibility in their filing strategies, patent portfolio development, and/or patent commercialization timelines.

◆ Accelerated Examination Program (AEP)

A total of 389 AEP requests were filed in 2025. Of these, 177 requests were filed under Condition 1 (when the corresponding foreign application has been granted via substantive examination by a foreign patent authority), accounting for the majority of total AEP requests. Requests filed under Condition 3 (when the invention patent application is essential to commercial exploitation) ranked second, accounting for 123 requests.

The majority of requests came from domestic applicants, accounting for 182 requests, most citing Condition 3, followed by Condition 4 (related to green technology). Among foreign countries, United States led with 48 requests, followed by mainland China (40).

AEP requests by Nationality AEP



	Taiwan	Japan	United States	Mainland China	Others	Total
Condition 4	65	0	2	6	7	80
Condition 3	107	2	3	8	3	123
Condition 2	0	0	4	0	5	9
Condition 1	10	33	39	26	69	177
Subtotal	182	35	48	40	84	389

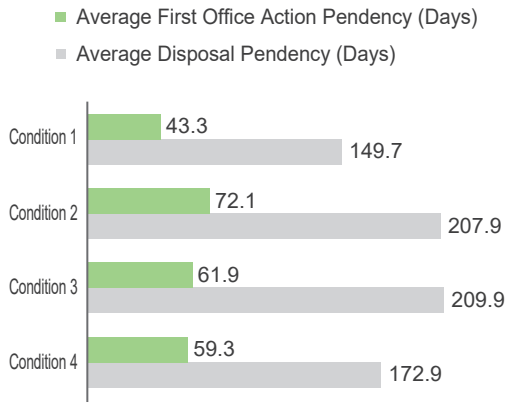
Note: Condition 1 is when the application's corresponding foreign application has been granted under substantive examination by a foreign patent authority;

Condition 2 is when the EPO, JPO or USPTO has issued an office action and a search report during substantive examination but has yet to allow the application's corresponding foreign application;

Condition 3 is when the invention patent application is essential to commercial exploitation;

Condition 4 is when the invention is related to green technology.

Pendency for Processing AEP Requests AEP



As of the end of 2025, the average first office action pendency was between 43.3 and 72.1 days, and the average disposal pendency was between 149.7 and 209.9 days.

Note: 1. "Average first office action pendency" refers to the average time from the time document requirements are met to the time a first office action is issued. The said pendency is calculated on the basis of office actions first issued or disposed in 2025.

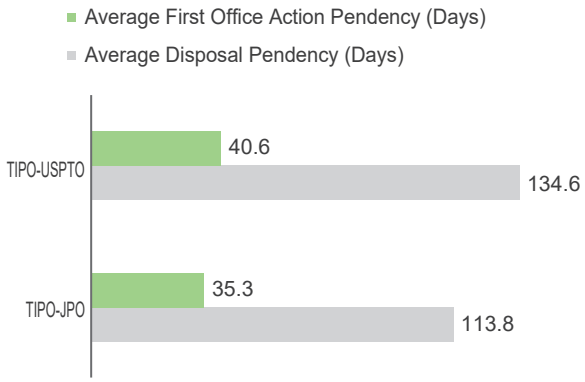
2. "Average disposal pendency" refers to the average time from the time document requirements are met to the time a final decision is issued. The said pendency is calculated based on disposals made in 2025.

◆ Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH) Program

TIPO is currently partnering with USPTO, JPO, SPTO, MOIP, PPO, CIPO, and INPI on the Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH) Program. Patents applications filed under the TIPO-USPTO (348) and TIPO-JPO (366) PPH programs accounted for the majority of total PPH applications (738) in 2025.

PPH Program	Nationality of Applicants									Total
	Taiwan	United States	Japan	Spain	Korea	Poland	Canada	France	Others	
TIPO-USPTO	20	206	7	0	46	0	10	4	55	348
TIPO-JPO	0	2	354	0	0	0	0	0	10	366
TIPO-SPTO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TIPO-MOIP	0	2	1	0	20	0	0	0	1	24
TIPO-PPO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TIPO-CIPO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TIPO-INPI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	20	210	362	0	66	0	10	4	66	738

Pendency for Processing PPH Requests PPH



As of the end of 2025, the average first office action pendency for patents filed under the TIPO-USPTO and the TIPO-JPO PPH programs was 40.6 and 35.3 days respectively, and the average disposal pendency was 134.6 and 113.8 days respectively.

Note: 1."Average first office action pendency" refers to the average time from the time document requirements are met to the time a first office action is issued. The said pendency is calculated based on office actions first issued or disposed in 2025.

2. "Average disposal pendency" refers to the average time from the time document requirements are met to the time a final decision is issued. The said pendency is calculated based on disposals made in 2025.

◆ TW-Support Using the PPH Agreement (TW-SUPA) Examination Program

The TW-Support Using the PPH Agreement (TW-SUPA) Examination Program was launched on March 1, 2012, allowing applicants to request fast-tracking for invention patent applications within six months corresponding foreign application. This program has greatly increased the efficiency by which TIPO shares examination information with its global counterparts, and enables applicants to fast-track overseas patent applications in key technologies with TIPO's examination results.

Thanks to the well-executed Patent Backlog Reduction Project, only 20 TW-SUPA requests were filed in 2025. The average first office action pendency and the average disposal pendency were 1.4 and 4.43 months respectively.

◆ Positive Patent Examination Pilot Program for Startups

To assist startups with R&D capabilities in quickly obtaining invention patents, TIPO has launched the Positive Patent Examination Pilot Program for Startups since January 2021. The program received 75 eligibility applications from a total of 53 startups in 2025. The average processing time for applications was 65.8 days.

Positive Patent Examination Pilot Program for Startups
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tipo1/799-66083.html

◆ Pilot Program for Accelerated Examination of Invention Patent Applications Filed by Female Applicants

The Pilot Program for Accelerated Examination of Invention Patent Applications Filed by Female Applicants has been implemented for a one-year trial period since July 1, 2025. Through an accelerated examination procedure, the program aims to encourage female participation in innovative inventions and provide patent protection, promoting gender equality and technological development. As of the end of 2025, a total of 9 applications had been received.

Accelerated Examination Program for Reexamination Program

To expedite invention patent reexamination cases and reduce the workload for TIPO by allowing preliminary examination opinions to carry over, the Accelerated Examination Program for Reexamination of Invention Patents (AEPRe) was launched on September 1, 2024.

In cases where the final rejection decision in substantive examination applies only to certain claims, and at least one claim remains allowable, the applicant may amend the application by deleting the rejected claims and converting the allowable dependent claims into independent claims. If the amended claims fall within the scope deemed allowable during substantive examination, the applicant may submit an AEPRe request. Under this program, a reexamination opinion or decision will be issued within six months.

As of the end of 2025, a total of 58 cases had been accepted under AEPRe, with 54 cases having received examination results. On average, it took only 22 days from submission of the AEPRe request to issuance of a reexamination opinion or decision.

Industry Collaborative Patent Interview Pilot Program

The Industry Collaborative Patent Interview Pilot Program has been implemented from January 3, 2025, and extended to December 31, 2026. The program enables patent examiners to rapidly understand the technical content of patent applications in forward-looking technologies, improving examination efficiency and quality. It also addresses applicants' needs for accelerated patent grants to support their patent portfolio strategies.

New System for Telephone Communication with External Examiners and Remote Video Interview

This program was extended starting from September 1, 2025, with more flexible procedural requirements. For remote video interviews, it is no longer necessary to capture and retain screenshots of the participants in the case file; instead, participants are only required to present identification documents for verification by the examiner.

Patent Search

The Patent Search Center (PSC) assists TIPO in conducting prior art search for patent applications. In 2025, 63 professional search personnel compiled 9,690 patent search reports, effectively enhancing the efficiency of patent examinations.

In 2025, the Patent Search Center continued to provide patent search and analysis services to promote the development and application of intellectual property across industry, government, academia, and research institutions. These services help clients enhance the value of technological research and development, manage and utilize patent resources more effectively, and support industrial innovation and competitiveness.

Deferral of Patent Examination

As factors like applicants' filing strategies, patent portfolios, and timeline for patent commercialization may differ case by case, TIPO began accepting requests for deferral of invention patent substantive examination on April 1, 2015. As of the end of 2025, TIPO accepted a total of 1,921 deferral requests.

Since July 1, 2018, TIPO has accepted requests to defer substantive examination of design patent applications. As of the end of 2025, a total of 1,146 deferral requests have been submitted.

In 2024, TIPO revised the "Operation Directions on Applying for Deferred Substantive Examination of Invention Patent and Design Patent Applications", which took effect on January 1, 2025, allowing reexamination and divisional applications to also be eligible for deferral of substantive examination. To further address stakeholder feedback, TIPO again amended the Directions in 2025, extending the maximum deferral periods. This initiative aims to support applicants in patent portfolio development and commercialization by providing greater flexibility. These revised guidelines were published on December 16, 2025, and took effect on January 1, 2026. Key revisions include:

(1) Stipulating that applicants for invention patents may apply for deferral only once, and extending the maximum period for deferring substantive examination and specifying a date for its continuation from three years to five years.
(2) Stipulating that applicants for design patents may apply for deferral only once, and extending the maximum period for deferring substantive examination and specifying a date for its continuation from one year to two years.
(3) Stipulating the grounds under which the patent authority may dismiss an application for deferral or terminate the deferral process.

Optimizing Patent Examination Quality

In addition to continuously reviewing examination cases and enhancing examiners' professional knowledge, TIPO also leverages insights from various sectors. It has published the "Collection of AI-Related Invention Cases in Taiwan", conducted the search quality survey, and launched the "Collaborative Examination Program for Reexamination of Patent Applications from the Five Trusted Industry Sectors", aiming to unify examination standards and continuously improve examination quality.

◆ Patent Examination Quality Review Mechanism

In 2025, TIPO reviewed 1,607 invention and 376 design patent applications, accounting for 3.2% and 5.2% respectively of all first office action decisions for those patent types. In addition, 671 invention patent reexamination cases and 32 technical evaluation reports were reviewed. The reviews indicated that patent examination quality was well-maintained. TIPO holds meetings for patent examination twice a year to analyze review results and identify common defects. The results serve as reference for future examiner training.

◆ Collection of AI-Related Invention Cases in Taiwan

To enhance the examination quality of AI-related invention patent applications and improve the drafting quality of patent specifications in Taiwan, TIPO developed the "Collection of AI-Related Invention Cases in Taiwan". In June 2025, experts and scholars from industry, academia, and research institutions were invited to participate in the "TIPA 2025 Workshop on AI-Related Invention Cases" to discuss and exchange views on case studies. In September 2025, a briefing and outreach seminar was further convened to broadly solicit comments and suggestions from participating experts. Based on their feedback, the collection was revised and finalized. The collection includes case studies and explanations regarding the definition of an invention, the enablement requirement, and the assessment of an inventive step.

Collaborative Examination Program for Reexamination of Patent Applications from the Five Trusted Industry Sectors

With the rapid development of emerging technologies such as artificial intelligence (AI), the volume and complexity of related patent reexamination applications have continued to increase. To enhance the quality of invention patent reexaminations, TIPO launched the "Collaborative Examination Program for Reexamination Emerging Technology Patents" on January 1, 2024.

In alignment with Taiwan's policy goals of promoting industrial R&D transformation in the Five Trusted Industry Sectors–semiconductors, AI, military, security and surveillance, and next-generation communications–TIPO has implemented the "Collaborative Examination Program for Reexamination from the Patent Applications from the Five Trusted Industry Sectors" since January 1, 2025. This program continues to ensure the consistency and accuracy of examination standards through internal cross-disciplinary collaborative search and examination mechanisms. In 2025, a total of 15 applications were processed under this program, including 5 cases in the semiconductor industry, 7 cases in the AI industry, and 1 case each in the military industry, the security and surveillance industry, and the next-generation communications industry.

Patent Search Quality Survey

To optimize the search quality of cases handled in collaboration with the Patent Search Center (PSC), TIPO randomly sampled 200 search records from PSC-collaborated cases in 2025. A questionnaire survey was conducted among the top 20 patent agencies by application volume, achieving a response rate of 78.5%. The survey revealed that 83.4% of the agencies gave a positive evaluation of TIPO's presentation of the search history, while 80.9% gave a positive evaluation of the overall search strategy. Regarding the various search deficiencies or suggestions provided by the agencies, TIPO reviewed and analyzed each case individually to serve as a reference for improving search-related measures, further enhancing the quality of its search services.

Review and Analysis of Revoked Invalidation and Reexamination Cases

Every year, TIPO reviews and analyzes invalidation and reexamination cases revoked by the Ministry of Economic Affairs and the IP and Commercial Court. Important cases are selected for study, and TIPO also conducts case study sessions on the dismissal of patent administrative litigations. These cases are incorporated into analysis reports and compiled into the Compilation of Patent Administrative Litigation Cases Studies for future reference to make quality improvements.

Training Professional Patent Examiners

In response to the rapid development of technology, TIPO is dedicated to furnishing our examiners with the requisite technological knowledge to grasp new trends in industries and technologies, resolve practical issues during the examination process, and improve examination quality.

As such, TIPO organizes basic training for new examiners and helps them transition to subsequent training in search techniques and examination skills. Additionally, TIPO also offers multi-level professional training for examiners, covering topics such as key points and applications to the patent examination guidelines and their application, patent examination case studies, and analyses of patent administrative litigation revocation cases.

Furthermore, in August 2025, TIPO organized a professional seminar for part-time patent examiners. The seminar covered topics such as prior art search practices and evaluation of invention patentability to enhance their search skills and professional examination capabilities.

TIPO also occasionally invites domestic experts to give lectures on specific industry topics such as "Strategies and Challenges of the Biomedical Translation Research Center in Promoting Taiwan's Biotech Startups," "From Patent Portfolio to Legal Battle: Practical Insights on Safeguarding Corporate Market Advantages," "The AI Boom: New Paradigms in the Tech Industrial Revolution Behind Artificial Intelligence," and "Navigating Semiconductor Innovations: Trends, IP Strategies, and Patent Challenges."

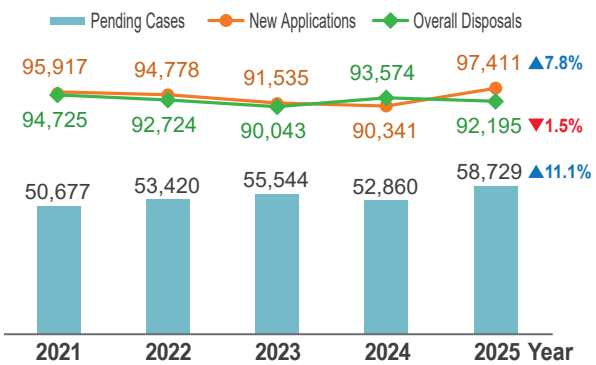
2.Trademark Examination

Examination Performance

Since 2015, the number of trademark applications by class has exceeded 100,000 annually. In 2025, trademark applications reached a record high of about 124,000 classes. To improve examination efficiency, TIPO introduced the Fast-Track Trademark Examination Program pilot in May 2020, followed by the Accelerated Examination Program in May 2024, supplemented by an online time-control system to ensure timely processing. In 2025, a total of about 117,000 classes were disposed, and the average first office action pendency was approximately 5.6 months.

◆ Status of Trademark Examinations

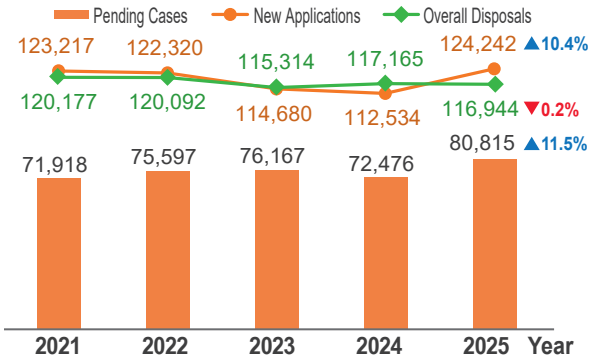
Trademark Application Examinations (by Case)



Note: "Overall Disposals" include approvals, rejections, and others. "Pending Cases" refers to pending applications as of December 31 of each year.

In 2025, TIPO received 97,411 trademark applications (by case), up by 7.8% from 2024 (90,341). A total of 92,195 cases were disposed, down by 1.5% from 2024 (93,574). The number of pending cases was 58,729, up by 11.1% from 2024 (52,860).

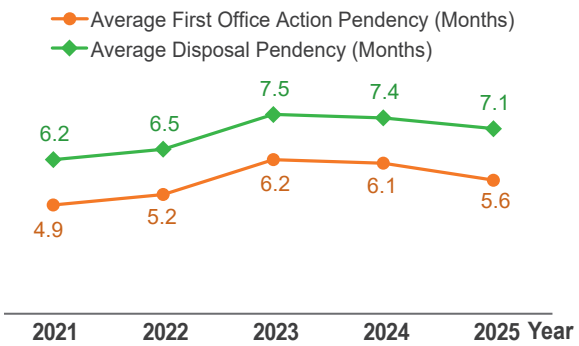
Trademark Application Examinations (by Class)



Note: "Overall Disposals" include approvals, rejections, and others. "Pending Cases" refers to pending applications as of December 31 of each year.

In 2025, TIPO received 124,242 trademark applications (by class), up by 10.4% from 2024 (112,534). A total of 116,944 classes were disposed, down by 0.2% from 2024 (117,165). There were 80,815 pending classes, up by 11.5% from 2024 (72,476).

Pendency for Processing Trademark Applications

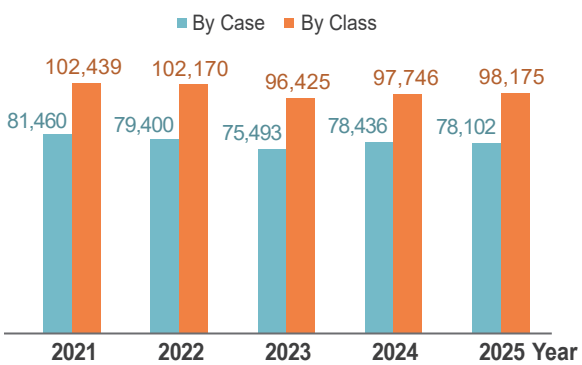


Note: "Average First Office Action Pendency" refers to the average time it takes to process an application from the time of filing to the time of issuing a first office action.

With the growing number of applications in recent years, TIPO has readjusted manpower to support and improve performance. The average first office action pendency was 5.6 months, and the average disposal pendency was 7.1 months.

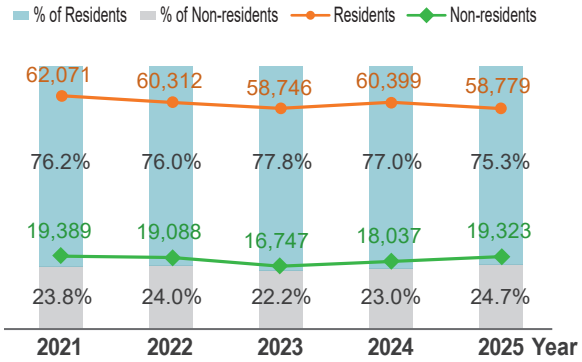
◆ Trademark Registrations

Trademark Registrations (by Case/ by Class)



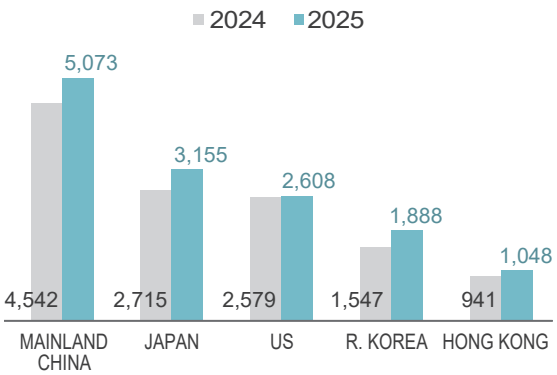
In 2025, there were 78,102 trademark registration cases, marking a decline from 2024, while covering 98,175 classes, showing an increase from 2024.

Trends in Trademark Registrations (by Case)



Of these, domestic applicants registered 58,779 trademarks in 2025, marking a decline from 2024, whereas foreign applicants registered 19,323, showing a year-over-year increase. Overall, domestic registrations accounted for approximately 75% of all trademark registrations.

Trademark Registrations of Top Five Countries (Regions) (by Case)



In 2025, the top five sources of foreign trademark registrations were mainland China (5,073 cases), followed by Japan (3,155), the US (2,608), R. Korea (1,888), and Hong Kong (1,048).

Registration of Non-traditional Trademarks

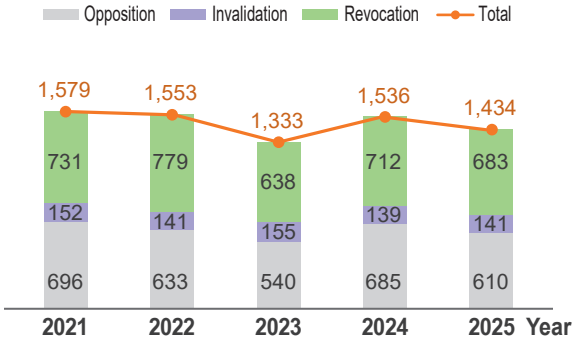
Unit: Case

Type \ Year	2023	2024	2025
3D	35	37	42
Sound	1	0	1
Color	1	0	2
Hologram	0	0	0
Motion	1	1	9
Others	4	3	8
Total	**42**	**41**	**62**

In 2025, a total of 62 non-traditional trademarks were registered, with 3D trademarks (42) being the most common.

Disputes and Administrative Remedy

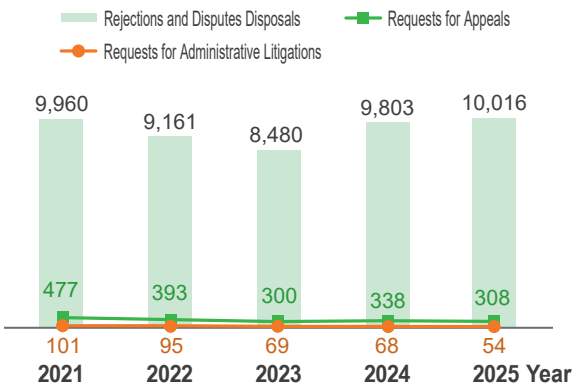
Trademark Disputes



Note: Trademark dispute requests include oppositions, invalidations, and revocations.

In 2025, 1,434 cases of trademark disputes were received, down by 102 from 2024 (1,536). These included 610 oppositions (down by 75), 141 invalidations (up by 2), and 683 revocations (down by 29).

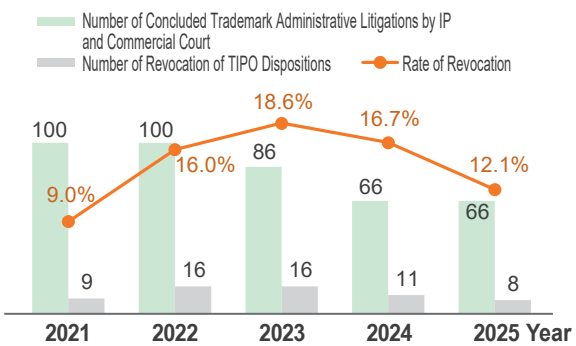
Requests for Administrative Remedy



In 2025, TIPO issued 10,016 decisions on trademark rejections and disputes. Of these, 308 decisions were appealed to the Ministry of Economic Affairs, representing an appeal rate of 3.07%, down slightly by 0.38% from 2024 (3.45%).

The number of administrative litigation cases filed with the IP and Commercial Court was 54, down by 14 from 2024 (68).

Rate of Revocation of TIPO Dispositions



In 2025, the IP and Commercial Court concluded 66 administrative litigation cases. Among these, 8 resulted in revocation of TIPO's original decisions – including full and partial victories for plaintiffs – yielding a revocation rate of 12.1%, down by 4.6% from 2024.

Trademark Examination in Multiple Measures

◆ Trademark Accelerated Examination

Accelerated examination for trademark registration applications was introduced on May 1, 2024. In 2025, 177 applications were received. For applications meeting the eligibility criteria, the average pendency from acceptance to issuance of the first office action was within one month. This mechanism supported industries in building their trademark portfolios and further enhanced the overall effectiveness of examination.

◆ Trademark Fast-track Examination

In 2025, 72.2% of trademark applications qualified for fast-track examination, significantly reducing the time for formality amendments. The average pendency to first office action for fast-track applications was 2.01 months shorter than that for regular cases, which was mutually beneficial for both applicants and TIPO.

Optimizing Trademark Examination Quality

TIPO spares no effort in pushing for the following measures to increase the number of trademark disposals and improve examination quality:

◆ Trademark Examination Quality Review Mechanism

In 2025, TIPO increased the percentage of pre-disposal sampling, reviewing 5,675 cases (6.2% of all cases). Substantive deficiencies were found in 1.6% of reviewed cases. Issues involving examination principles were communicated through examination workshops and incorporated into training programs to build consensus on examinations standards. Relevant cases were also compiled as references for future updates to the examination guidelines.

◆ Proposing Disputable Questions regarding Trademark Examination

To expedite the clarification of ambiguities regarding individual trademark examination cases, TIPO implemented the Measure of Proposing Disputable Questions regarding Trademark Examination, which facilitates faster case clarification and flexible discussion for similar cases in the future.

◆ Trademark Examination Workshops

To enhance examination consistency and strengthen the professional competencies of trademark examiners, TIPO organized three trademark examination workshops in 2025. Key topics included findings from quality review sampling of trademark registration applications; highlights of the revised Nice Classification of goods and services; the review and analysis of revoked dispositions in rejected and dispute cases; and examination principles for trademarks containing the term "fresh milk" or green terms in the reproductions.

In addition, participants were provided with information on the Analysis of Issues Related to Company Supervisors, practical experiences sharing on accelerated examinations, and the updated Trademark Search System available on TIPO's website. These efforts aimed to further improve the quality and consistency of trademark examinations.

◆ Review and Analysis of Revoked Dispositions

In response to dispositions of dispute and rejection cases revoked by the Ministry of Economic Affairs and the IP and Commercial Court in 2024, TIPO reviewed and analyzed each instance in accordance with the grounds of revocation to implement relevant internal training.

◆ Training Professional Trademark Examiners

To enhance expertise in technology transfer and licensing, TIPO invited domestic experts to deliver keynote speeches. The topics covered practical experiences in IPR protection, patent portfolios, and branding strategies, as well as technology transfer practices from R&D to commercialization.

In response to the emphasis on concepts of "green" and "sustainability," as well as the issue of greenwashing, TIPO organized an English study group this year to collect and analyze the recent examination trends in trademark registration applications in the US and EU that contain green terms such as "ECO," "GREEN," and "SUSTAINABLE" in their reproductions. This effort aimed to have a better grasp of the evolving trends of international examination practices.

Outstanding Patent and Trademark Examiner Award Ceremony

3.Copyright Affairs

In 2025, TIPO held an exchange meeting to gather the opinions of domestic rights holders on issues related to generative AI and copyright, and continued to strengthen measures to curb online piracy. TIPO also reviewed royalty rates for collective management, such as the blanket license royalty rates for broadcasting on satellite television (TV) stations and public transmission submitted by the Taiwan Music Collective Management Association (TMCA) and Asia-Pacific Music Collective Management Association (ACMA). In addition, TIPO optimized the online music search platform, promoted its use to the public, and worked on improving the copyright licensing market.

Collective Management Organization Affairs

◆ Royalty Rate Review

TIPO conducted twelves royalty rate reviews in 2025, two of which have been completed, nine of which are still under review, and one was withdrawn by the applicant.

◆ Optimizing the Online Music Search Platform

The online music search platform allows the public to search for song-related information. TIPO completed the update, correction, and integration of works managed by CMOs, and gather their suggestions for platform functionality. Additionally, TIPO organized briefing sessions for broadcasters, television stations, and other operators to enhance the willingness of users and CMOs to utilize the platform.

◆ Improving the Management Framework for CMOs

TIPO continued to commission professional accountants to audit the financial status of five domestic music and sound recording CMOs for fiscal year 2024, providing improvement suggestions to assist them in enhancing their licensing operations and financial management capabilities. To further strengthen the security and management of personal data among CMOs, TIPO provided the "Instructions for Completing the Self-Assessment Checklist for the Copyright Collective Management Organization's Personal Data Safety Maintenance" on May 14 for their reference. TIPO selected the Recording Copyright and Publications Administrative Society of Chinese Taipei (RPAT) to conduct an administrative inspection on personal data to strengthen CMOs' capabilities of personal data security and management.

Cracking Down on Online Piracy

To curb online piracy, TIPO continued to track the progress of the "Follow the Money" voluntary agreement between rights holders and advertising agencies. In 2025, the Taiwan Intellectual Property Alliance (TIPA) provided six batches of infringing website lists, with advertising agencies cooperating by refraining from placing advertisements on these infringing websites.

Processing of Copyright Requests

In 2025, TIPO processed four applications regarding the authorization to exploit orphan works. These included one partial revocation (involving one musical work), one rejection (involving two musical works), one approval (involving one audiovisual work), and one withdrawal by the applicant (involving two musical works).

IP Affairs Seminars and Meetings

◆ Rights Holder Exchange Meeting on Generative AI Training and Copyright Issues

On April 14, TIPO held the Rights Holder Exchange Meeting on Generative AI Training and Copyright Issues. Participants included rights holder groups from the music, audiovisual, and publishing industries, as well as experts, scholars, and representatives from government agencies such as the Ministry of Digital Affairs and the National Institutes of Applied Research. The meeting aimed to facilitate discussions and continuously gather rights holders' opinions on generative AI and copyright issues.

Copyright Training for TIPO Staff

TIPO organized six professional training workshops for its staff, covering copyright laws and practices, information-sharing on domestic and international copyright and CMO systems, and English reading groups.

III IPR LEGAL REGIME

1. Patent Laws and Regulations
2. Trademark Laws and Regulations
3. Copyright Laws and Regulations

III IPR LEGAL REGIME

To strengthen the intellectual property protection system, TIPO advanced amendments to the design patent regime in 2025 in response to developments in digital technologies. These efforts aim to enhance design patent protection and refine relevant subordinate regulations and examination guidelines for both patents and trademarks.

1.Patent Laws and Regulations

Draft Amendments to the Patent Act

Keeping pace with the impact of digital technology and global trends in strengthening design protection, TIPO proposed a draft amendment to the Patent Act and submitted it to the Executive Yuan for review on June 24, 2025. The key revisions are as follows:

(1) Specifying computer icons and Graphical User Interfaces (GUIs) as independent subjects eligible for design patent protection.

(2) Introducing an application system for filing two or more similar designs under a single application.

(3) Extending the grace period for design patents from the current 6 months to 12 months.

(4) Allowing divisional applications for design patents within three months after the application approval decision is delivered.

(5) Expanding the scope of ownership disputes eligible for requesting a change in the name of the rights holder.

2.Trademark Laws and Regulations

Examination Guidelines on Non-Traditional Trademarks

To align with the amendments to the Trademark Act, the revised Examination Guidelines on Non-Traditional Trademarks were promulgated on July 23 and took effect on August 1, 2025. Key revisions clarified the treatment of functional elements in trademark reproductions; specifically, the guidelines stipulate that such elements must be represented in dotted lines. Where representation in dotted lines is not feasible, these elements must be disclaimed as not forming part of the trademark to ensure registrability.

Examination Guidelines on Procedural Examination of Applications for Trademark Registration

To align with the amendments to the Trademark Act and its Enforcement Rules, the revised Examination Guidelines on Procedural Examination of Applications for Trademark Registration were promulgated on November 24 and took effect on December 1, 2025. Key revisions included expanding the scope of eligible trademark applicants to include partnerships, legally established groups without juridical personality, and businesses registered under the Business Registration Act, as well as clarifying procedural regulations regarding applicants' signature requirements.

Fee-charging Standards of Trademark

The revised Fee-charging Standards of Trademark were promulgated on June 18, 2025. In alignment with the Trademark Act to promote the Trademark Professional Capability Certification Examination, Articles 7-1 and 8 were added to stipulate the legal basis for collecting examination registration fees and the effective date of this amendment. Registration fees are calculated on a "per person, per subject" basis according to the examination format for each subject: NT$1,200 for a written examination and NT$2,000 for a computer-based examination.

Guidelines and Illustrative Examples for Counting Goods and Specific Retail Services

To keep pace with emerging commercial trends and address counting ambiguities arising from the rise of digital goods verified by non-fungible tokens (NFTs) and virtual products in the metaverse, TIPO amended and promulgated the Guidelines and Illustrative Examples for Counting Goods and Specific Retail Services on November 4, 2025. The updated guidelines now classify multifunctional software as a single item to prevent double counting and streamline the examination process. Additionally, for goods verified by NFTs versus those without NFT verification, the specific retail and wholesale services must be counted separately due to differences in their nature and transaction structure. Furthermore, the amendments clarify how the terms "retail," "wholesale," and "retail and wholesale" should be interpreted, establishing uniform counting standards to minimize application disputes.

3.Copyright Laws and Regulations

Regulations of Copyright Dispute Mediation

To meet the practical needs of copyright dispute mediation and facilitate the one-time resolution of copyright disputes, partial amendments to the Regulations of Copyright Dispute Mediation were promulgated on May 22, 2025. Key revisions include new provisions stipulating that the specialized agency in charge of copyright matters must notify the applicant to rectify regarding the application for mediation, the grounds for dismissing the application, the participation of third parties with a legal interest in the mediation, and the continuation of mediation proceedings.

IV DIGITAL AND ACCESSIBLE SERVICES

1. Public Services
2. Digitalizing Examinations
3. Net-Zero Emissions IP Information
4. Key IP Information

IV DIGITAL AND ACCESSIBLE SERVICES

To enhance the quality of online services, TIPO redesigned its bilingual global website, enhanced e-filing member services, the online application system for utility model patents, and the online service for changing applicants' process agents in 2025. Additionally, TIPO promoted the development of an image-based search function for domestic design patents, expanded online examination functions for patents and trademarks, and optimized the patent information search system. Furthermore, important cases and information concerning patents, trademarks, and trade secrets were compiled and made available for reference and utilization by various sectors.

1.Public Services

Optimize Digital Services

◆ Launch of Updated Bilingual Global Website

In 2025, TIPO redesigned its official website with an intuitive interface that enables users to quickly navigate to its four major business sections. A new Trade Secrets section was also established to consolidate all relevant information on a single platform, providing enterprises and business associations with more convenient access. In addition, a Highlights section was introduced to keep the public informed of policy measures and implementation achievements in a timely manner. Popular services are also displayed on the homepage, allowing users to quickly access frequently used resources and improving overall browsing efficiency and user experience.

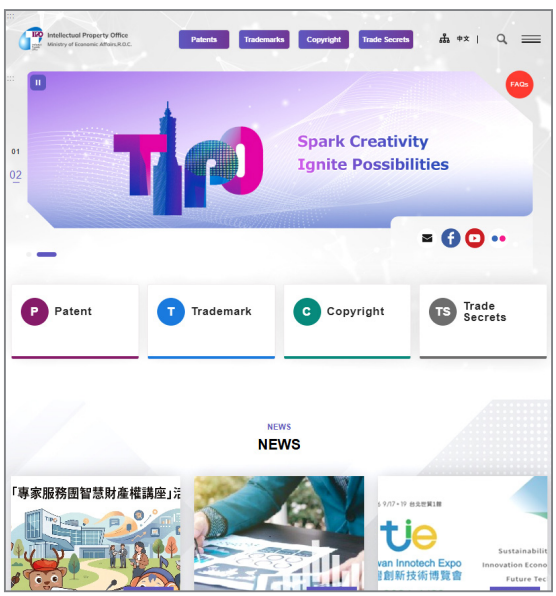


Illustration of Updated Bilingual Global Website

◆ Enhanced e-Filing Member Services

To enhance the quality and convenience of electronic application services, TIPO updated the functions of the TIPONet portal in 2025. Key updates include the introduction of a Q&A feature for application method recommendation to help users quickly select the most suitable application pathway; the incorporation of step-by-step guidance during the registration process to improve the efficiency of application procedures; and the simplification of the process of modifying member information, along with strengthened operational prompts enabling users to manage their data and prepare applications more efficiently.

Illustration of the Optimization of Electronic Application System

◆ Upgrades to Patent Online Application Service

TIPO upgraded the functions of the Patent Online Application System in March 2025 and January 2026, respectively. Through the use of a web browser-based guided interface, users are able to prepare design patent specifications and complete the online filing of invention and utility model patent applications, effectively enhancing the convenience and efficiency of applications.

◆ Expansion of Online Self-Service Processing Functions for Applicants

In December 2025, TIPO expanded the range of items that applicants may modify independently online. These modifications include adding, changing, or removing a process agent for patent documents. This enhancement further improves the efficiency and convenience of processing patent and trademark applications.

◆ Launch of Patent Publication Information Search API

In March 2025, TIPO launched the patent publication information search API, enabling the public to retrieve published patent data in batches via API integration, improving the efficiency of data access. As of the end of 2025, cumulative retrievals reached 41,051 for case information and 33,383 for correspondence records.

◆ Launch of Image-Based Search Service for Domestic Design Patents

The IPKM platform introduced an image-based search service for domestic design patents, covering design patent publications since 2013. This service incorporates image recognition and similarity search technologies, enabling users to upload images for automatic detection and comparison of design features. A cropping tool is also available to support more precise searches of specific parts, addressing the limitations of text-based queries. In addition, search results can be further filtered using multiple criteria, including the Locarno Classification (LOC), allowing users to efficiently access relevant case information.

Illustration of the Image-Based Search Service for Domestic Design Patents

The Image-Based Search Service for Domestic Design Patents
https://cloud.tipo.gov.tw/S400/patent/search/image

e-Services

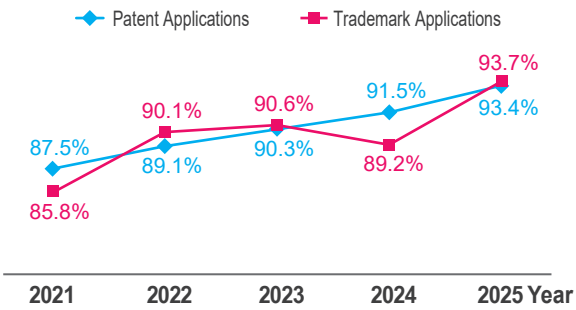
◆ Online Filing

Electronic patent and trademark applications offer round-the-clock (24/7) online services, eliminating the need for printing and mailing paper copies. Furthermore, filing new applications through the electronic application system qualifies for reduced fees, effectively saving time and costs for applicants.

In 2025, Lee and Li Attorneys-at-Law ranked first among attorney offices filing online patent applications (14.50%), followed by Jianq Chyun Intellectual Property Office (8.54%) and TSAI, LEE & CHEN Patent Attorneys & Attorneys at Law (8.11%). For trademarks, Saint Island International Patent & Law Offices (10.09%) ranked first, followed by Tai E International Patent & Law Office (7.42%) and Lee and Li Attorneys-at-Law (6.30%).

The proportion of patents and trademarks filed online in 2025 – representing 93.4% and 93.7% respectively of all applications.

Proportion of Patent and Trademark Filed Online



Note: The percentage is calculated by dividing the number of online applications by the overall number of paper and online applications and is based on new applications only.

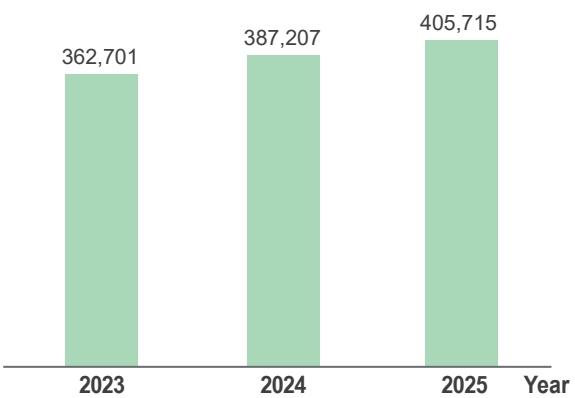
TIPONet Portal
https://tiponet.tipo.gov.tw/

e-Receipt

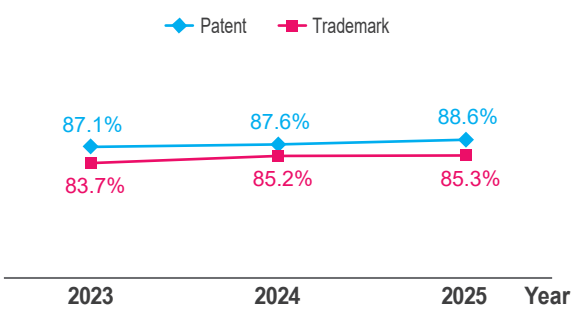
In response to digital transformation and sustainable development, TIPO completed system enhancements in 2025 to enable the comprehensive issuance of e-receipts for fee payments to improve public services. The service has been available to the public since January 6, 2026.

The number of e-receipts issued grew to 405,715 in 2025, collectively representing 88.6% of all patent receipts issued and 85.3% of trademark receipts issued. E-receipts are an easy method for users to request and download receipts online in lieu of paper receipts, which require additional delivery time.

Usage of e-Receipts



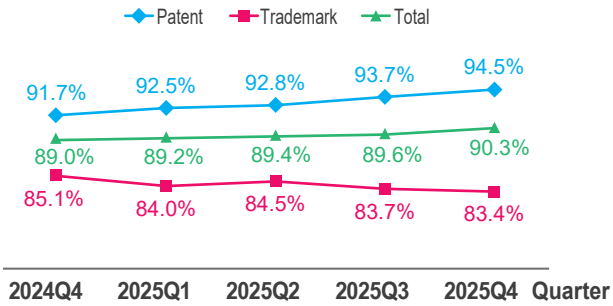
Percentage of e-Receipts Issued



Note: 1. Statistics is based on online payment cases.
2. The percentage is calculated by dividing the number of e-receipts issued by the total number of receipts issued.

Online Delivery

Percentage of Online Deliveries



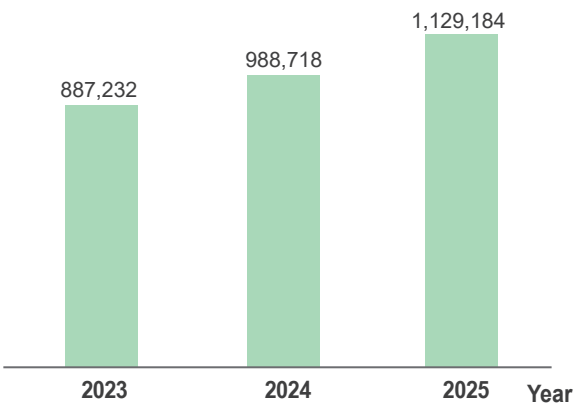
Note: The percentage is calculated by dividing the number of actual online deliveries by the number of documents fit for online delivery.

As for online delivery of patent and trademark documents, this year TIPO delivered a total of 566,437 documents electronically – an increase of 2.6% from 2024. In Q4 2025, the percentage of documents issued via online delivery reached 90.3%.

TIPO's online service for electronic document delivery is available 24/7, allowing users to immediately regain access to lost documents and flexibly reuse electronic files, thereby facilitating easier preservation and retrieval.

Rights Inquiry

Cumulative Numbers of e-Certificates Issued

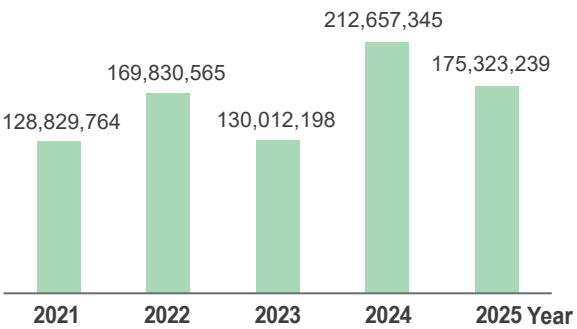


As of the end of 2025, the cumulative number of e-certificates issued by TIPO exceeded 1.12 million, allowing the public to check online the status of their rights, as well as verify the authenticity of patent and trademark certificates.

New Inquiry System for Patent and Trademark Rights and Certificates
https://cloud.tipo.gov.tw/S220/cert/

Open Data

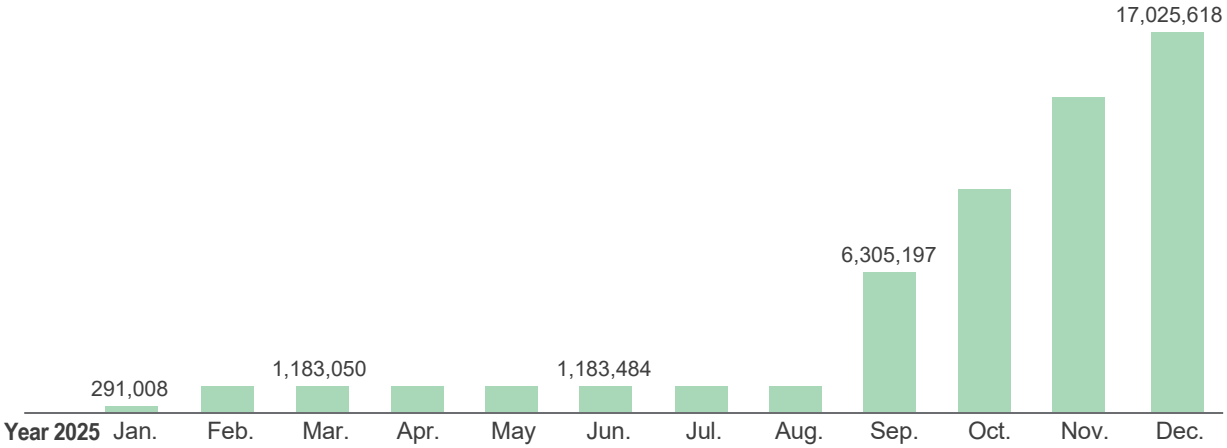
Number of Downloads from the Patent Gazette and Trademark Official Gazette Datasets



To facilitate utilization and analysis of industry data, TIPO has made both datasets for the *Patent Gazette and Trademark Official Gazette* available online for download since 2013. As of the end of 2025, the number of patents, published invention patent applications, and trademark registrations made available online has reached 2.42 million. About 68,000 people downloaded over 170 million files from the site in 2025.

TIPO officially opened up its datasets for the *Patent Gazette and Patent Application Publication Gazette* (texts and images) published prior to 2013. The data has been officially made available for the public download since September 2019. 159 people downloaded over 17 million files in 2025.

Accumulated Downloads from the Patent Gazette and Patent Application Publication Gazette Datasets in 2025



Patent and Trademark Open Data Downloads Website
https://cloud.tipo.gov.tw/S220/opdata

Additional Information on Patent and Trademark Applications

◆ International Classification for Industrial Designs

To align with the 15th edition of the International Classification for Industrial Designs administered by WIPO in 2025, TIPO also implemented the revised edition in the same year. Key updates include adding new categories for lighting fixtures and personal grooming products, as well as more detailed classification for graphic designs and virtual reality (VR) products to reflect the needs of emerging industries and current design trends.

◆ International Patent Classification

Starting from January 2, 2025, invention and utility model patent applications were classified according to the 2025.01 version of the International Patent Classification (IPC). Additionally, the *Patent Gazette* started incorporating the 2025.01 version of the IPC from March 11, 2025, and the *Patent Application Publication Gazette* did so from April 16, 2025.

◆ Nice Classification of Goods and Services

To align with the International (Nice) Classification of Goods and Services (NCL12-2025), TIPO published the Taiwan-Japan Concordance of Similar Group Codes (corresponding to NCL12-2025), the Taiwan-Korea Concordance of Similar Group Codes (corresponding to NCL12-2025) in March 2025, and the Cross-Strait Concordance of Similar Group Codes (corresponding to NCL12-2025) in October 2025. These concordance tables are available on TIPO's website to Taiwan residents, as well as applicants from Japan, Korea, and mainland China.

2.Digitalizing Examinations

Patent Examination Digitization

TIPO remains committed to leveraging the latest information technology to build a digitized patent examination environment. This includes the phased implementation of online examination mechanisms for patent corrections and gazette management. Additionally, TIPO expanded the text mining within the Global Patent Information Retrieval System and the image-based search service for domestic design patents to continuously optimize the current examination environment.

Since October 2025, online examination has been fully implemented for patent correction cases. Examiners can now access case files, supplementary documents, and responses in real-time, reducing paper consumption and wait times for physical file retrieval, and enhancing operational efficiency and processing timeliness. Furthermore, the online patent gazette management system underwent a technical architecture upgrade and functional optimization, which was officially launched in November 2025 to improve user-friendliness and streamline workflows.

To enhance examiners' search efficiency, TIPO integrated a text mining feature into the Global Patent Information Retrieval System. By employing semantic analysis technology, examiners can search for similar patent documents by inputting text segments, overcoming the limitations of traditional keyword searches and improving the efficiency and comprehensiveness of locating prior art citations. Additionally, the newly added image-based search function for domestic design patents allows examiners to perform image similarity comparisons by entering application numbers or uploading image files, strengthening the completeness and accuracy of prior art comparisons for design patents.

Trademark Examination Digitization

Regarding trademark examination, TIPO implemented an online examination mechanism for trademark rights management in phases; and enhanced the recommendation function for goods and service names by adding cross-class recommendations and hidden code display. These enhancements have further optimized operations to create a fully digitized trademark examination environment.

Online examination for trademark renewals, assignments, and changes to registration was officially launched in September 2025. This system integrates existing digital functions, including filing, drafting, document dispatch, service of documents, and records management, significantly streamlining paper-based procedures. Meanwhile, the examination interface incorporates vital information such as processing deadlines, dispute case annotations, and related cases, strengthening case management, enhancing examination quality, and reducing processing times.

Furthermore, TIPO enhanced the recommendation function for goods and service names by adding cross-class recommendations and hidden code display, which were officially launched in November 2025. These features further assist examiners in more efficiently comparing and determining the appropriate names of trademark goods and services, enhancing the efficiency and consistency of examination operations.

Electronic Exchange of Patent and Trademark Case Files

Since March 2025, TIPO and the Intellectual Property and Commercial Court have officially implemented a "dual-track mechanism for electronic and paper dossiers" for litigation case file retrieval. This mechanism enables case officers to retrieve and exchange case files electronically, which significantly reduces data transmission and processing times and makes litigation procedures timelier and more efficient. As of the end of 2025, electronic case files for 181 patent litigation cases and 100 trademark litigation cases had been uploaded and integrated into the Judicial Yuan's Case Inquiry Platform for court access and utilization.

3.Net-Zero Emissions IP Information

GPSS Green Technology Section

The Green Technology Section of the Global Patent Search System (GPSS) was established to accelerate the research and development of green technology in domestic industries and facilitate their patent portfolios. This section organizes green technology topics into six categories based on the WIPO IPC Green Inventory, including "Alternative Energy Production," "Transportation," "Energy Conservation," "Waste Management," "Agriculture / Forestry," and "Administrative, Regulatory, or Design Aspects." The search interface allows users to search for patents with one simple click, enabling domestic stakeholders to conduct patent searches more efficiently and further support their research and development of green technologies.

GPSS Green Technology Section

Global Patent Search System
https://tiponet.tipo.gov.tw/gpss/

Green Energy Supply IP Information

◆Patent Technology Trend Analysis of Smart Grids, Energy Storage, and System Integration

Amid the global trend toward 2050 net-zero emissions, smart grids integrated with energy storage systems have emerged as a pivotal technology for achieving the net-zero energy transition. In response to the increasing demand for grid regulation arising from the energy transition, these technologies can not only enhance the stability of the national power grid but also serve as a key driver of domestic technological innovation and industrial competitiveness.

TIPO invited artificial intelligence (AI) experts to participate in discussions on the application of AI in the integration of energy storage systems and power grids. For the patent portfolio trend analysis, a comprehensive dataset of global foresight technology patents related to smart grids and energy storage integration was compiled, covering approximately 29,000 patent families published before 2024. From this dataset, 20 core technology patents were rigorously selected for in-depth analysis. The final report presents statistical charts illustrating the technological development and patent portfolio trends in this field. It also provides conclusions and implications for reference by domestic stakeholders.

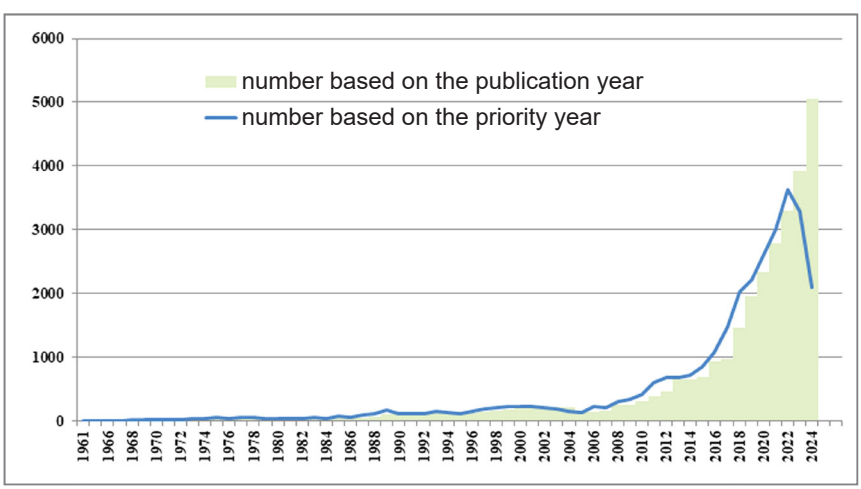
Discussion among AI Experts on the Application of Artificial Intelligence in the Integration of Energy Storage Systems and Power Grids

Patent Technology Trend Analysis of Smart Grids, Energy Storage, and System Integration
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tipo1/106-66161.html

◆ Next-Generation Batteries: Patent Technology Trend Analysis of Solid-State Batteries

Lithium battery technologies are related to renewable energy development, energy storage systems, and the decarbonization of transportation, making it a cornerstone of the modern economy. Among these technologies, solid-state electrolytes are the key components of solid-state batteries (SSBs). They are widely regarded by industry as a promising technology due to their potential to significantly improve energy density, safety, and charging performance.

To assist enterprises in understanding global patent portfolios and seizing green business opportunities arising from net-zero carbon emission initiatives, TIPO has compiled the report "Next-Generation Batteries: Patent Technology Trend Analysis of Solid-State Batteries." Utilizing the Derwent Innovation patent database, the report analyzes global patent trends up to 2024 in two major technological fields: "Solid-State Battery Electrolytes" and "Solid-State Battery Electrodes." Combined with relevant case studies, the report serves as a comprehensive reference for stakeholders across various sectors.



Analysis of Annual Patent Filing Trends in Solid-State Batteries

Next-Generation Batteries: Patent Technology Trend Analysis of Solid-State Batteries
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tipo1/106-66160.html

Sustainable Development of the Semiconductor Industry

Over the past 20 years, patent applications for wastewater treatment and water reclamation technologies have grown significantly worldwide, reflecting corporations' growing emphasis on sustainable development and ESG-related issues. As Taiwan is a major global producer of semiconductor-related components, the government published two research reports in 2025: "Patent Trends in Wastewater Treatment and Reclamation Technologies for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment" and "Analysis of Key Technologies and Patent Portfolios for Waste Treatment in the Global Semiconductor Industry." These reports provide insights into green technology development and serve as references to support and accelerate the green transition of the semiconductor industry.

Green Trademarks and Green Marks

◆ Analysis of Taiwan's Green Trademark Industry

The 2025 Analysis of Taiwan's Green Trademarks Industry highlights the alignment between green trademark portfolios and corporate ESG objectives. TIPO conducted an in-depth analysis of trademark data in Taiwan from 2015 to 2024, based on the classification of nine groups of green industries defined by the European Union (EU). In total, 880,000 trademark applications and more than 30 million names of goods and services were examined. Through this report, TIPO categorized about 900 types of green goods and services and 370 green-related terms, providing a clear overview of green industry development trends in Taiwan. The report also serves as a reference for enterprises to review their internal strategies for green trademark applications. Given the growing emphasis on sustainable development from both brand owners and consumers, TIPO plans to publish this report annually to help enterprises enhance their sustainability competitiveness through green trademark applications.

◆ Update on the Net-Zero Emissions Certification Marks Info Section

In response to global decarbonization trends and Taiwan's net-zero policies, TIPO completed a comprehensive update of its Net-Zero Emissions Certification Marks Info Section. Originally launched in 2022 to facilitate the industrial green transition, this info section serves as a centralized repository for green certification marks related to net-zero emissions and eco-friendliness for public and industrial use. Following a thorough review and update in 2025, the database now features 98 green certification marks, categorized into Eco-friendly, Decarbonization, or Energy-saving. In addition, other filtering options by Government Agencies and Industrial Sectors have been introduced to streamline information access and improve the overall utility of the database as well.

4.Key IP Information

Patent

◆ Standard Essential Patent (SEP) Service Platform

To address patent licensing challenges within the global 5G and Internet of Things (IoT) sectors, TIPO established the Standard Essential Patent (SEP) Service Platform in 2025. The platform covers six major themes, systematically integrating international policy developments, regulatory frameworks from major Standards Development Organizations (SDOs), in-depth analyses of SEP

litigation precedents, and SEP-related search resources. Furthermore, three quarterly reports on global SEP developments were published during the year. This platform aims to effectively lower barriers for Taiwanese small and medium-sized enterprises in accessing critical SEP information, strengthening their risk assessment capabilities and negotiation position under Fair, Reasonable, and Non-Discriminatory (FRAND) principles, while ultimately elevating Taiwan's technological standing and competitive prowess in the international standard-setting landscape.

Standard Essential Patent (SEP) Service Platform
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/patents/1021.html

◆ "Understanding Patents" Video Series

To enhance public understanding of the patent system, TIPO produced a series of animated videos introducing the processes of patent applications and examinations, and the acquisition of patent rights in a clear and accessible manner. This initiative helps all sectors quickly grasp fundamental patent concepts, aiming at enhancing overall innovative competitiveness.

"Understanding Patents" Video Series
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/patents/1032.html

◆ Compilation of Patent Administrative Litigation Case Studies

TIPO compiled 12 important administrative litigation cases — both those in which TIPO's original disposition was revoked and those in which it was upheld to explore the recognition and assessment of patentability factors such as novelty, inventive step, creative step, grace period, division and corrections extending beyond the original scope. The "2024 Compilation of Patent Administrative Litigation Case Studies," is available electronically on TIPO's website for public reference.

◆ Patent Administrative and Civil Rulings

TIPO has asked examiners to draft analytical reports on select patent administrative and civil rulings from the IP and Commercial Court. These are compiled and published bimonthly on TIPO's official website for public reference.

Patent Administrative Rulings
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/patents/504.html

Patent Civil Rulings
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/patents/503.html

◆ Article-by-Article Interpretation of the Patent Act

In coordination with the implementation of Article 60-1 of the Patent Act enacted in 2022, TIPO incorporated relevant interpretive content and recent court judgments. Furthermore, TIPO collected judgments with reference value, particularly concerning issues such as patent certificate number marking and patent infringement to update the "Article-by-Article Interpretation of the Patent Act"

(September 2025 Edition). The updated version has been published on the TIPO website for public reference.

Article-by-Article Interpretation of the Patent Act
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/patents/452-60541.html

◆ Compilation of Current and Past Patent Examination Guidelines

TIPO reorganized current and past patent examination guidelines and adjusted the webpage structure and content of its Patent Examination Guidelines section. These updated resources were made available for public access and download starting in May 2025.

Trademark

◆ Trademark Information Visualization Platform

To assist the public in understanding domestic trademark application trends and to provide a reference for industry layout and brand strategy planning, TIPO established the Trademark Information Visualization Platform in 2025. This platform presents data on trademark applications and registrations over the past five years in 13 visualized charts across three categories. It also enables users to track trend changes dynamically through interactive search functions. The platform was officially launched to the public in December 2025.

Trademark Information Visualization Platform
https://tiponet.tipo.gov.tw/downloads/037/visualization/index.html

◆ Constantly Developing and Maintaining Rulings on Well-Known Trademarks

Between July 2024 and June 2025, TIPO compiled 287 well-known trademark cases, as recognized by the MOEA Petitions and Appeals Committee of the Department of Economic Legal Affairs, courts at all levels, the Fair Trade Commission, the Taiwan Network Information Center (TWNIC), and TIPO. The total number of well-known trademarks has now reached 752. TIPO has also analyzed relevant data, such as the distribution of trademark holders, and published the findings on its website for public access.

◆ Trademark Rulings and Interpretations of Laws Updated

TIPO regularly conducts reviews of civil, criminal, and administrative trademark judgments issued by the IP and Commercial Court. From December 2024 to November 2025, TIPO compiled 36 significant trademark judgments, along with summaries and key point analyses. In addition, TIPO reviewed a total of six interpretation letters relevant to trademark laws and regulations. Topics included issues regarding the application of the trademark exhaustion doctrine, changes to personal names and information following trademark registration, and whether joint owners can independently use a jointly owned trademark. All compiled information is available on the TIPO website for public reference.

Copyright

◆ Copyright Interpretation Database

On a monthly basis, TIPO selects email and written responses to public inquiries concerning the Copyright Act that possess reference value and uploads them to the Copyright Interpretation Database on its official website for public access. In 2025, a total of 213 administrative interpretations were uploaded.

Trade Secrets

◆ Compilation of Selected Court Rulings on Trade Secret Cases

To keep abreast of the latest judicial practices concerning trade secrets in Taiwan, TIPO selected 27 court rulings of significant reference value, compiling them into the 2024 Compilation of Selected Court Rulings on Trade Secret Cases, which was published on the TIPO website for public reference.

2024 Compilation of Selected Court Rulings on Trade Secret Cases
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tradesecrets/884-48663.html

V IPR CREATION AND USE

1. Patent and Trademark Industry Trends
2. IP Measures to Add Value to Industries
3. Invention Expos and Awards
4. Copyright Dispute Resolution
5. Training and Managing Professionals
6. IPR Awareness Campaigns

V IPR CREATION AND USE

To enhance the R&D and innovation capabilities of Taiwan businesses, foster stronger IP awareness, and boost industrial competitiveness, TIPO leverages existing resources and professional services to assist businesses in strengthening their strategic planning and commercialization efforts, stay informed of the latest industry trends, cultivate professional talent, organize various exchanges, and promote the creation of intellectual properties.

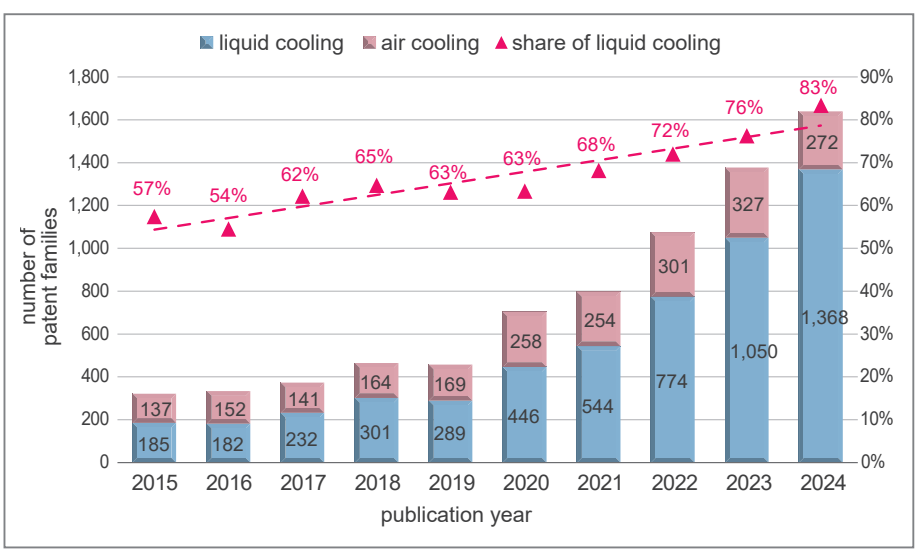
1.Patent and Trademark Industry Trends

Patent Trend Analysis of AI Server Cooling Modules AI

With the explosive growth in demand for generative AI computing power, the world is facing the challenge of high energy consumption. Driven by the global trend toward sustainable operations and net-zero carbon emissions, the green transition of data centers has become a key focus to industrial development. To support Taiwan's vision of becoming an "AI Technology Island" and to address stringent global Power Usage Effectiveness (PUE) policies, the government is actively promoting the development of green cooling technologies for data centers.

To assist the industry in seizing early opportunities in the market of cooling systems for AI data centers and strengthening intellectual property capabilities in the green energy sector, TIPO released a report titled "Patent Trend Analysis of Key Components for Data Centers". The report utilizes the Derwent Innovation and Global Patent Search System (GPSS) databases to collect global patents related to data center and server cooling from 2015 to 2024.

The report categorizes the patents into two major technical themes for analysis: "data center cooling and thermal management" and "server cooling technology." It also provides several specific case studies to serve as a reference for the R&D and patent portfolio strategies in green technology sectors, ultimately fostering collaborative efforts to achieve the sustainable goal of net-zero emissions in digital infrastructure.



Trends in Liquid and Air Cooling Technologies for Servers

TIPO Patent Trend Analysis of Key Components for Data Centers: A Case Study on Data Centers and Server Cooling
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tipo1/106-68869.html

Trend Analysis of Patent Technology for Green Transition in the Construction Industry

To support the construction industry in accelerating its green transition and strengthening patent portfolio strategies, TIPO published the report titled "Current Status and Trend Analysis of Patent Technology for Green Transition in the Construction Industry." This report categorizes green building-related technologies into six major technical fields and 13 subcategories: green building materials, energy-efficient building design, renewable energy applications, smart buildings and energy management, water resource management and recycling, and low-carbon construction technologies. By analyzing green building-related patents filed between 2015 and May 2025, the report examines their technological landscape and development trends, providing references for advancing the green transition of the domestic construction industry.

Current Status and Trend Analysis of Patent Technology for Green Transition in the Construction Industry
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tipo1/106-66162.html

Patent Landscape Analysis of Drone Power Systems

With the rapid evolution of global technology, unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) technology has expanded from its early applications primarily in military reconnaissance to diverse fields such as commerce, industry, agriculture, logistics, communications, and consumer entertainment, becoming a crucial pillar for the development of emerging technologies and industries. As power systems are among the core technologies of UAV, their technology selection, performance, and development maturity directly impact a drone's flight endurance, payload capacity, expansion of application scenarios, and overall market competitiveness.

Through patent data analysis, this report systematically examines the global R&D landscape and development trends of technologies related to UAV power systems. By identifying the development dynamics of major countries and institutions, the report serves as a critical reference for formulating Taiwan's future technological and industrial strategies.

《Patent Landscape Analysis of Drone Power Systems》, R&D Results of the Innovation & Value-Added Service Plan for Patent Search (subsidized by TIPO) in 2025
https://www.psc.org.tw/TC/news_inner.aspx?cid=60&cchk=da6e0208-aa5c-4621-9dc9-036d5fa5b553&id=235&chk=b5a59299-2975-4aad-89c0-102065c87693&param=pn%3d1

Patent Landscape Analysis of Key Materials in Advanced Packaging Processes for Silicon Photonic Components

With the continued growth in demand for applications such as high-performance computing, artificial intelligence, and high-speed communications, silicon photonics technology has become a key focus of development in the semiconductor industry in recent years due to its advantages of low signal loss, low power consumption, reduced heat generation, and high transmission speeds. In addition to chip design and manufacturing processes, the mass production and commercialization of silicon photonic components also heavily depend on the selection and integration of advanced packaging processes and key materials, which are critical to overall performance, reliability, and cost control.

Focusing on the key technologies and materials involved in the advanced packaging processes of silicon photonic components, this report systematically examines the current global R&D landscape and development trends of related technologies through patent data analysis. By identifying the technological focus of major countries and key applicants, the report provides a reference for Taiwan's industries regarding their future R&D investments and patent portfolio strategies, helping enhance Taiwan's competitive advantage in the global semiconductor industry.

《Patent Landscape Analysis of Key Materials in Advanced Packaging Processes for Silicon Photonic Components》, R&D Results of the Innovation & Value-Added Service Plan for Patent Search (subsidized by TIPO) in 2025
https://www.psc.org.tw/TC/news_inner.aspx?cid=60&cchk=da6e0208-aa5c-4621-9dc9-036d5fa5b553&id=235&chk=b5a59299-2975-4aad-89c0-102065c87693&param=pn%3d1

Patent Analysis of the Elderly Technology Industry

With the global population aging and the growing number of elderly individuals living alone, the demand for elderly care, geriatric medicine, and long-term care services is rising rapidly. Consequently, healthy aging and independent living have become critical contemporary issues. To promote the R&D of key technologies in Taiwan's gerontechnology industry and to assist enterprises in technological innovation, TIPO completed three industry analysis reports in 2025 as a reference for domestic stakeholders.

(1) Senior Safety Trend Report: This report examines the economic challenges and health demands arising from an aging society, and further analyzes the pivotal roles of long-term care assistive devices and smart home devices in enhancing the safety and quality of life for the elderly.

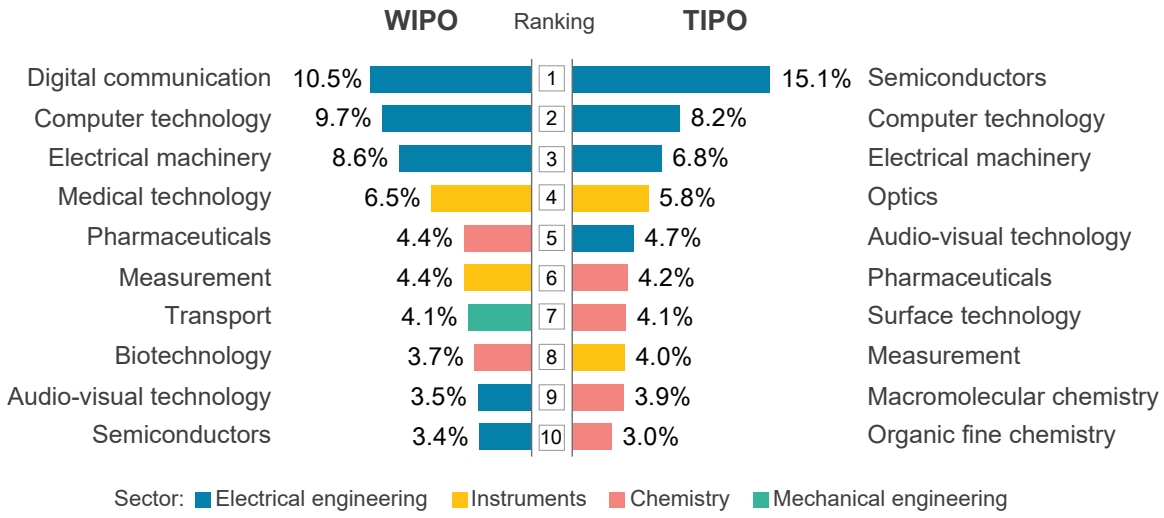
(2) Patent Landscape Report on Smart Assistive Devices: Focusing on key technologies for assistive devices, this report analyzes patents related to sensor technologies, artificial intelligence (AI), human-machine interaction (HMI), and motion control. It also provides strategic recommendations for future R&D directions and technological development strategies.

(3) Patent Landscape Report on Home Security and Surveillance System: This report evaluates the development trends and application potential of home security and surveillance technologies, providing professional insights and strategic planning advice to foster technological innovation within the domestic industry.

Aging Technology Promotion Platform/Patent Portfolio Analysis
https://cloud.tipo.gov.tw/S400/topic/1

Comparative Analysis of 2024 Patent Filing Trends: WIPO vs. Taiwan

In 2024, WIPO received approximately 273,900 PCT invention patent applications, marking a slight increase of 0.5% from 2023. Meanwhile, Taiwan received 50,823 invention patent filings – roughly the same as in the previous year – indicating steady momentum in domestic innovation. Breaking down the applications by technology field, digital communication emerged as the largest field in 2024, accounting for 10.5% of published PCT applications. This surpasses computer technology (9.7%) and electrical machinery (8.6%). In contrast, in Taiwan's top field for published invention patent applications was semiconductors (15.1%), followed by computer technology (8.2%), and electrical machinery (6.8%).



Top 10 Technology Fields of Published Invention Applications in WIPO and Taiwan in 2024

Comparative Analysis of 2024 Patent Filing Trends: WIPO vs. Taiwan
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/patents/539.html

Analysis of Industrial Trends of Trademark Applications (2019-2023)

WIPO released the World Intellectual Property Indicators 2024 report (WIPI 2024) in November 2024. TIPO conducted a comparative analysis of Taiwan's 2023 trademark application data against WIPI 2024. The analysis focused on key metrics, including the total number of applications, registrations, and classes; the distribution of goods and services classes; breakdowns by Taiwan's cities and counties as well as their industrial sectors; average pendency for first office actions and final decisions; examination results, and the average number of classes per GDP and per capita across countries. Based on these findings, TIPO published the "Analysis of Industrial Trends of Trademark Applications (2019-2023)" on its website for public reference. The report aims to help industries better understand market trends and to provide guidance for trademark portfolio strategies.

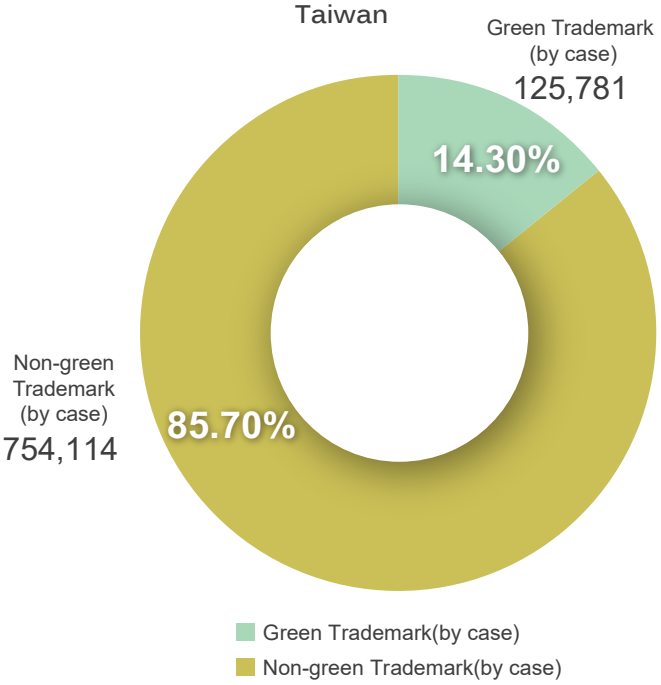
Analysis of Industrial Trends of Trademark Applications (2019-2023)
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/trademarks/667-8541.html

Analysis of Taiwan's Green Trademarks Industry: 2025 Report

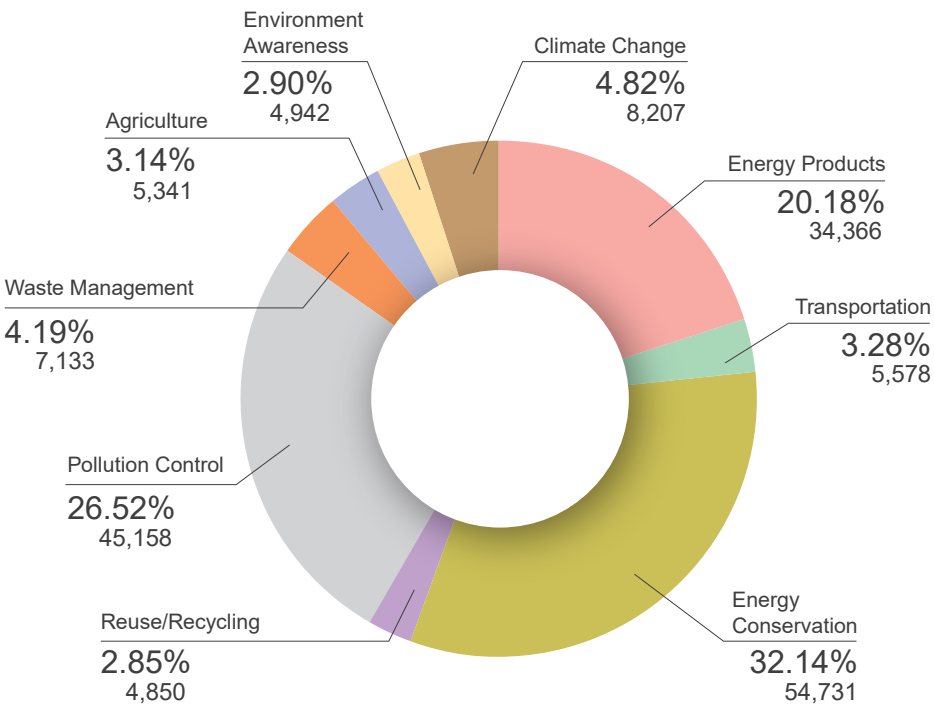
TIPO analyzed trademark registration applications over the past decade (2015–2024), totaling approximately 879,895 trademarks and 1,125,582 classes, and examined green products among more than 30,295,000 designated goods and services. To explore current domestic trends in green trademark applications, TIPO completed the "Analysis of Taiwan's Green Trademarks Industry: 2025 Report" in August 2025. This report was published on the websites of both the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) and TIPO for public reference.

From an overall perspective, green trademark applications in Taiwan reached a record high in March 2022. Subsequently, a downward trend was observed from April 2022 to December 2024, although the decline showed signs of stabilizing in 2024. Over the past decade, green trademarks accounted for about 14.30% of Taiwan's total trademark applications. According to the percentage distribution of the nine major groups of green products, the top three were energy conservation (32.14%), pollution control (26.52%), and energy products (20.18%). Together, these three groups constituted nearly 80% of all green trademark applications, highlighting them as the primary focus of industrial trademark portfolio strategies (as shown below).

Green trademark applications over the past decade in Taiwan



Green trademarks across the nine major categories over the past decade in Taiwan



Analysis of Taiwan's Green Trademarks Industry: 2025 Report
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tipo1/799-52947.html

2.IP Measures to Add Value to Industries

Enhancing the Strategic Portfolio Capabilities of Intellectual Property for Startups

In alignment with the "Asian Silicon Valley Development Plan 3.0" of the National Development Council, TIPO implemented the Accelerated Examination Program (AEP) for Startup Companies (from 2025 to 2028), providing patentability analysis reports to startups to establish their intellectual property capabilities. Key achievements in 2025 included:

TIPO Pavilion at the MEET TAIPEI Startup Festival

(1) Accepted 75 accelerated patent examination applications from startups, issuing examination results for all cases within four months.

(2) Provided 40 patentability analysis reports on R&D technologies to assist startups in obtaining high-quality patents.

(3) Partnered with startup terraces and innovation hubs through horizontal linkages to conduct; 12 IP educational outreach programs, and provide customized counseling services to 20 startups.

(4) Convened advisory groups composed of medium and large enterprises to hold 10 joint consultation sessions with startups, successfully matching 17 startups with industry resources and resulting in one startup receiving a capital investment of NT$105 million.

(5) Participated in the 2025 Meet Taipei Startup Festival in November, leading 14 startups to exhibit at TIPO's NEXT IS NOW patent exhibition zone to enhance their market visibility.

Enhancing the Intellectual Property Capabilities of Enterprises in the Five Trusted Industries

To support the sustainable development and international competitiveness of Taiwan's "Five Trusted Industries," TIPO actively strengthened its connections with these sectors. Through lectures and on-site visits, TIPO provided comprehensive guidance ranging from establishing fundamental IP concepts and mastering patent search tools to developing patent application and portfolio strategies. In 2025, we completed six customized training and exchange sessions for relevant companies. By offering tailored patent strategy recommendations, TIPO helped these enterprises develop practical approaches to technology protection and formulate forward-looking patent strategies.


Customized Training and Exchange Sessions for Enterprises in the Five Trusted Industries

Geographical Mark Seminar and Promotion Exhibition

To enhance public awareness of the geographical mark system, TIPO hosted the Geographical Mark Seminar and Promotion Exhibition at National Taiwan University in March 2025. The exhibition featured booths showcasing and selling a diverse array of distinctive local agricultural products with geographical marks. Concurrently, a seminar was organized, where experts and mark holders shared practical insights and experience, attracting 170 participants from industry, government, and academia. The event aimed to assist more mark holders in identifying effective promotion models and strengthening their products' market competitiveness.

"Origins: Blossoms in Bloom" Graphical Mark Seminar and Promotion Exhibition

Coordinated Counseling for Trademark Knowledge

To assist enterprises in establishing sound concepts of trademark application and registration and to enhance their capabilities in trademark utilization and brand protection, TIPO launched its first-ever coordinated trademark counseling program in 2025. In collaboration with key industrial hubs, the CTSP Digital Innovation Center, the Innovation Incubation Center of the Livestock Research Institute, the Taipei Co-Space, the Nankang Software Incubator, and MEGABAY, TIPO conducted five joint counseling sessions about trademark knowledge. These initiatives aimed to help small and medium-sized enterprises strengthen their brand protection and market portfolios through comprehensive trademark application and utilization strategies.

The counseling sessions this year focused on practical industry trademark case studies, guiding enterprises through trademark search strategies, application procedures, and brand portfolio planning to improve their capabilities of trademark applications and portfolio management. The events attracted over 161 participants and achieved a 100% overall satisfaction rate.

Joint Mentoring for the Elderly Technology Industry

To facilitate the development of the smart aging tech industry in Taiwan and to strengthen the R&D capabilities of key technologies and patent portfolios, TIPO focused on the fields of "intelligent assistive devices" and "home security and surveillance systems," and held joint counseling sessions for smart aging tech enterprises. These sessions shared insights on patent application trends and portfolio analysis, and through practical courses, helped industry participants build their skills in prior art searches and patent portfolio analysis. A total of 30 related companies participated.

In addition, TIPO has completed the "Aging Technology Promotion Platform" which integrates news, patent documents, expert articles and industry trend analysis related to elderly technology. This platform enables companies to quickly grasp technological developments.

Aging Technology Promotion Platform
https://cloud.tipo.gov.tw/S400/topic/1

Expand Industrial Application of IPKM

To assist enterprises in balancing IP protection with technological innovation and market expansion, TIPO guided 10 companies in the net-zero emissions sector in adopting the Industrial Patent Knowledge Platform (IPKM). Additionally, TIPO held 10 training and promotional sessions to help R&D and IP personnel acquire skills in patent search, analytical tools, patent risk assessment, and patent portfolio strategies, achieving high levels of satisfaction among all participating enterprises. Notably, Daxin Materials and Moby Robot indicated that the counseling sessions effectively addressed gaps in corporate patent practice and helped establish more comprehensive and integrated portfolios of patents and trade secrets, facilitating the development of a more complete and forward-looking technology protection framework.

In addition, IPKM continues to offer diverse IP resources, including regularly updated information on the IP systems of 15 countries, serialized IP knowledge comics, expert articles, and more. These resources aim to support enterprises in global patent portfolio planning and innovation in research and development.

Industrial Patent Knowledge Platform (IPKM)
https://cloud.tipo.gov.tw/S400

Competition for Patent Portfolio Analysis

The 2025 Competition for Patent Portfolio Analysis continued to adopt the innovative "Corporate Challenges x Talent Solutions" format, while expanding the number of participating enterprises. This initiative facilitated precise matching between patent analysis talents and real-world industry needs, receiving high praise from the private sector. CEO Lin of Caarlogic Biomed noted, "The process of communication with the teams deepened the connection between patents and corporate value." Deputy Manager Ren-Wei Huang of AUO Display Plus also stated, "A patent analysis report is a powerful tool for enterprises."

A total of 70 outstanding teams registered for the 2025 Competition. In November, TIPO held the awards ceremony and results exhibition. By honoring the winning teams and showcasing their achievements in patent analysis and portfolio strategies, participants were immersed in the IP innovation momentum generated through cross-domain collaboration among industry, academia, and research sectors.

2025 Competition for Patent Portfolio Analysis
https://tiponet.tipo.gov.tw/gpss1/gpsskm/competition2025/index.html

Assisting the Government in Strengthening the R&D Quality of Academic and Research Institutes

TIPO and the Patent Search Center are both actively involved in facilitating the circulation and application of innovative R&D results in our country and upholding the Regulations for Promoting the Intellectual Property Strategic Planning and Implementation of Innovation Research. TIPO provides IP portfolio analysis for innovative R&D projects with a certain amount or percentage of government funding and, alternatively, the Patent Search Center may provide evaluation opinions based on the analysis. Such analysis and opinions serve to check national research funding and ensure subsidies are being used effectively.

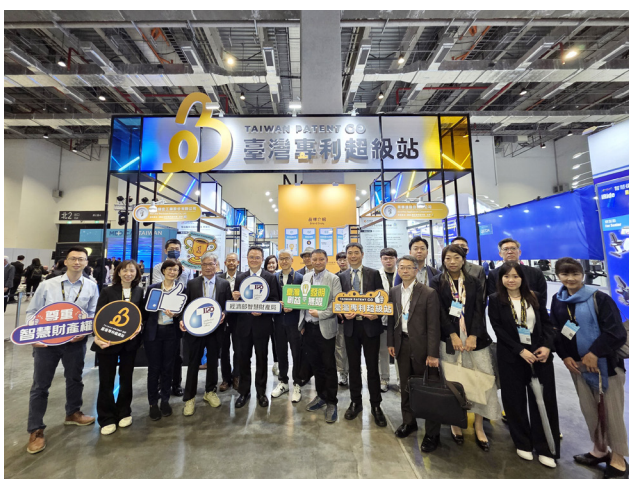
Since 2019, in collaboration with the MOEA Department of Industrial Technology, TIPO has provided IP portfolio analysis for Technology Development Programs for Nonprofit Research Organizations that have NT$30 million or more from funding. In 2025, TIPO provided review opinions for 19 projects under the Innovative Research and Development Project initiated by the Ministry of Economic Affairs.

Additionally, starting from 2020, TIPO supported the MOEA Industrial Development Administration's Industrial Upgrading Innovation Platform Guidance Program by offering IP portfolio advice for industry-specific research projects with total funding of over NT$100 million but less than 50% of total project budget derives from government subsidies. In 2025, TIPO provided review opinions for 23 projects under this initiative.

3.Invention Expos and Awards

Taiwan Patent GO Facilitates Business Opportunities

To facilitate the commercialization of excellent award-winning patents and expand new market opportunities, TIPO established the Taiwan Patent GO award-winning patent pavilion at four professional trade shows in 2025: the Taipei International Machine Tool Show, Designed Giftionery Taiwan, Medical Taiwan, and the Taiwan Innotech Expo. A total of 22 business matchmaking sessions were arranged during the events. The pavilion leveraged these international platforms for diverse exhibitions and promotional exposure, effectively recommending these patents to professional buyer groups and achieving the vision of "Taiwan Innovates, Prosperity Follows."



Taiwan Patent GO award-winning patent pavilion

2025 Taiwan Innotech Expo

The 2025 Taiwan Innotech Expo (TIE) was held in October at Taipei World Trade Center Exhibition Hall 1. A total of 442 exhibitors from 19 countries established over 1,100 booths, attracting more than 50,000 people from 65 countries to visit.

The TIE Invention Competition was held alongside the expo and attracted participation from several well-known enterprises, universities, and research institutions. Of the 554 domestic and international participants in this year's competition, 14 received the highly coveted Platinum Medal Award – the highest honor. 104 contestants received the Gold Medal Award, 103 contestants were awarded the Silver Medal Award, and 138 contestants received the Bronze Medal Award. A total of 359 entries were submitted.

In addition, the invention competition incorporated the concept of corporate talent acquisition by specially inviting four enterprises—Delta Electronics, Wonderland Group, MSI, and Hon Hai Technology Group—to serve as mystery judges. Evaluating from a business perspective, these judges selected outstanding patent entries and presented a total of 18 Enterprise Special Awards. Furthermore, to encourage innovative inventions and active participation among young students, the Future Star Award was newly established in 2025, with a total of seven entries receiving this award.

Opening Ceremony of the 2025 Taiwan Innotech Expo

Award Ceremony of the 2025 Taiwan Innotech Expo

Taiwan Innotech Expo
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tipo1/75.html

National Invention and Creation Award

To honor the winners of the 2024 National Invention and Creation Award and promote their innovative achievements, TIPO collaborated with the MOEA Department of Industrial Technology to host the "MOEA's 2025 Joint Award Ceremony" for the National Industrial Innovation Award and the National Invention and Creation Award. At the ceremony, awards were presented to a total of 40 winning entries of the National Invention and Creation Award.

National Invention and Creation Award Ceremony

National Invention and Creation Award
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tipo1/915.html

Subsidizing Inventors Partaking in International Invention Shows

To foster a culture of innovation and expand international trade opportunities, TIPO provides subsidies to Taiwanese nationals participating in renowned international invention exhibitions. In 2025, TIPO subsidized airfare and booth rental fees for award winners across seven major exhibitions in Europe and four in Asia. This initiative supported 195 person-times, with total funding amounting to NT$4,999,994.

4.Copyright Dispute Resolution

In 2025, TIPO processed 13 applications for copyright dispute mediation, covering royalties for use of musical works and suspected copyright infringements. Of these, 4 cases were successfully mediated, 3 failed to reach an agreement, 1 was declined by one of the parties, and 5 remain pending.

5.Training and Managing Professionals

IP Professional Training Program

To cultivate industry-relevant IP professionals, TIPO organized a total of 23 training courses for 738 participants in 2025. Among these, 9 selected courses were developed into online learning modules to meet the demand for remote training. Additionally, TIPO launched advanced courses titled "Management of Trade Secret Protection, Employees, and Intellectual Property" and "Legal and IP Issues in the Entertainment Industry." Trainees found the program instrumental to enhancing their professional knowledge and practical skills in the field.

Intellectual Property Capacity Building Certification Test

To promote the professional certification system and bridge the gap between theory and practice, certification exams on patent capabilities were held in August 2025. A total of 150 people registered for the patent exam, 51 of which obtained certifications.

For the patent track of the Intellectual Property Capacity Building Certification Test, TIPO adjusted the exam schedule to a biennial format starting in 2025. The validity period for passing individual subject scores was extended from three years to six years, allowing candidates to complete all required subjects across up to four examination attempts within the validity period, enhancing the rigor and flexibility of the professional certification system for IP personnel.

In 2025, TIPO commissioned National Taipei University of Technology to administer the first Trademark Professional Capability Certification Examination. Designed to certify the expertise required for trademark practitioners, the examination comprises five subjects that can be taken independently. Candidates who pass all subjects within a three-year period are awarded a certificate of qualification. The 2025 examination recorded 1,005 registrations, with the majority of candidates from IP firms (64%), followed by corporate enterprises (24%). Since obtaining this certificate is now a prerequisite for registering as a trademark agent, it is expected to enhance overall administrative efficiency and strengthen the credibility of Taiwan's IP framework.

Pre-employment and On-the-job Training for Patent Attorneys

All patent attorneys must complete pre-employment training for practical experience after passing the eligibility examination. The training is primarily aimed to familiarize new patent attorneys with professional experience as soon as possible. Pre-employment training in 2025 started in February, and a total of 45 trainees completed training. In an effort to protect the interests of patent applicants and enhance the quality of service provided by patent professionals, current patent attorneys and agents are also required to attend a minimum of 12 hours of on-the-job training every two years.

Trademark Agent Registration and Management

To support the implementation of the Regulations Governing Trademark Agent Registration and Management on May 1, 2024, TIPO established the Trademark Agent Register. The "Information on Practicing Trademark Agents" section under the "Trademark" section of TIPO's website is updated on the 10th of each month to provide the latest register for public reference.

6.IPR Awareness Campaigns

Seminars on IPR Affairs

In July 2025, TIPO hosted five sessions of the Seminars on AI-related IPR Affairs 2.0 in Hsinchu, Taichung, Tainan, Kaohsiung, and Taipei. TIPO's digital assistants, Xiao-Zhi and Xiao-Hui, served as voice hosts to facilitate the proceedings, marking the first demonstration of innovative AI integration.

The seminars covered a wide range of topics, including "Practical Operations for Filing Multiple Designs in a Single Application," "Operation Directions on Applying for Deferred Substantive Examination of Invention Patent and Design Patent Applications," "Guidelines for Computer Software-Related Inventions," "Guidelines for Trademark Applications," "The Pilot Program for Accelerated Examination of Invention Patent Applications Filed by Female Applicants," "Practical Tips for Patent Affairs," and "Practical Tips for Trademark Affairs."

The events attracted 411 participants, achieving an overall satisfaction rate of 99.08%. Additionally, the seminar content was further developed into digital learning materials and made available on Elearning (an online learning platform for government employees) for public access.

Seminar on IPR Affairs

Seminar on IPR Affairs in 2025
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tipo1/94-34311.html

Education on Patent Laws and Regulations

◆ Information Sessions on Patent Laws

In May 2025, three Information Sessions on Patent Laws were held in Taipei, Kaohsiung, and Taichung. The sessions focused on the Patent Examination Guidelines, which came into effect on July 1, 2024, attracting a total of 168 participants. To expand the initiative's reach, course videos were also uploaded to Elearning (an online learning platform for government employees), allowing an additional 394 trainees to access and view the courses online.

Information Sessions on Patent Laws

◆ Young Designers Exhibition (YODEX) 2025 Patent Consulting Services

Furthermore, TIPO established the Taiwan Patent GO Pavilion at the 44th Young Designers Exhibition (YODEX) 2025 to offer on-site public services. These services included free patent consultations, guidance on filing design patent applications, and professional seminars. The event attracted enthusiastic participation from university design students, faculty members, and industry professionals. This initiative successfully promoted the concept of design patent protection, strengthened the intellectual property awareness among emerging designers, and assisting them in protecting their original designs while advancing towards commercialization.

Conducting Specialized Seminars at YODEX 2025

Trademark Laws and Regulations

◆ Information Sessions on Trademark Laws

In May, TIPO hosted three physical information sessions in Taipei, Kaohsiung, and Taichung, introducing key revisions to the Article-by-Article Interpretation of the Trademark Act and the New Trademark Search System. Furthermore, the course content was made available online on the Elearning platform, allowing individuals who need to accumulate certification training hours to access and utilize the materials.

Information Sessions on Trademark Laws

Promoting Copyright Awareness

◆ Promoting Joint Royalty Rates and One-Stop Collection for Karaoke Machine

With the assistance of local governments across Taiwan, TIPO promoted the joint royalty rates for the public performance of karaoke machines, and disseminated information regarding the one-stop collection licensing mechanism. In addition, TIPO engaged leading domestic karaoke machine rental providers to conduct educational outreach for business operators and consumers of these machines. These collaborative measures aimed to enhance public awareness and foster stability in the domestic licensing market.

◆ Copyright Seminars and Information Sessions

To foster a deeper understanding of copyright, TIPO organized three online and on-site information sessions titled "Copyright Essentials for Government Employees." In addition, one information session titled "Copyright in Distance Teaching for Educators" was held for education practitioners. These sessions aimed to enhance copyright awareness among government employees and educators. Furthermore, TIPO organized three additional information sessions addressing issues related to the use of online images and graphical works, artificial intelligence, and social media management.

Copyright in Distance Teaching for Educators

◆ IPR Awareness Campaign in Business, School and Public Sector

The TIPO IPR Protection Service Group conducted 66 outreach sessions at enterprises, government agencies, and universities nationwide, delivering lectures on IP regulations and attracting over 4,000 participants. Furthermore, in 2025, a gamified online learning platform was adopted to promote copyright awareness among students in primary, junior high, and senior high schools (including vocational schools). A total of 21 learning missions were organized, attracting nearly 300,000 participants.

The TIPO IPR Protection Service Group's IPR lectures

The Gamified Online Learning Platform

Social Media-Based Copyright Awareness

To promote intellectual property awareness, TIPO utilized electronic media, including television, radio, and LCD displays, to broadcast its self-produced educational animations.

Raising Awareness for Trade Secret Protection

Seminars on Trade Secret Protection Practices for Enterprises

In June and August, TIPO organized three sessions of the Seminars on Trade Secret Protection Practices for Enterprises, inviting industry experts to share strategies for strengthening enterprises' protection mechanisms, effectively enhancing their awareness of trade secret protection.

Seminars on Trade Secret Protection Practices for Enterprises

Workshops for Managing Trade Secrets with Academic and Research Institutions

In July, TIPO organized two sessions of the Workshops for Managing Trade Secrets with Academic and Research Institutions. Through practical case studies and risk scenario analysis, the workshops guided participants in refining institutional trade secret management systems and elevating confidentiality awareness.

Workshops for Managing Trade Secrets with Academic and Research Institutions

In Celebration of World IP Day

In celebration of World IP Day 2025 and its global theme, "IP and Music," TIPO organized a series of commemorative events, including a music film screening in April. Additionally, TIPO collaborated with the Music Copyright Society of Chinese Taipei (MÜST) and the Taipei Music Center (TMC) to co-host the "Rhythms of Music and IP: Launching Creative Protection" forum.

Quarterly Report on IP Rights Protection in Taiwan

To facilitate a broader understanding of the current state of intellectual property rights protection in Taiwan, TIPO compiles and publishes an English quarterly report on the TIPO website. This report summarizes the efforts and concrete outcomes of various agencies in protecting IP rights, along with information on significant international exchanges and activities, for reference by all interested parties.

VI INTERNATIONAL IP COOPERATION

1. Multilateral Cooperation
2. Bilateral Cooperation
3. International Seminars

VI INTERNATIONAL IP COOPERATION

In 2025, TIPO participated in a series of IPR conferences with partners from across the world and continued to facilitate international IPR cooperation through bilateral meetings, MOU signings, examiner exchange programs, and international seminars.

1.Multilateral Cooperation

WTO/TRIPS

TIPO took part in three regular meetings of the WTO/TRIPS Council and co-sponsored "IP and Innovation" proposals. This has allowed Taiwan to share its expertise and explain measures taken in regards to topics such as "Technology Transfer Cases Studies" and "Technology Transfer Case Studies and Lessons Learned."

APEC/IPEG

TIPO gave presentations at the 60th and 61st APEC/IPEG Meetings on "The Pilot Program for Accelerated Examination of Invention Patent Applications Filed by Female Applicants," "Enhancing the Efficiency: 'Development of the Design Patent Image Search System," "Patentability of AI-related Inventions," and the "TIPO's Enterprise IP Empowerment Action Plan," sharing perspectives and experience with member economies.

In addition, TIPO attended related workshops, including "Enhancing Innovation with More Efficient Patent Systems: Tools, Resources, and Work-sharing" at the 60th meeting, and "Copyright Protection and Enforcement Against Illicit Streaming" and "A Practical Guide to Safeguarding Trade Secrets for (M)SMEs" at the 61st meeting.

APEC/IPEG Meetings
https://www.tipo.gov.tw/tw/tipo1/114.html

2.Bilateral Cooperation

Taiwan–Japan

◆Director General Invited to Share Overview of TIPO and Its Future Outlook

In March, the Director General was invited by the Japan–Taiwan Exchange Association to visit Japan, where he spoke on the "Overview of TIPO and Its Future Outlook" and the "Measures for Assisting Industrial Innovation and Development and Directions for Design Patent Amendments," as well as exchanged opinions with industry experts.

◆Taiwan–Japan Economic and Trade Conferences

Taiwan and Japan held the 48th Taiwan–Japan Economic and Trade Conference Mid-Year Review Meeting in July and the 49th Taiwan–Japan Economic and Trade Conference in November. Both sides discussed topics such as legislative revisions and IPR collaboration.

◆ Patent and Trademark Examiners Exchange

In May, the Japan Patent Office (JPO) dispatched two patent examiners to TIPO to exchange views on examination practices in the fields of genetic engineering and wireline communications.

In July, TIPO dispatched two patent examiners and two trademark examiners to Japan to exchange views on the latest trends in patent and trademark trials and appeals at both offices.

In October, JPO dispatched four trademark examiners to TIPO for the 2025 Taiwan–Japan Trademark Examiner Exchange. Discussions covered a wide range of topics, including the latest policy developments in both offices, recent revisions to examination guidelines, the protection of well-known trademarks, trademark registration marking systems and practices, external trademark search systems, AI-assisted examination, the protection of geographical marks (including site visits), classification of goods and services, and practical case studies.

◆ Cooperation on Mutual Recognition of Deposit of Biological Materials

TIPO and JPO officially launched the Cooperative Program on Mutual Recognition of the Deposit of Biological Materials for the Purpose of Patent Procedure on June 18, 2015. As of the end of December 2025, 194 patent applications were filed under the program - 165 by Japanese nationals, 25 by Taiwanese nationals, 2 by Korean nationals, 1 by French national, and 1 by Singapore national.

Taiwan–Korea

◆ Examiners Exchange

In March, the Ministry of Intellectual Property (MOIP) dispatched two patent examiners to TIPO to exchange views on office automation experiences, as well as examination practices in the fields of transportation and semiconductors.

◆ Cooperation on Mutual Recognition of Deposit of Biological Materials

TIPO and the Korean Intellectual Property Office (KIPO), now the Ministry of Intellectual Property (MOIP), officially launched the Cooperative Program on Mutual Recognition of the Deposit of Biological Materials for the Purpose of Patent Procedure on September 1, 2020. As of the end of December 2025, a total of 62 patent applications were filed by Korean nationals under the program.

Taiwan–EU

◆ Taiwan–EU IPR Working Group Meeting

The Taiwan–EU IPR Working Group meeting under the Trade and Investment Dialogue was held in March. Both sides exchanged views on topics such as the progress of IPR and trade secret-related law amendments, strategies and practical experiences, IP protection and enforcement, and future IP cooperation between the two sides.

Taiwan–France

◆ Taiwan–France Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH)

The 2025 Taiwan–France Economic and Trade Dialogue was held on May 21. Witnessed by Taiwan's Representative to France, Hao Pei-Chih, and the Director of the French Office in Taipei, Franck Paris, TIPO Director General Cheng-Wei Liao and INPI Director General Pascal Faure signed the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on the Taiwan–France Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH), which took effect on July 1.

Signing Ceremony of the MOU on the Taiwan–France PPH

◆ Taiwan–France Industrial Property Rights Meeting

In May, the Taiwan–France Industrial Property Rights Meeting was held. Both sides exchanged views on issues such as combating counterfeiting and future IP collaborations between Taiwan and France.

Taiwan–Germany

◆ Taiwan–Germany Patent Data Exchange Agreement

On December 10, TIPO and the German Patent and Trade Mark Office (DPMA) signed a Patent Data Exchange Agreement, further strengthening bilateral cooperation on the exchange of intellectual property data.

Taiwan–UK

◆ Taiwan–UK IPR Video Conference

In May, the 14th Taiwan–UK IPR Video Conference was held. Both sides exchanged views on topics such as recent IPR developments, copyright and artificial intelligence (AI), shared experiences and outcomes of applying AI technology to trademark pre-application services, and the promotion of IPR awareness.

◆ Cooperation on Mutual Recognition of Deposit of Biological Materials

TIPO and UKIPO officially launched the Cooperative Program on Mutual Recognition of the Deposit of Biological Materials for the Purpose of Patent Procedure on December 1, 2017. As of the end of December 2025, 33 patent applications were filed under the program – 25 by UK nationals, and 8 by Taiwanese nationals.

Taiwan–Canada

◆ Taiwan–Canada IP Policy Dialogue

In November, the 6th Taiwan–Canada IP Policy Dialogue was convened. Under the theme of "Intellectual Property in Innovation Policy," both sides exchanged views on the commercialization of academic research, providing IP support for enterprises, and ensuring the public interest in government-funded IP.

Taiwan–Isreal

◆ Signing of Bilateral MOUs

The 15th Taiwan–Israel Economic and Technological Cooperation Conference was held on November 17. Witnessed by MOEA Deputy Minister Cynthia Kiang, Israel's Foreign Trade Administration Trade Commissioner Roey Fisher, TIPO Director General Cheng-Wei Liao, and ILPO Executive Director Mordechay Sorek, two Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs)—the MOU on the Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH) MOTTAINAI and the MOU on IP Cooperation—were signed by Abby Ya-Ping Lee, Representative to Israel, and Maya Yaron, Representative of the Israel Economic and Cultural Office in Taipei.

Group photo after the signing of the Taiwan–Israel bilateral MOUs

Taiwan–Philippines

In May, the Intellectual Property Office of the Philippines (IPOPHL) dispatched three trademark examiners to TIPO for the 2025 Taiwan–Philippines Trademark Examiner Exchange. Discussions covered a range of topics, including the introduction to relevant laws and guidelines, information tools, non-traditional trademarks, the examination of the geographical indications, and the handling of bad-faith applications.

Taiwan–India

Under the 2025-2026 activity schedule between TIPO and Intellectual Property India (IP India), TIPO provided materials such as "Examination Procedures for Integrated Circuit Layouts," "Competition for Patent Portfolio Analysis," and "Introduction to Search System Services" to the Indian side for reference.

3.International Seminars

2025 EU–Taiwan Seminar on Generative AI

In March, TIPO co-hosted the 2025 EU–Taiwan Seminar on Generative AI with the European Economic and Trade Office (EETO) and the European Business and Regulatory Cooperation (EBRC). Public and private sector experts from both sides were invited to share and exchange views on AI and copyright issues, including the EU AI Act, global trends in copyright legislation, and the practical developments and challenges of generative AI. The seminar attracted over 180 participants from industry, government, and academia.

2025 EU–Taiwan Seminar on Generative AI

2025 TIPA International Symposium

In June, TIPO hosted the 2025 TIPA International Symposium, themed "Trial Model of Patent Infringement Cases: US and Taiwan Comparison," inviting judges from the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, experienced U.S. patent litigation practitioners, U.S. academic experts, and domestic experts and scholars. Through keynote speeches and mock U.S. Federal Circuit trial, the symposium explored adjudication models for patent infringement litigation, attracting a total of 315 participants from industry, government, academia, and research institutions.

2025 TIPA International Symposium

2025 Taiwan–Japan Intellectual Property Symposium

In September, TIPO held the 2025 Taiwan–Japan Intellectual Property Symposium with the Taiwan–Japan Relations Association and the Japan–Taiwan Exchange Association. Focusing on the legal systems and practices of patent infringement litigation in Taiwan and Japan, the event invited public and private sector experts to share the latest developments from both governmental and corporate perspectives, as well as enterprises' challenges and strategies in responding to patent infringement. The symposium attracted over 160 participants from the industry, government, and academia.

2025 Taiwan–Japan Intellectual Property Symposium

VII IPR IMPLEMENTATION

1. Piracy and Counterfeit Investigations
2. IP and Commercial Court Rulings of Civil and Criminal Cases
3. Skill-Building for Law Enforcement Personnel
4. Implementation Results of IPR Action Plan

VII IPR IMPLEMENTATION

Taiwan's IPR Action Plan 2024-2026 is currently under implementation in accordance with national policy on industrial innovation and development. The main goal of the plan is to strengthen investigations of piracy, counterfeiting and trade secret theft in order to effectively curb infringements, as well as to optimize IPR protection.

1.Piracy and Counterfeit Investigations

Taiwan High Prosecutors Office (THPO)

The Taiwan High Prosecutors Office (THPO) held the Working Group Meeting on Coordinated Supervision of Investigations of IPR infringement in order to better integrate IPR protection operations carried out by various agencies. Infringement rulings rendered by district prosecutor's offices in 2025 are listed below.

Unit: Case

Year	Concluded Investigations	Indictment (Ordinary Procedure)	Summary Offense (Summary Judgment)	Suspended Indictment	No Indictment	Others
2025	5,159	428	196	305	2,955	1,275
2024	5,483	416	340	388	3,177	1,162
Rate of Change (%)	-5.9	2.9	-42.4	-21.4	-7.0	9.7

Investigation Bureau, Ministry of Justice

Statistics on violations of the Trademark Act, the Copyright Act, and the Trade Secrets Act are listed below.

Year	Total		Trademark		Copyright		Trade Secret	
	Cases	Suspects (persons)	Cases	Suspects (persons)	Cases	Suspects (persons)	Cases	Suspects (persons)
2025	108	179	69	74	13	43	26	62
2024	76	145	36	41	15	46	25	58
Rate of Change (%)	42.1	23.4	91.7	80.5	-13.3	-6.5	4.0	6.9

National Police Agency (NPA), Ministry of the Interior

Statistics on violations of the Trademark Act and the Copyright Act, cybercrimes, and optical disks (ODs) seizures are listed below.

Year	Total		Trademark		Copyright		Trade Secret		Internet Infringement	ODs Seized
	Cases	Suspects (persons)	Cases	Suspects (persons)	Cases	Suspects (persons)	Cases	Suspects (persons)	Cases	No. of Disks
2025	2,412	2,979	1,348	1,631	1,037	1,307	27	41	1,856	12
2024	2,324	3,083	1,337	1,768	967	1,281	20	34	1,652	19
Rate of Change (%)	3.8	-3.4	0.8	-7.7	7.2	2.0	35.0	20.6	12.3	-36.8

Criminal Investigation Brigade, Second Special Police Corps, National Police Agency, Ministry of the Interior

Acting under the authority of the National Police Agency, the Criminal Investigation Brigade of the Second Special Police Corps coordinates operations with brigades in Taipei, Taichung, and Kaohsiung specifically tasked with investigating IPR infringement. Cybercrimes made up 77.7% of all IPR infringement cases in 2025, and the various types of infringement are shown below.

Unit: Case

Year	Total	Types of Infringement					
		Internet	Market	Storefronts	Cases Seized by Customs	Factories	Others
2025	1,317	1,023	0	68	129	8	89
2024	1,343	972	3	150	170	0	48
Rate of Change (%)	-1.9	5.2	-100.0	-54.7	-24.1	--	85.4

2.IP and Commercial Court Rulings of Civil and Criminal Cases

The IP and Commercial Court adjudicates IP-related litigations, and a list of the court's rulings on patent, trademark and copyright cases (for both civil and criminal proceedings) is included below:

Unit: Case

Year	Civil Cases						Criminal Cases	
	First Instance			Second Instance			Special Criminal Law	
	Copyrights	Patent Rights	Trademark Rights	Copyrights	Patent Rights	Trademark Rights	Violation of Copyright Act	Violation of Trademark Act
2025	103	73	62	26	44	19	26	19
2024	77	64	58	45	35	24	36	19
Rate of Change (%)	33.8	14.1	6.9	-42.2	25.7	-20.8	-27.8	0.0

Source: Judicial Yuan's website

3.Skill-Building for Law Enforcement Personnel

In order to improve the effectiveness with which law enforcement officers investigate IP infringement, TIPO organized three training sessions entitled "Investigating IP & Internet Infringement" in 2025. These sessions were divided into beginner and advanced levels, and 35 hours were allotted each session for practical and professional training. A total of 63 officers participated in the training in hopes of further enhancing their professional knowledge.

4.Implementation Results of IPR Action Plan

TIPO holds biannual interagency coordination meetings to review the performance of each agency in performing IP-related tasks. Additionally, TIPO maintains an IPR Action Plan section on the website, providing the public with related efforts in 2025, such as the results of counterfeit investigations by different government agencies, statistics and adjudications from judicial courts, IPR protection measures and international engagement on IPR issues.

Appendix

1. Calendar of Events
2. Annual Statistics
3. Annual Publications

1.Calendar of Events

Jan.	Revised the Positive Patent Examination Pilot Program for Startups	p.28
Feb.	Published the Analysis of Industrial Trends of Trademark Applications (2019–2023)	p.59
Mar.	Participated in the 60th APEC/IPEG Meeting	p.72
	Established the Taiwan Patent GO pavilion to exhibit award-winning patents at Taipei International Machine Tool Show (TIMTOS)	p.64
	Conducted the Taiwan–Korea Patent Examiner Exchange	p.73
	Hosted the 2025 TIPA Geographical Mark Seminar & Promotion Exhibition, themed "Origins: Blossoms in Bloom," at National Taiwan University	p.62
	Director General Liao was invited to visit Japan and delivered a speech to Japanese enterprises	p.72
	Held the 2025 EU–Taiwan Seminar on Generative AI	p.76
	Held the Taiwan–EU IPR Working Group Meeting	p.73
	Attended the 1st Regular Meeting of the WTO/TRIPS Council	p.72
Apr.	Convened the 1st Coordination Meeting on IPR Protection for 2025	p.80
	Established the Taiwan Patent GO pavilion at Designed Giftionery Taiwan	p.64
	Established Taiwan Patent GO pavilion at the 2025 360º MOBILITY Mega Shows and provided free patent consultation services	p.64
	Hosted a film screening of Listen Before You Sing and the "Rhythms of Music and IP: Launching Creative Protection" forum to celebrate World Intellectual Property Day 2025 and its global theme, "IP and Music: Feel the Beat of IP"	p.70
May	Established the Taiwan Patent GO pavilion at the 2025 Young Designers Exhibition (YODEX) and provided free patent consultation services	p.68
	Conducted the Taiwan–Japan Patent Examiner Exchange	p.73
	Held the Taiwan–France Industrial Property Rights Meeting	p.74
	Conducted the Taiwan–Philippines Trademark Examiner Exchange	p.75
	Director General Liao and INPI Director General Faure signed a Statement of Intent (SOI) on the Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH) between TIPO and INPI during the 2025 Taiwan–France Economic Dialogue	p.74
	Held the Taiwan–UK IPR Video Conference	p.74
Jun.	Established the Taiwan Patent GO pavilion at Medical Taiwan	p.64
	Held the Seminars on Trade Secret Protection Practices for Enterprises in Taipei	p.70
	Revised Articles 7-1 and 8 of the Fee-charging Standards of Trademark	p.41
	Attended the 2nd Regular Meeting of the WTO/TRIPS Council	p.72

Jul.	Launched the Pilot Program for Accelerated Examination of Invention Patent Applications Filed by Female Applicants	p.28
	Launched the TIPO–INPI Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH) Pilot Program	p.74
	Held the 2025 IPR Affairs Seminar Series	p.67
	Conducted the Taiwan–Japan Patent and Trademark Administrative Judge Exchange	p.73
	Held the Workshops for Managing Trade Secrets with Academic and Research Institutions	p.70
Aug.	Revised the Examination Guidelines on Non-Traditional Trademarks, effective August 1, 2025	p.40
	Participated in the 61st APEC/IPEG Meetings	p.72
	Held the Seminars on Trade Secret Protection Practices for Enterprises in Taichung and Kaohsiung	p.70
Sep.	Held the Promotional Session for AI-Related Invention Case Compilation	p.30
	Held the Taiwan–Japan Intellectual Property Symposium	p.76
	Convened the 2nd Coordination Meeting on IPR Protection for 2025	p.80
Oct.	Hosted the 2025 Taiwan Innotech Expo	p.65
	Conducted the Taiwan–Japan Trademark Examiner Exchange	p.73
Nov.	Held the Awards Ceremony and Results Presentation for the 2025 Competition for Patent Portfolio Analysis	p.63
	Attended the 3rd Regular Meeting of the WTO/TRIPS Council	p.72
	Signed the MOU on the PPH MOTTAINAI and the MOU on IP Cooperation between TIPO and ILPO at the Taiwan-Israel Economic and Technological Cooperation Conference	p.75
	Held the Taiwan-Canada IP Policy Dialogue	p.75
Dec.	Revised the Examination Guidelines on Procedural Examination of Applications for Trademark Registration, effective December 1, 2025	p.40
	Updated the Net-Zero Emissions Certification Marks Info Section	p.51
	Signed the Patent Data Exchange Agreement between TIPO and the German Patent and Trade Mark Office (DPMA)	p.74

2.Statistics

I. Patent Applications Filed & Disposed

A. General Statistics on Patent Cases (2016-2025)

Item / Year	Application	Certificate Issued	Grant
2016	72,442	76,406	76,406
2017	73,791	71,878	71,877
2018	73,421	62,193	62,193
2019	74,652	57,887	57,886
2020	72,238	58,719	58,719
2021	72,613	59,478	59,476
2022	72,059	58,015	58,014
2023	72,607	59,698	59,698
2024	72,742	61,975	61,974
2025	71,965	62,362	62,361

Reporting Date: January 11, 2026

Note: "Application" refers to the numbers of applications filed each individual calendar year. "Certificate Issued" refers to the numbers of certificates being issued. "Grant" refers to the counts of approved cases published and issued at the same time.

B. Statistics on Patent from 2016 to 2025

1. Patent Cases Filed & Disposed

Item / Year	Application	Reexamination	Invalidation	Assignment	Licensing
2016	72,442	6,329	548	6,621	107
2017	73,791	5,448	525	6,176	137
2018	73,421	4,513	567	5,886	111
2019	74,652	5,220	431	5,241	98
2020	72,238	6,500	467	6,221	140
2021	72,613	6,655	438	5,665	79
2022	72,059	6,540	431	5,851	123
2023	72,607	6,664	360	4,287	66
2024	72,742	6,696	393	4,525	74
2025	71,965	6,760	344	5,683	66

Reporting Date: January 11, 2026

Note: 1. The numbers for "Application", "Reexamination", and "Invalidation" are the total counts of cases filed each year.

2. The numbers for "Assignment" and "Licensing" are the total counts of cases concluded each year.

2. Invention Patent Applications Filed & Disposed

Item / Year	Application	Pre-grant Publication	Request for Examination	Reexamination	Rejection	Grant	Invalidation
2016	43,836	44,355	38,382	6,239	15,427	48,947	163
2017	46,122	43,676	40,124	5,343	10,383	45,710	163
2018	47,429	44,073	41,991	4,430	8,601	36,147	145
2019	48,268	48,020	42,987	5,076	9,640	34,926	123
2020	46,664	46,834	43,035	6,283	11,206	33,811	152
2021	49,116	47,951	43,576	6,496	10,628	36,576	161
2022	50,242	49,559	44,402	6,426	9,904	37,175	180
2023	50,854	50,024	44,206	6,538	9,984	39,253	142
2024	50,823	50,413	45,847	6,577	9,787	40,516	170
2025	51,230	49,597	46,720	6,623	9,822	42,037	130

Reporting Date: January 11, 2026

Note: 1. "Rejection" refers to the counts of rejections rendered after the examination and reexamination process. "Grant" refers to the counts of approved cases published and issued at the same time.

2. "Pre-Grant Publication" refers to the early publication for new applications.

3. "Requests for Substantive Examination" refers to the counts of substantive examination are requested each individual calendar year.

3. Utility Model Patent Applications Filed & Disposed

Item / Year	Application	Rejection	Grant	Requests for Technical Evaluation Report	Issuance of Technical Evaluation Report	Invalidation
2016	20,161	191	19,793	1,607	2,049	329
2017	19,549	174	19,037	1,553	2,075	314
2018	17,910	160	18,559	1,397	1,515	368
2019	17,580	109	16,300	1,189	1,291	264
2020	17,555	105	17,489	1,075	850	274
2021	15,796	147	15,742	817	970	224
2022	14,662	146	14,212	758	831	219
2023	14,466	156	14,035	731	787	196
2024	14,559	186	15,037	636	705	206
2025	14,000	115	13,727	537	576	192

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Note: 1. "Rejection" refers to the counts of rejections rendered after the examination and reexamination process. "Grant" refers to the counts of approved cases published and issued at the same time.

2. "Requests for Technical Evaluation Report" refers to the counts of technical evaluation reports requested each individual calendar year. "Issuance of Technical Evaluation Report" refers to the counts of the technical evaluation reports issued after receiving the requests.

4. Design Patent Applications Filed & Disposed

Item / Year	Application	Reexamination	Rejection	Grant	Invalidation
2016	8,445	90	672	7,666	56
2017	8,120	104	521	7,130	48
2018	8,082	83	643	7,487	54
2019	8,804	144	753	6,660	44
2020	8,019	217	1,043	7,419	41
2021	7,701	159	853	7,158	53
2022	7,155	114	629	6,627	32
2023	7,287	125	697	6,410	22
2024	7,360	119	628	6,421	17
2025	6,735	137	679	6,597	22

Reporting Date: January 11, 2026

Note: "Rejection" refers to the counts of rejections rendered after the examination and reexamination process. "Grant" refers to the counts of approved cases published and issued at the same time.

5. Patent Opposition and Invalidation

Item / Year	Opposition		Invalidation										
			Sustained				Partially Sustained			Denied			
	Sustained	Denied	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Subtotal	Invention	Utility Model	Subtotal	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Subtotal
2016	0	0	—	—	—	277	—	—	100	—	—	—	300
2017	0	0	—	—	—	310	—	—	91	—	—	—	287
2018	0	0	—	—	—	266	—	—	86	—	—	—	233
2019	0	0	46	162	14	222	22	41	63	71	104	4	179
2020	0	0	43	132	29	204	16	54	70	37	68	21	126
2021	0	0	68	113	21	202	24	46	70	45	60	22	127
2022	0	0	45	99	24	168	18	28	46	99	85	34	218
2023	0	0	41	87	9	137	21	36	57	101	99	7	207
2024	0	0	48	86	14	148	12	32	44	88	88	8	184
2025	0	0	41	102	4	147	24	44	68	80	73	8	161

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Note: 1. The numbers above refer to the counts of completed cases for patent oppositions, invalidation sustained, invalidation denied or invalidation partially sustained; all patents that are withdrawn, dismissed or rejected are excluded from the counts in the data of the table.

2. In January 1, 2013, invalidation adopted the system of disposition by claims. Sustained invalidation refers to all claims being sustained in the invalidation request; partially sustained refers to parts of the claims in the invalidation request are sustained, while the remaining parts are either denied or rejected; denied invalidation refers to all the claims in the invalidation request are denied or parts of them are denied and the remaining parts are rejected.

3. The outcomes of design invalidation requests include sustained and denied invalidation but no partially sustained invalidation.

6. Patent Administrative Appeals

Item / Year	Administrative Appeals					
	Cases Filed	Decisions of Administrative Appeals				
		Original Decisions Revoked	Others	Administrative Appeals Rejected	Other Disposals	Rate of Revocation
2016	313	14	2	296	6	5.0%
2017	288	11	3	284	2	4.7%
2018	274	13	1	254	1	5.2%
2019	211	7	1	242	2	3.2%
2020	201	5	0	205	0	2.4%
2021	238	6	0	219	1	2.7%
2022	198	4	1	190	3	2.5%
2023	216	3	0	232	6	1.2%
2024	207	6	0	153	5	3.7%
2025	166	9	0	186	0	4.6%

Note: 1. The above statistics are based on the numbers published by the Petitions and Appeals Committee, MOEA.

2. Rejection refers to not accepting and rejecting an appeal decision; others refer to partial rejection and partial cancellation cases; other disposals include withdrawal by the appellant, transfer of jurisdiction, and bundled proceeding.

7. Patent Administrative Litigation Processed by the Intellectual Property and Commercial Court

Item / Year	Cases Received	Cases Concluded							
		Withdrawn	Plaintiff Won	Plaintiff Lost	Partially Sustained	Dismissals	Settlements	Others	Total
2016	104	18	17	57	11	4	0	0	107
2017	103	7	16	62	11	2	0	0	98
2018	103	6	20	76	8	2	0	0	112
2019	95	3	22	77	3	2	0	0	107
2020	67	4	14	51	7	0	0	0	76
2021	70	1	5	52	5	0	0	0	63
2022	83	9	11	59	1	2	0	0	82
2023	74	3	10	52	4	1	0	0	70
2024	68	18	10	47	4	2	1	0	82
2025	65	2	8	51	6	1	0	0	68

Note: 1. The above statistics are provided by the Intellectual Property and Commercial Court.

2. "Plaintiff Won" and "Partially Sustained" include appeals filed against the Ministry of Economic Affairs whose appeal decisions were revoked.

8. Resident and Non-Resident Patent Applications

Item / Year	Residents				Non-Residents			
	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total
2016	16,866	18,998	4,579	40,443	26,970	1,163	3,866	31,999
2017	18,199	18,343	4,293	40,835	27,923	1,206	3,827	32,956
2018	18,365	16,661	4,252	39,278	29,064	1,249	3,830	34,143
2019	18,984	16,412	4,208	39,604	29,284	1,168	4,596	35,048
2020	19,012	16,445	3,947	39,404	27,652	1,110	4,072	32,834
2021	19,547	14,543	3,534	37,624	29,569	1,253	4,167	34,989
2022	19,400	13,669	3,411	36,480	30,842	993	3,744	35,579
2023	19,634	13,309	3,437	36,380	31,220	1,157	3,850	36,227
2024	19,586	13,341	3,338	36,265	31,237	1,218	4,022	36,477
2025	19,511	12,574	3,192	35,277	31,719	1,426	3,543	36,688

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9. Resident and Non-Resident Patent Grants

Item / Year	Residents				Non-Residents			
	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total
2016	21,178	18,608	4,185	43,971	27,769	1,185	3,481	32,435
2017	18,569	17,934	3,629	40,132	27,141	1,103	3,501	31,745
2018	14,651	17,270	3,903	35,824	21,496	1,289	3,584	26,369
2019	14,481	15,213	3,371	33,065	20,445	1,087	3,289	24,821
2020	13,986	16,345	3,351	33,682	19,825	1,144	4,068	25,037
2021	15,395	14,555	3,311	33,261	21,181	1,187	3,847	26,215
2022	15,899	13,114	2,916	31,929	21,276	1,098	3,711	26,085
2023	16,540	13,107	3,148	32,795	22,713	928	3,262	26,903
2024	16,485	13,711	2,894	33,090	24,031	1,326	3,527	28,884
2025	17,180	12,504	2,881	32,565	24,857	1,223	3,716	29,796

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Note: "Grants" refer to the counts of approved cases published and issued at the same time.

C. Statistics on Patent by Class

1. Statistics on Invention Patent Applications and Grants by Classification Covering the Last 3 Years

Classification	Application			Grant		
	2022	2023	2024	2023	2024	2025
A01	373	408	363	395	326	312
A21	24	21	31	19	27	22
A22	6	9	5	2	9	4
A23	233	244	212	149	161	160
A24	86	157	152	61	82	60
A41	57	43	45	37	40	43
A42	20	17	15	12	19	14
A43	82	91	76	70	109	89
A44	46	39	40	40	41	41
A45	75	86	78	68	72	67
A46	19	17	9	12	22	20
A47	473	479	511	387	454	484
A61	3,271	3,236	3,321	2,149	2,227	2,120
A62	71	45	48	48	46	52
A63	304	301	365	297	300	288
A99	0	0	0	0	0	0
B01	518	543	555	368	355	465
B02	6	11	13	12	12	15
B03	10	10	11	13	8	10
B04	7	0	2	4	2	2
B05	161	155	139	163	125	129
B06	14	20	11	11	13	11
B07	19	17	16	22	12	16
B08	144	142	140	138	110	121
B09	40	43	63	35	38	56
B21	86	101	96	86	60	82
B22	83	106	108	51	62	66
B23	552	533	533	370	376	483
B24	328	305	242	195	299	251
B25	514	524	508	438	363	386
B26	43	53	39	51	35	39

Classification	Application			Grant		
	2022	2023	2024	2023	2024	2025
B27	18	16	13	9	6	20
B28	24	45	22	29	37	25
B29	396	437	382	334	284	311
B30	15	11	11	6	16	10
B31	9	14	6	6	6	12
B32	691	630	573	443	472	524
B33	12	5	3	11	5	4
B41	94	136	105	89	58	124
B42	9	9	8	5	4	8
B43	26	21	15	20	6	15
B44	13	15	11	5	7	13
B60	502	526	571	413	433	474
B61	29	30	22	27	26	20
B62	492	552	515	424	398	460
B63	49	65	46	25	40	43
B64	31	57	50	26	20	54
B65	701	781	636	547	628	515
B66	49	75	63	52	40	65
B67	15	17	16	2	9	12
B68	1	0	1	0	0	1
B81	39	43	56	29	43	28
B82	30	26	10	20	17	20
C01	370	366	448	244	271	319
C02	140	154	165	78	110	126
C03	268	281	247	244	211	233
C04	138	155	146	99	93	108
C05	27	17	20	11	22	10
C06	0	0	0	0	0	1
C07	2,336	2,028	2,211	1,401	1,447	1,484
C08	2,340	2,233	2,193	1,687	1,893	1,995
C09	1,201	1,138	1,073	1,139	1,214	1,192
C10	69	75	98	34	56	53
C11	96	102	102	73	67	92

Classification	Application			Grant		
	2022	2023	2024	2023	2024	2025
C12	683	630	632	305	409	411
C13	0	1	0	0	0	1
C14	1	2	3	3	0	5
C21	78	75	68	73	53	98
C22	219	247	255	166	178	248
C23	759	845	805	636	689	667
C25	220	265	262	169	167	214
C30	209	222	167	108	152	142
C40	0	0	0	1	0	0
D01	68	56	60	47	63	49
D02	18	26	22	22	15	23
D03	35	35	26	23	22	40
D04	51	46	57	69	59	50
D05	36	22	16	31	40	16
D06	95	121	110	107	114	93
D07	2	0	1	1	1	1
D21	18	37	33	27	29	15
D99	0	0	0	0	0	0
E01	17	23	19	18	17	18
E02	49	30	44	34	34	19
E03	25	47	66	35	40	32
E04	218	200	182	224	163	127
E05	120	109	111	102	113	100
E06	81	74	69	59	65	69
E21	19	5	12	18	6	4
F01	40	34	30	26	32	29
F02	31	36	31	19	30	15
F03	105	92	125	65	56	71
F04	192	207	247	173	153	186
F15	13	21	21	17	11	23
F16	563	611	613	478	457	554
F17	38	53	58	26	28	20
F21	123	123	81	133	85	77

Classification	Application			Grant		
	2022	2023	2024	2023	2024	2025
F22	7	7	9	10	8	1
F23	82	72	78	65	56	54
F24	216	187	196	158	140	146
F25	94	101	100	56	38	60
F26	23	30	21	27	21	25
F27	28	34	37	21	22	25
F28	201	161	208	198	134	132
F41	64	64	51	50	47	50
F42	4	3	9	2	4	6
G01	2,145	2,091	2,108	1,903	1,775	1,907
G02	1,593	1,790	1,754	1,259	1,504	1,441
G03	982	1,066	1,021	939	931	757
G04	5	10	14	10	8	12
G05	432	402	426	289	326	348
G06	4,610	4,525	4,944	4,044	3,792	3,939
G07	32	55	58	36	43	50
G08	141	141	115	119	128	100
G09	697	685	746	610	633	615
G10	178	170	169	156	173	173
G11	799	642	616	500	588	633
G12	0	2	0	0	2	3
G16	274	271	285	225	205	212
G21	28	29	25	36	35	31
G99	0	0	0	0	0	0
H01	9,162	8,118	7,363	7,560	7,612	6,497
H02	1,020	962	999	776	800	898
H03	521	470	472	434	388	392
H04	2,461	2,731	2,406	2,363	2,116	2,128
H05	1,208	1,100	1,148	951	1,020	1,024
H10	740	2,405	3,176	6	942	2,682
H99	0	0	0	0	0	0
X	474	419	458	0	0	0

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Note: The counts of patent applications of the year are excluded from the annual report owing to the statistical time lag of the classification process; thus, numbers from the last three years are counted as the basis of the statistics.

2. Statistics on Utility Model Patent Applications and Grants by Classification Covering the Last 3 Years

Classification	Application			Grant		
	2022	2023	2024	2023	2024	2025
A01	412	406	332	408	353	297
A21	41	29	34	29	33	31
A22	2	3	6	3	7	1
A23	130	133	106	120	121	100
A24	7	8	4	3	9	4
A41	161	127	110	122	129	109
A42	52	41	35	47	43	30
A43	90	119	114	93	130	81
A44	41	48	56	43	50	56
A45	235	215	246	206	249	207
A46	18	11	30	21	18	21
A47	921	857	908	895	920	806
A61	833	767	854	804	810	747
A62	112	73	64	84	65	79
A63	360	330	326	330	320	281
A99	0	1	0	1	0	0
B01	202	176	222	174	217	200
B02	20	17	17	17	15	11
B03	2	10	10	8	10	7
B04	3	2	1	6	1	3
B05	85	82	70	81	88	66
B06	1	1	2	0	2	1
B07	12	22	10	15	16	9
B08	50	69	58	59	62	68
B09	32	21	23	22	25	38
B21	48	50	42	46	48	48
B22	14	9	11	9	9	10
B23	274	252	272	278	272	237
B24	67	63	58	55	73	51
B25	235	221	254	217	238	230
B26	54	37	60	43	45	61
B27	16	20	19	19	20	10

Classification	Application			Grant		
	2022	2023	2024	2023	2024	2025
B28	6	5	11	6	9	5
B29	141	82	106	113	103	95
B30	9	15	12	12	15	13
B31	9	6	12	12	10	6
B32	78	90	93	93	86	96
B33	1	1	3	2	2	4
B41	31	51	36	42	48	37
B42	20	24	18	12	24	19
B43	30	14	21	17	21	17
B44	22	22	33	22	29	25
B60	371	370	388	371	420	357
B61	8	12	9	11	12	7
B62	376	404	445	369	451	391
B63	31	36	35	33	43	27
B64	23	38	33	23	41	34
B65	713	713	643	650	727	680
B66	69	62	71	59	74	66
B67	22	23	12	16	20	9
B68	3	1	1	3	2	0
B81	0	2	0	2	0	0
B82	0	3	0	1	2	1
C01	8	20	12	12	11	37
C02	79	74	80	70	94	69
C03	7	12	6	8	12	9
C04	6	3	6	5	3	11
C05	7	9	9	9	8	5
C06	0	0	0	0	0	0
C07	4	2	3	2	0	4
C08	11	9	11	11	11	8
C09	20	14	13	16	11	13
C10	4	8	5	2	6	14
C11	6	15	7	13	6	7
C12	30	41	25	30	31	26

Classification	Application			Grant		
	2022	2023	2024	2023	2024	2025
C13	0	0	0	0	0	0
C14	0	1	3	1	0	2
C21	14	7	10	8	11	7
C22	1	4	5	1	5	6
C23	38	32	35	33	40	28
C25	30	36	25	38	26	28
C30	4	15	6	1	16	8
C40	0	0	0	0	0	0
D01	11	15	10	9	14	10
D02	9	4	4	4	4	7
D03	21	16	15	21	17	12
D04	26	23	10	23	17	10
D05	23	34	14	32	18	18
D06	34	67	50	37	72	44
D07	0	0	3	0	2	1
D21	4	6	6	4	4	6
D99	0	0	0	0	0	0
E01	24	29	24	26	24	34
E02	37	27	26	33	25	24
E03	62	69	58	57	67	67
E04	318	338	271	314	306	281
E05	118	108	133	130	120	125
E06	130	148	96	161	106	111
E21	6	8	9	8	7	9
F01	27	27	39	30	30	29
F02	31	26	23	27	19	26
F03	80	47	59	52	57	69
F04	133	130	160	123	158	157
F15	16	8	7	12	5	12
F16	491	573	535	533	577	523
F17	20	20	22	23	21	13
F21	151	148	112	152	124	105
F22	0	3	2	1	4	0

Classification	Application			Grant		
	2022	2023	2024	2023	2024	2025
F23	36	37	35	38	35	28
F24	198	195	178	198	179	184
F25	35	51	51	45	52	55
F26	22	26	19	23	24	16
F27	7	10	15	6	20	8
F28	104	86	103	86	107	103
F41	50	65	41	52	59	65
F42	4	3	2	6	3	3
G01	349	356	374	349	397	373
G02	299	286	278	286	308	247
G03	85	70	62	87	65	53
G04	11	7	13	6	10	13
G05	48	45	50	41	52	58
G06	1,897	1,915	1,999	1,935	2,097	1,734
G07	62	58	64	58	71	52
G08	133	111	125	109	117	145
G09	194	192	196	188	212	208
G10	33	42	42	34	50	42
G11	25	23	14	28	19	18
G12	1	1	0	1	0	0
G16	86	65	83	61	76	88
G21	0	1	2	0	3	1
G99	0	0	0	0	0	0
H01	1,190	1,189	1,259	1,123	1,303	1,271
H02	330	334	360	330	342	366
H03	30	30	24	33	26	30
H04	275	250	278	240	298	276
H05	473	489	449	473	477	464
H10	1	8	39	0	9	62
H99	0	0	0	0	0	0
X	149	151	119	0	0	0

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Note: The counts of patent applications of the year are excluded from the annual report owing to the statistical time lag of the classification process; thus, numbers from the last three years are counted as the basis of the statistics.

3. Statistics on Design Patent Applications and Grants by Classification Covering the Last 3 Years

Classification	Application			Grant		
	2022	2023	2024	2023	2024	2025
01	43	42	35	24	25	31
02	201	270	263	204	262	196
03	126	231	313	146	203	248
04	44	23	32	45	29	25
05	32	42	28	21	34	26
06	332	294	352	316	214	281
07	310	309	279	299	235	217
08	303	296	351	249	243	277
09	406	338	355	406	300	316
10	259	279	215	232	255	198
11	314	294	283	285	264	273
12	788	762	756	608	801	702
13	557	603	767	493	573	714
14	872	1,015	810	788	787	856
15	327	370	441	305	330	439
16	186	222	212	153	202	190
17	7	4	9	5	4	8
18	3	5	2	3	1	5
19	102	90	73	95	68	83
20	22	22	41	19	25	34
21	223	257	224	186	225	223
22	49	55	66	40	53	64
23	478	342	365	438	283	320
24	241	208	180	233	166	172
25	125	127	123	116	102	114
26	356	327	298	356	363	205
27	23	8	10	13	9	0
28	239	212	229	198	231	247
29	60	63	66	68	49	70
30	43	52	56	30	46	32
31	33	34	37	35	34	26
32	4	2	7	1	5	5
X	48	89	82	0	0	0

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Note: The counts of patent applications of the year are excluded from the annual report owing to the statistical time lag of the classification process; thus, numbers from the last three years are counted as the basis of the statistics.

4. Counts of Invention Patent Applications Ranked by International Patent Classification (IPC) in 2024 (TOP 20)

Rank	IPC	IPC Subject	Total
1	H01L	Semiconductor devices; electric solid state devices not otherwise provided for	4,771
2	G06F	Electric digital data processing	2,556
3	A61K	Preparations for medical, dental, or toilet purposes	2,100
4	G06Q	Electronic commerce	1,441
5	H10D	Inorganic electric semiconductor devices	1,290
6	G02B	Optical elements, systems, or apparatus	1,212
7	H05K	Printed circuits; casings or constructional details of electric apparatus; manufacture of assemblages of electrical components	947
8	G03F	Photomechanical production of textured or patterned surfaces; materials therefor; originals therefor; apparatus specially adapted therefor	889
9	C07D	Heterocyclic compounds	808
10	C23C	Coating metallic material; coating material with metallic material	774
11	H10B	Electronic memory devices	760
12	C07K	Peptides	743
13	C08G	Macromolecular compounds obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds	734
14	H04W	Wireless communication networks	707
15	G01N	Investigating or analyzing materials by determining their chemical or physical properties	686
16	H04N	Pictorial communication	659
17	G01R	Measuring electric variables; measuring magnetic variables	649
18	H01J	Electric discharge tubes or discharge lamps	636
19	G11C	Static stores	606
20	G09G	Arrangements or circuits for control of indicating devices using static means to present variable information	596

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Note: 1. The table displays in descending order, which is based on counts of patent applications.

2. For detailed classification descriptions, please refer to International Patent Classification version 2025.01.

3. The counts of patent applications of the year are excluded from the annual report owing to the statistical time lag of classification process; thus, numbers from the last year are counted as the basis of the statistics.

5. Counts of Utility Model Patent Applications Ranked by International Patent Classification (IPC) in 2024 (TOP 20)

Rank	IPC	IPC Subject	Total
1	G06Q	Electronic commerce	1,409
2	H01R	Electrically-conductive connections	508
3	G06F	Electric digital data processing	477
4	H05K	Printed circuits; casings or constructional details of electric apparatus; manufacture of assemblages of electrical components	405
5	B65D	Containers for storage or transport of articles or materials	371
6	H01L	Semiconductor devices; electric solid state devices not otherwise provided for	364
7	A47J	Kitchen equipment; coffee mills; spice mills; apparatus for making beverages	210
8	A47G	Household or table equipment	204
9	A63B	Apparatus for physical training, gymnastics, swimming, climbing, or fencing; ball games; training equipment	190
10	B01D	Separation	180
11	B62J	Cycle saddles or seats	166
12	A61B	Diagnosis; surgery; identification	152
13	A01K	Animal husbandry; care of birds, fishes, insects; fishing; rearing or breeding animals, not otherwise provided for; new breeds of animals	146
14	B65G	Transport or storage devices	144
15	G09B	Educational or demonstration appliances; appliances for teaching, or communicating with, the blind, deaf or mute; models	135
16	A47B	Tables; desks; office furniture; cabinets; drawers; general details of furniture	134
16	B25B	Tools or bench devices not otherwise provided for, for fastening, connecting, disengaging, or holding	134
18	G02B	Optical elements, systems, or apparatus	129
19	A47C	Chairs; sofas; beds	128
20	A61F	Filters implantable into blood vessels; prostheses; devices providing patency to, or preventing collapsing of, tubular structures of the body	123

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Note: 1. The table displays in descending order, which is based on counts of patent applications.

2. For detailed classification descriptions, please refer to International Patent Classification version 2025.01.

3. The counts of patent applications of the year are excluded from the annual report owing to the statistical time lag of the classification process; thus, numbers from the last year are counted as the basis of the statistics.

6. Counts of Design Patent Applications Ranked by International Classification for Industrial Designs (LOC) in 2024 (TOP 20)

Rank	LOC	LOC Subject	Total
1	13-03	Equipment for distribution or control of electric power	434
2	12-16	Parts, equipment and accessories for vehicles, not included in other classes or subclasses	370
3	14-04	Screen displays and icons	286
4	03-01	Trunks, suitcases, briefcases, handbags, keyholders, cases specially designed for their contents, wallets and similar articles	247
5	14-02	Data processing equipment as well as peripheral apparatus and devices	233
6	26-06	Luminous devices for vehicles	207
7	28-03	Toilet articles and beauty parlor equipment	193
8	11-01	Jewellery	182
9	21-01	Games and toys	165
10	13-99	Miscellaneous	159
11	06-01	Seats	156
12	13-02	Power transformers, rectifiers, batteries and accumulators	155
13	15-05	Washing, cleaning and drying machines	147
14	12-11	Cycles and motorcycles	132
15	23-01	Fluid distribution equipment	129
16	16-06	Optical articles	124
17	14-03	Telecommunications equipment, wireless remote controls and radio amplifiers	121
18	07-02	Cooking appliances, ustensils and containers	119
18	09-01	Bottles, flasks, pots, carboys, demijohns, and containers with dynamic dispensing means	119
20	08-05	Other tools and implements	112

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Note: 1. The table displays in descending order, which is based on counts of patent applications.

2. The counts of patent applications of the year are excluded from the annual report owing to the statistical time lag of the classification process; thus, numbers from the last year are counted as the basis of the statistics.

3. For detailed LOC classfication descriptions, please refer to International Classification for Industrial Designs 15th edition.

7. Counts of Invention Patent Grants Ranked by International Patent Classification (IPC) in 2025 (TOP 20)

Rank	IPC	IPC Subject	Total
1	H01L	Semiconductor devices; electric solid state devices not otherwise provided for	4,385
2	G06F	Electric digital data processing	2,228
3	A61K	Preparations for medical, dental, or toilet purposes	1,039
4	G06Q	Electronic commerce	1,032
5	H10D	Inorganic electric semiconductor devices	1,018
6	G02B	Optical elements, systems, or apparatus	921
7	H05K	Printed circuits; casings or constructional details of electric apparatus; manufacture of assemblages of electrical components	779
8	H04N	Pictorial communication	661
9	C08G	Macromolecular compounds obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds	642
10	G03F	Photomechanical production of textured or patterned surfaces; materials therefor; originals therefor; apparatus specially adapted therefor	640
11	C23C	Coating metallic material; coating material with metallic material	638
11	H04W	Wireless communication networks	638
13	G11C	Static stores	614
14	H10B	Electronic memory devices	606
15	G01R	Measuring electric variables; measuring magnetic variables	590
16	C07D	Heterocyclic compounds	557
17	G01N	Investigating or analyzing materials by determining their chemical or physical properties	529
18	B32B	Layered products	524
19	C08F	Macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds	522
20	H01J	Electric discharge tubes or discharge lamps	501

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Note: 1. The table displays in descending order, which is based on counts of patent grants.

2. For detailed classification descriptions, please refer to International Patent Classification version 2025.01.

8. Counts of Utility Model Patent Grants Ranked by International Patent Classification (IPC) in 2025 (TOP 20)

Rank	IPC	IPC Subject	Total
1	G06Q	Electronic commerce	1,165
2	H01R	Electrically-conductive connections	507
3	G06F	Electric digital data processing	466
4	H05K	Printed circuits; casings or constructional details of electric apparatus; manufacture of assemblages of electrical components	424
5	B65D	Containers for storage or transport of articles or materials	411
6	H01L	Semiconductor devices; electric solid state devices not otherwise provided for	378
7	A47G	Household or table equipment	187
8	A47J	Kitchen equipment; coffee mills; spice mills; apparatus for making beverages	180
9	A63B	Apparatus for physical training, gymnastics, swimming, climbing, or fencing; ball games; training equipment	175
10	B62J	Cycle saddles or seats	163
11	B01D	Separation	159
12	G09B	Educational or demonstration appliances; appliances for teaching, or communicating with, the blind, deaf or mute; models	156
13	B65G	Transport or storage devices	153
14	G02B	Optical elements, systems, or apparatus	144
15	A01K	Animal husbandry; care of birds, fishes, insects; fishing; rearing or breeding animals, not otherwise provided for; new breeds of animals	135
16	A47L	Domestic washing or cleaning; suction cleaners in general	127
16	A61B	Diagnosis; surgery; identification	127
18	A61H	Physical therapy apparatus	124
19	B25B	Tools or bench devices not otherwise provided for, for fastening, connecting, disengaging, or holding	120
20	F04D	Non-positive-displacement pumps	116
20	G01N	Investigating or analyzing materials by determining their chemical or physical properties	116

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Note: 1. The table displays in descending order, which is based on counts of patent grants.

2. Please refer to International Patent Classification version 2025.01 for detailed classification descriptions.

9. Counts of Design Patent Grants Ranked by International Classification for Industrial Designs (LOC) in 2025 (TOP 20)

Rank	LOC	LOC Subject	Total
1	13-03	Equipment for distribution or control of electric power	393
2	12-16	Parts, equipment and accessories for vehicles, not included in other classes or subclasses	316
3	14-04	Screen displays and icons	294
4	14-02	Data processing equipment as well as peripheral apparatus and devices	286
5	28-03	Toilet articles and beauty parlor equipment	220
6	03-01	Trunks, suitcases, briefcases, handbags, keyholders, cases specially designed for their contents, wallets and similar articles	216
7	15-05	Washing, cleaning and drying machines	180
8	11-01	Jewellery	172
9	13-99	Miscellaneous	153
10	21-01	Games and toys	151
11	26-06	Luminous devices for vehicles	148
12	12-11	Cycles and motorcycles	144
13	13-02	Power transformers, rectifiers, batteries and accumulators	143
14	16-06	Optical articles	138
15	23-01	Fluid distribution equipment	115
16	14-03	Communications equipment, wireless remote controls and radio amplifiers	114
17	09-01	Bottles, flasks, pots, carboys, demijohns, and containers with dynamic dispensing means	109
18	06-01	Seats	108
19	07-02	Cooking appliances, ustensils and containers	100
20	11-02	Trinkets, table, mantel and wall ornaments, flower vases and pots	99

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Note: 1. The table displays in descending order, which is based on counts of patent grants.

2. For detailed LOC classfication descriptions, please refer to International Classification for Industrial Designs 15th edition.

10. Statistics on Patent Applications by Nationality (2025)

Nationality	Application				
	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total	Percentage
TAIWAN, REPUBLIC OF CHINA	19,511	12,574	3,192	35,277	49.02%
JAPAN	12,524	59	852	13,435	18.67%
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	6,954	88	621	7,663	10.65%
MAINLAND CHINA	3,703	1,012	605	5,320	7.39%
REPUBLIC OF KOREA	3,346	52	169	3,567	4.96%
GERMANY	1,051	5	145	1,201	1.67%
SWITZERLAND	635	6	456	1,097	1.52%
NETHERLANDS	577	5	44	626	0.87%
SINGAPORE	479	22	81	582	0.81%
FRANCE	309	0	160	469	0.65%
UNITED KINGDOM	348	2	35	385	0.53%
HONG KONG	164	109	60	333	0.46%
CANADA	196	1	7	204	0.28%
SWEDEN	167	0	30	197	0.27%
ITALY	117	4	76	197	0.27%
ISRAEL	163	9	5	177	0.25%
AUSTRALIA	148	5	19	172	0.24%
CAYMAN ISLANDS	106	25	15	146	0.20%
DENMARK	75	0	43	118	0.16%
FINLAND	111	1	4	116	0.16%
AUSTRIA	77	1	7	85	0.12%
BELGIUM	75	0	8	83	0.12%
SPAIN	71	0	1	72	0.10%
NEW ZEALAND	21	0	30	51	0.07%
NORWAY	19	1	15	35	0.05%
INDIA	30	0	2	32	0.04%

Nationality	Application				
	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total	Percentage
MALAYSIA	27	1	1	29	0.04%
THAILAND	20	5	4	29	0.04%
SAMOA	19	6	4	29	0.04%
IRELAND	24	0	1	25	0.03%
BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS	20	2	1	23	0.03%
LUXEMBOURG	16	0	0	16	0.02%
INDONESIA	1	0	14	15	0.02%
LIECHTENSTEIN	12	0	1	13	0.02%
POLAND	11	1	1	13	0.02%
RUSSIAN FEDERATION	10	1	0	11	0.02%
ARMENIA	3	1	6	10	0.01%
SLOVENIA	0	0	10	10	0.01%
CZECH REPUBLIC	6	0	0	6	0.01%
BRAZIL	5	0	0	5	0.01%
HUNGARY	5	0	0	5	0.01%
LATVIA	5	0	0	5	0.01%
ESTONIA	4	0	1	5	0.01%
OTHERS	65	2	9	76	0.12%
TOTAL	51,230	14,000	6,735	71,965	100.00%

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Note: Counts which are fewer than 5 applications are listed as "OTHERS".

11. Statistics on Pre-Grant Publications by Nationality (2025)

Nationality	Pre-Grant Publication	Percentage	Nationality	Pre-Grant Publication	Percentage
TAIWAN, REPUBLIC OF CHINA	19,093	38.50%	DENMARK	96	0.19%
JAPAN	11,768	23.73%	BELGIUM	76	0.15%
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	6,713	13.54%	CAYMAN ISLANDS	70	0.14%
MAINLAND CHINA	3,542	7.14%	IRELAND	46	0.09%
REPUBLIC OF KOREA	3,316	6.69%	AUSTRALIA	43	0.09%
GERMANY	990	2.00%	SPAIN	35	0.07%
NETHERLANDS	694	1.40%	INDIA	33	0.07%
SWITZERLAND	631	1.27%	NORWAY	26	0.05%
SINGAPORE	466	0.94%	NEW ZEALAND	22	0.04%
UNITED KINGDOM	385	0.78%	LUXEMBOURG	20	0.04%
FRANCE	326	0.66%	SAMOA	20	0.04%
ISRAEL	193	0.39%	MALAYSIA	18	0.04%
SWEDEN	159	0.32%	SLOVENIA	15	0.03%
HONG KONG	155	0.31%	BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS	14	0.03%
CANADA	148	0.30%	THAILAND	11	0.02%
FINLAND	120	0.24%	POLAND	6	0.01%
ITALY	108	0.22%	OTHERS	139	0.27%
AUSTRIA	100	0.20%	TOTAL	49,597	100.00%

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Note: Counts which are fewer than 5 pre-grant publications are listed as "OTHERS".

12. Statistics on Patent Grants by Nationality (2025)

Nationality	Number of Granted Patents				
	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total	Percentage
TAIWAN, REPUBLIC OF CHINA	17,180	12,504	2,881	32,565	52.22%
JAPAN	10,455	57	831	11,343	18.19%
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	5,171	76	820	6,067	9.73%
MAINLAND CHINA	2,857	840	599	4,296	6.89%
REPUBLIC OF KOREA	2,683	48	238	2,969	4.76%
GERMANY	770	5	216	991	1.59%
SWITZERLAND	510	10	330	850	1.36%
SINGAPORE	438	31	60	529	0.85%
NETHERLANDS	450	5	30	485	0.78%
FRANCE	167	0	108	275	0.44%
UNITED KINGDOM	210	1	39	250	0.40%
HONG KONG	99	80	48	227	0.36%
ITALY	81	4	119	204	0.33%
SWEDEN	113	0	55	168	0.27%
ISRAEL	119	1	8	128	0.21%
AUSTRIA	112	1	10	123	0.20%
CANADA	100	2	21	123	0.20%
CAYMAN ISLANDS	60	37	10	107	0.17%
NEW ZEALAND	25	1	63	89	0.14%
BELGIUM	60	0	5	65	0.10%
DENMARK	56	0	5	61	0.10%
AUSTRALIA	32	4	23	59	0.09%
FINLAND	54	1	2	57	0.09%
SAMOA	24	8	4	36	0.06%
IRELAND	32	0	2	34	0.05%
INDIA	19	0	3	22	0.04%

Nationality	Number of Granted Patents				
	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total	Percentage
INDONESIA	1	0	20	21	0.03%
NORWAY	6	1	13	20	0.03%
MALAYSIA	13	1	5	19	0.03%
SPAIN	17	0	1	18	0.03%
THAILAND	10	3	5	18	0.03%
BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS	15	2	0	17	0.03%
SLOVENIA	10	0	6	16	0.03%
LUXEMBOURG	15	0	0	15	0.02%
POLAND	11	1	0	12	0.02%
LIECHTENSTEIN	9	0	2	11	0.02%
BRAZIL	8	0	0	8	0.01%
ARMENIA	1	0	7	8	0.01%
HUNGARY	6	0	0	6	0.01%
OTHERS	38	3	8	49	0.08%
TOTAL	42,037	13,727	6,597	62,361	100.00%

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Note: Counts which are fewer than 5 granted patents are listed as "OTHERS".

13. Resident Patent Applicants Ranked by Counts of Patent Applications Filed in 2025 (Top 20)

Rank	Applicant	Number of Applications			
		Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total
1	TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY LTD.	1,485	0	0	1,485
2	HON HAI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO., LTD.	340	218	9	567
3	AU OPTRONICS CORPORATION	397	7	10	414
4	DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC.	280	49	44	373
5	INVENTEC CORPORATION	316	26	0	342
6	INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH INSTITUTE	328	8	1	337
7	NANYA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION	328	0	0	328
8	CHINA STEEL CORPORATION	143	144	0	287
9	REALTEK SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION	286	0	0	286
10	MEDIATEK INC.	269	0	0	269
11	INNOLUX CORPORATION	235	1	2	238
12	ACER INCORPORATED	171	1	56	228
13	ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC.	132	75	1	208
14	BANK OF TAIWAN	27	149	4	180
15	UNITED MICROELECTRONICS CORP.	179	0	0	179
16	L&F PLASTICS, CO., LTD.	5	11	149	165
17	LITE-ON TECHNOLOGY CORP.	127	26	3	156
18	NATIONAL CHENG KUNG UNIVERSITY	134	18	2	154
19	CHUNGHWA TELECOM CO., LTD.	151	0	0	151
20	WISTRON CORPORATION	141	1	2	144

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Note: Applicants with the same counts of applications are regarded as the same ranking, whereas the order is based on the counts of invention patent applications filed.

14. Resident Patent Applicants Ranked by Counts of Grants in 2025 (Top 20)

Rank	Applicant	Number of Grants			
		Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total
1	TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY LTD.	1,543	0	0	1,543
2	NANYA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION	450	0	0	450
3	AU OPTRONICS CORPORATION	409	7	13	429
4	HON HAI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO., LTD.	142	233	14	389
5	INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH INSTITUTE	344	11	0	355
6	ACER INCORPORATED	275	3	52	330
7	DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC.	232	55	38	325
8	INVENTEC CORPORATION	278	29	0	307
9	REALTEK SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION	284	0	0	284
10	CHINA STEEL CORPORATION	128	134	0	262
11	ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC.	96	80	2	178
12	UNITED MICROELECTRONICS CORP.	176	0	0	176
13	COMPAL ELECTRONICS, INC.	116	23	31	170
14	BANK OF TAIWAN	7	155	5	167
15	MEDIATEK INC.	161	0	0	161
16	TAIWAN COOPERATIVE BANK CO., LTD.	23	133	0	156
17	TAIPEI CHENGSHIN UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	9	145	0	154
18	CHUNGHWA TELECOM CO., LTD.	147	0	1	148
19	WINBOND ELECTRONICS CORP.	147	0	0	147
20	MACRONIX INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.	136	0	0	136

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Note: Applicants with the same counts of grants are regarded as the same ranking, whereas the order is based on the counts of invention patents.

15. Non-Resident Patent Applicants Ranked by Counts of Patent Applications Filed in 2025 (Top 20)

Rank	Applicant	Number of Applications			
		Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total
1	APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.	1,088	1	28	1,117
2	TOKYO ELECTRON LIMITED	773	1	10	784
3	SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	741	0	5	746
4	COUPANG CORP.	675	0	2	677
5	QUALCOMM INCORPORATED	570	0	0	570
6	KIOXIA CORPORATION	454	0	0	454
7	NITTO DENKO CORPORATION	406	0	0	406
8	BEIJING ROBOROCK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	125	121	141	387
9	SHIN-ETSU CHEMICAL CO., LTD.	359	2	1	362
10	WONDERLAND SWITZERLAND AG	198	5	125	328
11	SCREEN HOLDINGS CO., LTD.	263	0	23	286
12	LAM RESEARCH CORPORATION	276	0	9	285
12	RESONAC CORPORATION	270	0	15	285
14	FUJIFILM CORPORATION	256	0	4	260
15	PANASONIC INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT CO., LTD.	203	0	21	224
16	ASML NETHERLANDS B.V.	219	0	0	219
17	SUMITOMO CHEMICAL CO., LTD.	204	0	0	204
18	ASM IP HOLDING B.V.	161	1	10	172
19	APPLE INC.	68	0	103	171
20	SAMSUNG ELECTRO-MECHANICS CO., LTD.	124	42	0	166

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Note: Applicants with the same counts of applications are regarded as the same ranking, whereas the order is based on the counts of invention patent applications filed.

16. Non-Resident Applicants Ranked by Counts of Grants in 2025 (Top 20)

Rank	Applicant	Number of Grants			
		Invention	Utility Model	Design	Total
1	APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.	684	2	21	707
2	COUPANG CORP.	672	0	1	673
3	QUALCOMM INCORPORATED	616	0	0	616
4	TOKYO ELECTRON LIMITED	503	0	7	510
5	SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	474	0	7	481
6	SCREEN HOLDINGS CO., LTD.	289	0	42	331
7	NITTO DENKO CORPORATION	329	0	0	329
8	KIOXIA CORPORATION	257	0	0	257
9	DISCO CORPORATION	239	0	0	239
10	SHIN-ETSU CHEMICAL CO., LTD.	218	2	17	237
11	LAM RESEARCH CORPORATION	218	0	11	229
12	WONDERLAND SWITZERLAND AG	150	4	60	214
13	APPLE INC.	39	0	162	201
14	BEIJING ROBOROCK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	33	70	96	199
15	FUJIFILM CORPORATION	190	0	5	195
16	RESONAC CORPORATION	184	0	4	188
17	ASML NETHERLANDS B.V.	185	0	0	185
17	SUMITOMO CHEMICAL CO., LTD.	185	0	0	185
19	SEMICONDUCTOR ENERGY LABORATORY CO., LTD.	184	0	0	184
20	LG DISPLAY CO., LTD.	161	0	9	170

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Note: Applicants with the same counts of grants are regarded as the same ranking, whereas the order is based on the counts of invention patents.

17. Counts of Patent Grants Ranked by Type of Industry in 2025

Type of Industry	Corresponding International Patent Classification	Residents		Non-Residents		Total	
		Invention	Utility Model	Invention	Utility Model	No. of Certificates Issued	Percentage
Agriculture, Forest, Fishery & Animal Husbandry	A01 (exclude A01H,A01K67,A01N, A01P)	140	281	102	14	537	0.96%
Foods & Tobacco	A21-A24	87	133	159	3	382	0.69%
Domestic Articles	A41-A47	390	1,141	368	169	2,068	3.71%
Pharmaceutical & Entertainment	A61-A63 (exclude A61K&A61P,A61Q)	863	970	555	47	2,435	4.37%
Biotech	A01H,A01K67,A01N,A61K35/66-35/76,38,39,47/42,48, 49/14,49/16,51/08,51/10,A61P,C07K, C12,G01N33,A01P	309	40	875	1	1,225	2.20%
Preparation for Medical, Dental or Toilet Purposes	A61K (exclude 35/66-35/76,38,39,47/42,48,49/14,49/16 ,51/08,51/10), A61Q	246	88	622	0	956	1.71%
Separation & Mixing	B01-B09	313	354	512	49	1,228	2.20%
Working of Metal	B21-B32 (exclude B31)	801	820	1,396	36	3,053	5.47%
Printing	B41-B44	76	94	84	4	258	0.46%
Transporting	B60-B68	806	1,460	838	111	3,215	5.77%
Micro-structural Technology; Nano-technology	B81-B82	22	1	26	0	49	0.09%
Inorganic Chemistry, Treatment of Waste Water	C01-C05,C30	230	124	708	15	1,077	1.93%
Organic Chemistry	C07 (exclude C07K、C07M)	73	2	964	0	1,039	1.86%
Organic Macromolecular Compound	C08	273	8	1,722	0	2,003	3.59%
Dyes, Petroleum, Animal or Vegetable Oils	C09-C11	141	33	1,196	1	1,371	2.46%
Sugar Industries & Pelts/ Leather	C13-C14	6	2	0	0	8	0.01%
Metallurgy, Coating Metallic Material & Alloys	C21-C23,C25 (exclude C22K)	239	63	988	6	1,296	2.32%
Textiles & Flexible Materials	D01-D07	89	85	183	17	374	0.67%
Paper Making & Making Paper Articles	D21,B31	10	8	17	4	39	0.07%

Type of Industry	Corresponding International Patent Classification	Residents		Non-Residents		Total	
		Invention	Utility Model	Invention	Utility Model	No. of Certificates Issued	Percentage
Fixed Constructions	E01-E06	250	624	115	18	1,007	1.81%
Mining or Quarrying	E21	2	8	2	1	13	0.02%
Engines and Pumps	F01-F04	189	242	112	39	582	1.04%
Hydraulics or Pneumatics in General	F15-F17	307	517	290	31	1,145	2.05%
Lighting; Heating	F21-F28	291	440	229	59	1,019	1.83%
Weapons; Explosive Charges	F41-F42,C06	35	68	22	0	125	0.22%
Optics	G01-G03 (exclude G01N33)	1,712	576	2,310	88	4,686	8.40%
Measuring	G04-G08 (exclude G06F,G06Q)	673	348	504	10	1,535	2.75%
Semiconductor Applications	G09-G12	897	261	527	7	1,692	3.03%
Nuclear Engineering	G21	3	1	28	0	32	0.06%
Electric Power; Generation, Distribution or Conversion of Electric Power, Electric Heating	H02,H05	1,087	737	835	93	2,752	4.94%
Basic Electronic Elements	H01 (exclude H01L)	777	661	1,335	232	3,005	5.39%
Semiconductor Devices	H01L	1,541	329	2,844	49	4,763	8.54%
Basic Electronic Circuitry; Electric Communication Technique	H03,H04	1,028	232	1,492	74	2,826	5.07%
Electric Digital Data Processing	G06F (exclude 17/60)	1,251	435	977	31	2,694	4.83%
E-business	G06F17/60,G06Q	383	1,159	649	6	2,197	3.94%
Others		1,640	159	1,271	8	3,078	5.52%
Total		17,180	12,504	24,857	1,223	55,764	100.00%

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18. Statistics on Valid Patents

Invention & Utility Model

Classification	Invention	Utility Model
A01	2,551	1,870
A21	166	218
A22	34	20
A23	1,699	671
A24	403	48
A41	343	739
A42	119	185
A43	751	613
A44	778	287
A45	449	1,094
A46	109	86
A47	3,309	4,491
A61	16,528	4,459
A62	387	429
A63	2,229	1,661
A99	0	2
B01	3,720	1,163
B02	110	88
B03	89	45
B04	49	19
B05	1,511	441
B06	53	11
B07	145	79
B08	881	271
B09	238	118
B21	959	277
B22	552	79
B23	4,081	1,622
B24	2,169	399
B25	3,509	1,313
B26	406	284
B27	121	113
B28	215	46
B29	3,078	587

Classification	Invention	Utility Model
B30	87	66
B31	51	50
B32	4,535	558
B33	35	9
B41	1,105	284
B42	54	132
B43	144	95
B44	100	135
B60	3,186	2,144
B61	225	56
B62	4,001	2,364
B63	263	160
B64	229	136
B65	5,132	3,759
B66	427	398
B67	120	96
B68	6	7
B81	437	8
B82	307	4
C01	2,487	101
C02	944	439
C03	2,259	69
C04	1,075	34
C05	112	43
C06	6	0
C07	11,277	12
C08	15,505	61
C09	10,815	84
C10	517	40
C11	662	40
C12	2,856	172
C13	12	0
C14	17	3
C21	559	34

Classification	Invention	Utility Model
C22	2,265	28
C23	6,275	197
C25	1,792	198
C30	1,147	42
C40	14	0
D01	592	81
D02	127	54
D03	237	139
D04	506	150
D05	356	135
D06	902	291
D07	14	8
D21	264	35
D99	1	0
E01	146	157
E02	247	169
E03	363	310
E04	1,295	1,551
E05	1,014	776
E06	647	786
E21	85	41
F01	305	174
F02	349	194
F03	485	257
F04	1,990	834
F15	185	54
F16	5,520	3,321
F17	200	101
F21	1,263	771
F22	56	12
F23	546	271
F24	1,449	1,185
F25	480	239
F26	175	112
F27	256	74
F28	1,163	444
F41	339	341
F42	27	19
G01	16,481	2,116
G02	15,558	1,849
G03	10,513	438
G04	193	66
G05	3,026	279
G06	36,437	10,535
G07	415	299
G08	1,125	663
G09	6,608	840
G10	1,564	263
G11	7,474	184
G12	31	4
G16	935	377
G21	291	7
G99	1	0
H01	76,428	7,956
H02	8,753	1,815
H03	5,340	159
H04	24,005	1,571
H05	10,225	2,812
H10	3,677	68
H99	1	0
Total	383,446	81,273

Reporting Date: January 11, 2026

Note: Counts of valid patents are calculated based on existing patents as of December 31, 2025.

Design

Classification	Design
01	207
02	1,605
03	1,239
04	266
05	265
06	2,047
07	2,012
08	2,607
09	3,229
10	2,011
11	1,992
12	6,725
13	4,698
14	6,556
15	3,243
16	1,445
17	57
18	92
19	576
20	193

Classification	Design
21	1,569
22	375
23	2,964
24	1,580
25	876
26	2,888
27	114
28	1,429
29	335
30	214
31	291
32	14
Total	53,714

Data Collection Date: January 11, 2026

Note: Counts of valid patents are calculated based on existing patents as of December 31, 2025.

19. Statistics on Pending Patent Applications for Examination (2016~2025)

Item / Year	Application			Reexamination		Opposition			Invalidation			Technical Evaluation Report for Utility Model	Total
	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Invention	Design	Invention	Utility Model	Design	Invention	Utility Model	Design		
2016	50,293	3,953	4,848	8,390	72	-	-	-	235	408	49	1,125	69,373
2017	44,002	4,859	5,056	6,256	55	-	-	-	202	271	23	620	61,344
2018	46,443	3,287	4,748	4,436	45	-	-	-	162	266	24	492	59,903
2019	48,316	3,728	5,556	4,857	140	-	-	-	152	225	50	384	63,408
2020	49,297	3,855	5,084	6,478	180	-	-	-	205	250	38	604	65,991
2021	50,285	3,626	4,365	7,337	89	-	-	-	228	251	46	451	66,678
2022	52,007	3,669	4,118	7,182	99	-	-	-	238	248	18	369	67,948
2023	52,326	3,814	4,241	6,526	106	-	-	-	205	223	19	314	67,774
2024	52,712	2,431	4,092	5,966	107	-	-	-	213	210	15	245	65,991
2025	53,124	2,840	3,309	5,291	115	-	-	-	194	183	26	202	65,284

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Note: The above statistics exclude the number of applications not requesting substantial examination. (2016: 10,142; 2017: 9,707; 2018: 7,716; 2019: 9,261; 2020: 8,007; 2021: 8,945; 2022: 8,871; 2023: 9,148; 2024: 8,515, 2025:10,372).

D. Trend of Invention Requests for Examination

Number and Percentage of Requests for Examination

Filing Year	Invention Applications (Total Applications In This Year)	In the First Year Since the Filing Date		In the Second Year Since the Filing Date		In the Third Year Since the Filing Date		After the Third Year Since the Filing Date		Sum of the Number/ Percentage of Applications Requested for Examination	
		Applications	Percentage	Applications	Percentage	Applications	Percentage	Applications	Percentage	Applications	Percentage
2016	43,836	23,321	53.20%	1,462	3.34%	12,788	29.17%	1,724	3.93%	39,295	89.64%
2017	46,122	24,967	54.13%	1,517	3.29%	13,173	28.56%	1,727	3.74%	41,384	89.72%
2018	47,429	27,177	57.30%	1,251	2.64%	12,994	27.40%	1,273	2.68%	42,695	90.02%
2019	48,268	27,736	57.46%	1,284	2.66%	13,335	27.63%	1,121	2.32%	43,476	90.07%
2020	46,664	27,067	58.00%	1,345	2.88%	12,981	27.82%	1,275	2.73%	42,668	91.43%
2021	49,116	27,839	56.68%	1,495	3.04%	13,998	28.50%	1,343	2.73%	44,675	90.95%
2022	50,242	28,008	55.75%	1,619	3.22%	14,672	29.20%	1,530	3.05%	45,829	91.22%
2023	50,854	27,923	54.91%	1,957	3.85%	2,795	5.50%	1,538	3.02%	34,213	67.28%
2024	50,823	27,532	54.17%	1,539	3.03%	433	0.85%	1,772	3.49%	31,276	61.54%
2025	51,230	27,557	53.79%	724	1.41%	282	0.55%	1,770	3.46%	30,333	59.21%

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Note: 1. The number of requests for examination (including new applications, divisional applications, and conversion applications) refers to the number of requests for examination according to Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 38 of the Patent Act.

2. Except for divisional applications and conversion applications conforming to Article 34 or 108 of the Patent Act, invention applications failing to request an examination within three years from the filing date are deemed to have been withdrawn.

3. The percentage of requests for examination refers to the percentage of total number of requests for examination each year within three years from the filing dates, applications divided or converted within 30 days from the filing date according to Articles 34 and 108 of the Patent Act, and to the total number of new applications for invention.

4. The total number of invention applications in each year, in addition to the new applications filed in the year, includes the number of applications divided or converted in the year but originally filed before the year.

E. Statistics on IC Layout Applications and Certificates Issued

Year	Application	Certificate Issued
2016	114	133
2017	58	68
2018	95	96
2019	118	86
2020	75	101
2021	69	51
2022	86	112
2023	67	68
2024	92	93
2025	28	26

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II. Trademark Cases Filed & Disposed

A. General Statistics on Trademark Cases (2016-2025)

Item / Year	Application	Registration		Rejection	
	Cases	Cases	Percentage	Cases	Percentage
2016	79,300	68,177	85.97%	8,956	11.29%
2017	83,802	74,226	88.57%	8,903	10.62%
2018	84,816	71,809	84.66%	8,464	9.98%
2019	86,794	70,785	81.56%	8,187	9.43%
2020	94,089	78,849	83.80%	9,013	9.58%
2021	95,917	81,460	84.93%	8,482	8.84%
2022	94,778	79,400	83.77%	7,769	8.20%
2023	91,535	75,493	82.47%	7,037	7.69%
2024	90,341	78,436	86.82%	8,146	9.02%
2025	97,411	78,102	80.18%	8,532	8.76%

Note: 1. Counts of "Application" are calculated based on the total number of trademark applications collected each year.
2. Counts of "Registration" and "Rejection" are calculated based on the total number of cases published each year.

B. Statistics on Trademark from 2016 to 2025

1. Trademark Applications

Item / Year	Application		Opposition	Invalidation	Revocation
	By case	By class			
2016	79,300	101,331	822	187	515
2017	83,802	108,758	913	248	640
2018	84,816	110,074	872	199	543
2019	86,794	111,681	664	192	642
2020	94,089	119,660	784	162	832
2021	95,917	123,217	696	152	731
2022	94,778	122,320	633	141	779
2023	91,535	114,680	540	155	638
2024	90,341	112,534	685	139	712
2025	97,411	124,242	610	141	683

Item / Year	Renewal	License	Assignment	Alteration
2016	43,030	763	9,469	8,552
2017	42,474	696	9,147	9,153
2018	44,444	928	8,907	9,486
2019	45,524	1,202	10,596	9,291
2020	48,129	782	9,885	10,289
2021	52,045	581	10,946	10,176
2022	53,843	693	10,366	13,021
2023	57,859	457	9,714	13,204
2024	56,596	824	9,783	13,112
2025	56,006	437	10,728	12,976

Note: 1. The counts above are the total number of applications.

2. The term "Application" includes applications for certification mark, collective membership mark and collective trademark.

3. The term “License” includes applications for sub-license.

4. The term "Alteration" includes applications for "goods/service reduction".

5. Beginning from November 28, 2003, applications for trademark may contain two or more types of goods or services. Therefore, the counts by class have added to the column since 2004.

2. Trademark Opposition

Item / Year	Sustained		Denied		Partially Sustained		Others	
	Cases	Percentage	Cases	Percentage	Cases	Percentage	Cases	Percentage
2016	426	48.08%	232	26.19%	80	9.03%	148	16.70%
2017	386	48.49%	183	22.99%	64	8.04%	163	20.48%
2018	461	49.25%	272	29.06%	74	7.91%	129	13.78%
2019	439	48.94%	224	24.97%	89	9.92%	145	16.16%
2020	307	48.81%	111	17.65%	77	12.24%	134	21.30%
2021	261	40.65%	154	23.99%	72	11.21%	155	24.14%
2022	284	44.38%	195	30.47%	52	8.13%	109	17.03%
2023	294	45.44%	170	26.28%	77	11.90%	106	16.38%
2024	313	48.68%	151	23.48%	69	10.73%	110	17.11%
2025	302	43.70%	131	18.96%	74	10.71%	184	26.63%

Note: 1. The table shows the counts of cases disposed each year.

2. The item "Others" includes rejection because of formal deficiency, withdrawal, and other types of rejection.

3. "Sustained" means all designated goods and services are sustained; "Denied" refers to all designated goods and services are denied; "Partially Sustained" means parts of the designated goods and services are sustained.

4. Percentage is derived from using the number of overall disposals as the denominator, "Sustained", "Denied", "Partially Sustained" and "Others" as the numerators.

3. Trademark Invalidation

Item / Year	Sustained		Denied		Partially Sustained		Others	
	Cases	Percentage	Cases	Percentage	Cases	Percentage	Cases	Percentage
2016	116	53.46%	41	18.89%	16	7.37%	44	20.28%
2017	106	48.62%	32	14.68%	31	14.22%	49	22.48%
2018	139	57.92%	34	14.17%	24	10.00%	43	17.92%
2019	110	52.13%	43	20.38%	22	10.43%	36	17.06%
2020	67	39.41%	39	22.94%	26	15.29%	38	22.35%
2021	61	40.40%	40	26.49%	14	9.27%	36	23.84%
2022	66	46.48%	41	28.87%	10	7.04%	25	17.61%
2023	56	40.88%	32	23.36%	17	12.41%	32	23.36%
2024	76	44.97%	36	21.30%	22	13.02%	35	20.71%
2025	62	38.04%	30	18.40%	20	12.27%	51	31.29%

Note: 1. The table shows the counts of cases disposed each year.

2. The item "Others" includes rejection because of formal deficiency, withdrawal, and other types of rejection.

3. "Sustained" means all designated goods and services are sustained; "Denied" refers to all designated goods and services are denied; "Partially Sustained" means parts of the designated goods and services are sustained.

4. Percentage is derived from using the number of overall disposals as the denominator, "Sustained", "Denied", "Partially Sustained" and "Others" as the numerators.

4. Trademark Revocation (Cancellation)

Item / Year	Sustained		Denied		Partially Sustained		Others	
	Cases	Percentage	Cases	Percentage	Cases	Percentage	Cases	Percentage
2016	379	61.23%	47	7.59%	129	20.84%	64	10.34%
2017	345	60.74%	28	4.93%	136	23.94%	59	10.39%
2018	372	62.84%	34	5.74%	142	23.99%	44	7.43%
2019	371	62.35%	32	5.38%	89	14.96%	103	17.31%
2020	486	64.97%	16	2.14%	154	20.59%	92	12.30%
2021	454	62.19%	27	3.70%	170	23.29%	79	10.82%
2022	454	57.76%	19	2.42%	144	18.32%	169	21.50%
2023	425	53.26%	23	2.88%	169	21.18%	181	22.68%
2024	458	54.98%	21	2.52%	165	19.81%	189	22.69%
2025	485	57.06%	24	2.82%	130	15.30%	211	24.82%

Note: 1. The table shows the counts of cases disposed each year.

2. The item "Others" includes rejection because of formal deficiency, withdrawal, and other types of rejection.

3. Beginning from November 28, 2003, "disciplinary cancellation" has been changed to "revocation".

4. "Sustained" means all designated goods and services are sustained; "Denied" refers to all designated goods and services are denied; "Partially Sustained" means parts of the designated goods and services are sustained.

5. Percentage is derived from using the number of overall disposals as the denominator, "Sustained", "Denied", "Partially Sustained" and "Others" as the numerators.

5. Trademark Administrative Appeals

Item / Year	Administrative Appeals					
	Cases Filed	Decisions on Administrative Appeals				
		Original Decisions Revoked	Administrative Appeals Rejected	Others	Other Concluded Cases	Rate of Revocation
2016	688	15	680	4	11	2.68%
2017	684	26	689	7	11	4.50%
2018	683	11	624	3	4	2.18%
2019	636	16	636	8	3	3.62%
2020	535	14	578	7	3	3.49%
2021	477	7	433	3	8	2.22%
2022	393	13	389	0	7	3.18%
2023	300	16	309	1	16	4.97%
2024	338	9	290	1	4	3.29%
2025	308	7	308	1	10	2.45%

Note: 1. The counts above are based on the numbers published by the Petitions and Appeals Committee, MOEA.

2. The "Administrative Appeals Rejected" column includes cases inadmissible and rejected. The "Other Concluded Cases" column includes withdrawals by appellants, jurisdictional transfers, and consolidated reviews.

3. The "Others" column refers to administrative appeals that are partially rejected and partially revoked.

6. Trademark Administrative Litigation Processed by the Intellectual Property and Commercial Court

Item / Year	Cases Received	Cases Concluded							
		Withdrawn	Plaintiff Won	Plaintiff Lost	Partially Sustained	Dismissals	Settlements	Others	Total
2016	158	9	14	119	3	6	2	0	153
2017	176	12	16	105	3	5	7	0	148
2018	117	17	19	117	5	6	1	0	165
2019	152	10	29	96	5	5	3	0	148
2020	130	10	12	104	4	6	4	0	140
2021	101	9	5	79	4	0	2	1	100
2022	95	4	15	75	1	1	4	0	100
2023	69	3	12	60	4	1	6	0	86
2024	68	7	5	45	6	3	0	0	66
2025	54	1	6	57	2	0	0	0	66

Note: 1. The above statistics are provided by the Intellectual Property and Commercial Court. "Plaintiff Won" and "Partially Sustained" include appeals filed against the Ministry of Economic Affairs whose appeals decisions are revoked.

2. "Settlements" means cases concluded by the IP court after the litigants' mutual concession to the disputes and the reaching of an agreement.

7. Resident and Non-Resident Trademark Applications (By Case)

Item / Year	Residents	Non-Residents
2016	57,548	21,752
2017	61,215	22,587
2018	59,840	24,976
2019	61,928	24,866
2020	72,170	21,919
2021	73,374	22,543
2022	74,326	20,452
2023	71,960	19,575
2024	69,386	20,955
2025	75,573	21,838

Note: TIPO began accepting applications for joint ownership of trademark on July 13, 2006. The numbers in this table are counted based on applicants' nationalities.

8. Resident and Non-Resident Trademark Registrations (By Case)

Item / Year	Residents	Non-Residents
2016	48,828	19,349
2017	53,202	21,024
2018	50,463	21,346
2019	48,921	21,864
2020	56,736	22,113
2021	62,071	19,389
2022	60,312	19,088
2023	58,746	16,747
2024	60,399	18,037
2025	58,779	19,323

C. Statistics on Trademarks by Class and Nationality

1. Statistics on Trademark Applications and Registrations by Class Covering the Last Three Years

Class	Application			Registration		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
Total	114,587	112,450	124,180	96,377	97,696	98,110
1	1,236	1,308	1,365	1,058	1,171	1,185
2	324	289	324	249	266	268
3	6,011	6,345	6,714	4,721	5,116	5,305
4	543	490	586	454	467	419
5	7,144	7,118	7,768	5,863	6,016	6,026
6	850	905	955	732	804	757
7	1,915	1,985	1,966	1,665	1,714	1,823
8	551	572	586	560	500	513
9	7,883	7,720	8,667	7,050	6,884	6,889
10	1,998	1,895	2,026	1,780	1,618	1,694
11	1,604	1,663	1,744	1,452	1,457	1,523
12	1,665	1,529	1,602	1,354	1,463	1,322
13	37	58	60	50	38	47
14	1,374	1,520	1,809	1,095	1,196	1,331
15	120	113	154	96	107	106
16	2,767	2,943	3,429	2,527	2,436	2,641
17	499	566	630	511	485	527
18	2,054	2,153	2,442	1,596	1,782	2,060
19	430	429	550	392	389	386
20	1,498	1,599	1,745	1,290	1,411	1,430
21	1,989	1,962	2,249	1,826	1,805	1,812
22	225	187	250	185	182	180
23	113	83	112	103	79	75
24	1,131	1,081	1,213	970	988	957
25	4,213	4,312	4,705	3,320	3,717	3,802
26	377	431	534	298	360	388
27	213	234	270	229	207	225
28	2,037	2,197	2,787	1,895	1,871	2,100
29	4,251	3,983	3,968	3,537	3,402	3,334
30	7,335	7,042	7,132	5,859	5,868	5,450

Class	Application			Registration		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
31	1,976	1,780	1,974	1,628	1,562	1,462
32	1,856	1,840	1,853	1,428	1,475	1,502
33	1,162	950	941	925	910	808
34	336	192	215	243	292	165
35	16,652	15,582	17,321	14,307	13,980	13,942
36	1,960	1,899	2,177	1,688	1,739	1,704
37	2,283	2,226	2,615	1,896	2,000	2,070
38	1,043	974	1,112	1,058	946	894
39	1,266	1,210	1,313	1,029	1,078	1,060
40	892	875	1,014	778	837	818
41	6,386	6,265	7,577	5,465	5,358	5,675
42	4,547	4,415	5,348	4,181	4,036	4,072
43	7,639	7,262	7,547	5,622	6,029	5,741
44	2,928	2,915	3,296	2,303	2,504	2,426
45	1,274	1,353	1,535	1,109	1,151	1,196

Note: Counts above do not include applications and registrations of collective marks and certification marks.

2. Statistics on Trademark Applications by Nationality in 2025 (By Case)

Nationality	Application	Percentage	Nationality	Application	Percentage
TAIWAN, REPUBLIC OF CHINA	75,573	77.58%	NORWAY	35	0.04%
MAINLAND CHINA	5,802	5.96%	AUSTRIA	33	0.03%
JAPAN	3,435	3.53%	CZECH REPUBLIC	27	0.03%
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	3,014	3.09%	FINLAND	27	0.03%
REPUBLIC OF KOREA	2,394	2.46%	LUXEMBOURG	26	0.03%
HONG KONG	1,070	1.10%	POLAND	25	0.03%
SINGAPORE	925	0.95%	TURKEY	23	0.02%
GERMANY	638	0.65%	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	18	0.02%
FRANCE	530	0.54%	CHILE	17	0.02%
UNITED KINGDOM	485	0.50%	BULGARIA	16	0.02%
SWITZERLAND	471	0.48%	MACAO	14	0.01%
ITALY	338	0.35%	BRAZIL	12	0.01%
NETHERLANDS	185	0.19%	CYPRUS	12	0.01%
CAYMAN ISLANDS	183	0.19%	LIECHTENSTEIN	12	0.01%
THAILAND	177	0.18%	MEXICO	12	0.01%
AUSTRALIA	174	0.18%	PORTUGAL	12	0.01%
CANADA	170	0.17%	ARGENTINA	11	0.01%
BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS	170	0.17%	PHILIPPINES	11	0.01%
MALAYSIA	149	0.15%	SOUTH AFRICA	11	0.01%
SPAIN	140	0.14%	GREECE	10	0.01%
SWEDEN	123	0.13%	MARSHALL ISLANDS	10	0.01%
INDIA	111	0.11%	SAUDI ARABIA	9	0.01%
DENMARK	75	0.08%	BAHRAIN	8	0.01%
VIETNAM	75	0.08%	BELIZE	8	0.01%
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	74	0.08%	COLOMBIA	7	0.01%
NEW ZEALAND	71	0.07%	KUWAIT	7	0.01%
INDONESIA	67	0.07%	NICARAGUA	7	0.01%
IRELAND	65	0.07%	ROMANIA	7	0.01%
BELGIUM	61	0.06%	MONGOLIA	6	0.01%
SEYCHELLES	53	0.05%	MAURITIUS	6	0.01%
SAMOA	48	0.05%	OTHERS	85	0.09%
ISRAEL	41	0.04%			

	Subtotal	Ratio
Residents	75,573	77.58%
Non-Residents	21,838	22.42%
Total	97,411	100.00%

Note: 1. Accepting applications for joint ownerships of trademarks began on July 13, 2006. The table above shows the counts of applicants by nationality.

2. Countries with fewer than five applications are listed as "Others."

3. Statistics on Trademark Registrations by Nationality in 2025 (By Case)

Nationality	Registration	Percentage	Nationality	Registration	Percentage
TAIWAN, REPUBLIC OF CHINA	58,779	75.26%	NEW ZEALAND	50	0.06%
MAINLAND CHINA	5,073	6.50%	INDONESIA	48	0.06%
JAPAN	3,155	4.04%	ISRAEL	44	0.06%
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	2,608	3.34%	FINLAND	33	0.04%
REPUBLIC OF KOREA	1,888	2.42%	SEYCHELLES	29	0.04%
HONG KONG	1,048	1.34%	SAMOA	28	0.04%
SINGAPORE	728	0.93%	AUSTRIA	26	0.03%
GERMANY	597	0.76%	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	21	0.03%
UNITED KINGDOM	510	0.65%	CZECH REPUBLIC	20	0.03%
FRANCE	503	0.64%	POLAND	19	0.02%
SWITZERLAND	446	0.57%	BRAZIL	17	0.02%
ITALY	350	0.45%	MEXICO	17	0.02%
CAYMAN ISLANDS	229	0.29%	NORWAY	17	0.02%
BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS	192	0.25%	PHILIPPINES	14	0.02%
NETHERLANDS	168	0.22%	SAUDI ARABIA	13	0.02%
MALAYSIA	158	0.20%	TURKEY	13	0.02%
CANADA	138	0.18%	BULGARIA	12	0.02%
AUSTRALIA	136	0.17%	CHILE	12	0.02%
SPAIN	130	0.17%	PORTUGAL	11	0.01%
THAILAND	121	0.15%	BAHRAIN	9	0.01%
SWEDEN	118	0.15%	BERMUDA	8	0.01%
VIETNAM	84	0.11%	BELIZE	8	0.01%
IRELAND	69	0.09%	SOUTH AFRICA	8	0.01%
DENMARK	67	0.09%	JORDAN	6	0.01%
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	57	0.07%	MONACO	6	0.01%
BELGIUM	55	0.07%	MACAO	6	0.01%
INDIA	55	0.07%	NICARAGUA	6	0.01%
LUXEMBOURG	50	0.06%	OTHERS	89	0.11%

	Subtotal	Ratio
Residents	58,779	75.26%
Non-Residents	19,323	24.74%
Total	78,102	100.00%

Note: Countries with fewer than five registrations are listed as "Others".

D. Statistics on Certification Mark and Collective Membership Mark Covering the Last Ten Years

Item / Year	Certification Mark		Collective Membership Mark	
	Application	Registration	Application	Registration
2016	27	26	47	52
2017	41	30	61	36
2018	46	29	49	39
2019	40	44	53	37
2020	47	34	46	39
2021	41	29	48	48
2022	36	28	48	32
2023	47	9	46	39
2024	47	19	37	31
2025	20	40	42	25

III. Top 20 Online Filing and Online Delivery Patent and Trademark Attorneys

1. Top 20 Online Filing Attorney Offices in 2025

Patent			Trademark		
Rank	Attorney Offices	Rate of Online Filing	Rank	Attorney Offices	Rate of Online Filing
1	Lee and Li, Attorneys-at-Law	14.50%	1	Saint Island International Patent & Law Offices	10.09%
2	Jianq Chyun Intellectual Property Office	8.54%	2	Tai E International Patent & Law Office	7.42%
3	TSAI, LEE & CHEN Patent Attorneys & Attorneys at Law	8.11%	3	Lee and Li, Attorneys-at-Law	6.30%
4	Taiwan International Patent & Law Office	7.45%	4	Taiwan International Patent & Law Office	3.01%
5	Saint Island International Patent & Law Offices	6.36%	5	Gold Keen Intellectual Property Office	2.84%
6	Tai E International Patent & Law Office	5.14%	6	Oger International Patent & Trademark Office	2.42%
7	TOPTEAM International Patent & Trademark Office	3.96%	7	World Patent and Trademark Law Office	2.03%
8	Li & Cai Intellectual Property Office	2.58%	8	Titan International Patent & Trademark Office	1.52%
9	Taiwan Advance Patent & Trademark Office	1.68%	9	Asia Liuh Intellectual Property Office	1.51%
10	ScienBiziP Corporation	1.47%	10	Baker & Mckenzie	1.40%
11	North America Union Patent & Trademark Office	1.32%	11	Mission International Patent & Trademark Office	1.36%
12	JOU AND JOU PATENT OFFICES	1.20%	12	Jaw-Hwa International Patent & Trademark & law Office	1.22%
13	Giant Group International Patent, Trademark & Law Office	1.16%	13	Winkler Partners Attorneys at Law of Taiwan and Foreign Legal Affairs	1.21%
14	Wideband IP Office	1.12%	14	Long River International Patent & Trademark Law Office	1.10%
15	Formosa Transnational Attorneys at Law	1.07%	15	Sohare Information Corporation	1.10%
16	World Patent Limited Company	1.03%	16	Saint Bridge Trademark Office	1.06%
17	Formosan Brothers Attorneys-at-Law	1.01%	17	Asia-Pacific International Patent & Trademark Office	1.04%
18	Wenping & Co. International Patent & Trademark Office	1.01%	18	TSAI, LEE & CHEN Patent Attorneys & Attorneys at Law	1.04%
19	Hua Ding PATENT & LAW OFFICE	0.92%	19	SHOWBRAND Intellectual Property Office	1.00%
20	Long River International Patent & Trademark Law Office	0.91%	20	NAN E International Property Office	0.94%

Note: The percentage is derived from using the number of applications filed electronically by agents (actual electronic signers) corresponding to the firms to which the agents belong as the numerators, and that of electronic applications by all agents as the denominators. The information of firms and agents is based on that published on TIPO's website.

2. Top 20 Online Delivery Attorney Offices in 2025

Patent			Trademark		
Rank	Attorney Offices	Rate of Online Delivery	Rank	Attorney Offices	Rate of Online Delivery
1	Lee and Li Attorneys-at-Law	14.20%	1	Saint Island International Patent & Law Offices	8.00%
2	Jianq Chyun Intellectual Property Office	8.61%	2	Tai E International Patent & Law Office	7.55%
3	TSAI, LEE & CHEN Patent Attorneys & Attorneys at Law	7.52%	3	Lee and Li Attorneys-at-Law	6.08%
4	Taiwan International Patent & Law Office	6.36%	4	Oger International Patent & Trademark Office	3.86%
5	Saint Island International Patent & Law Offices	5.85%	5	Gold Keen Intellectual Property Office	3.29%
6	Tai E International Patent & Law Office	4.15%	6	Taiwan International Patent & Law Office	2.86%
7	TOPTEAM International Patent & Trademark Office	3.12%	7	Asia Liuh Intellectual Property Office	1.94%
8	JOU AND JOU Patent Offices	2.35%	8	TSAI, LEE & CHEN Patent Attorneys & Attorneys at Law	1.33%
9	Li & Cai Intellectual Property Office	2.31%	9	Winkler Partners Attorneys at Law of Taiwan and Foreign Legal Affairs	1.31%
10	Louis International Patent Office	2.17%	10	World Patent and Trademark Law Office	1.31%
11	Taiwan Advance Patent & Trademark Office	1.59%	11	Union Patent Service Center	1.23%
12	Union Patent Service Center	1.47%	12	Baker & Mckenzie	1.13%
13	North America Union Patent & Trademark Office	1.39%	13	Taiwan Advance Patent & Trademark Office	1.13%
14	Wenping & Co. International Patent & Trademark Office	1.30%	14	Giant Group International Patent, Trademark & Law Office	1.12%
15	HUA DING PATENT & LAW OFFICE	1.09%	15	Titan International Patent & Trademark Office	1.03%
16	Formosan Brothers Attorneys at Law	0.96%	16	Power Wise Intellectual Property Office	1.02%
17	Tsar & Tsai Law Firm	0.92%	17	Rulebook Intellectual Property Office	0.99%
18	Wideband IP Office	0.90%	18	FLYING Trademark and Patent Office	0.96%
19	One Team Patent Office	0.85%	19	Jaw-Hwa International Patent & Trademark & Law Offices	0.92%
20	Giant Group International Patent, Trademark & Law Office	0.85%	20	Wanlin International Trademark Office	0.88%

3.Annual Publications

Books

No.	Title	Date of Publication
1	*Article-by-Article Interpretation of the Patent Act*	September 2025

Periodicals

No.	Title	Frequency
1	*Patent Gazette* (Online)	Three times every month
2	*Trademark Gazette* (Online)	Bi-monthly
3	*Patent Application Publication Gazette* (Online)	Bi-monthly
4	*Intellectual Property Right Monthly* (Online)	Monthly
5	*Intellectual Property Office Annual Report* (Mandarin) (Online)	Annually
6	*Intellectual Property Office Annual Report* (English) (Online)	Annually

Annual Report 2025

Intellectual Property Office, MOEA, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Editor	Intellectual Property Office, MOEA
Publisher	Intellectual Property Office, MOEA
Address	3Fl., No.185, Sec. 2, Xinhai Rd., Daan Dist., Taipei City 106, Taiwan (R.O.C.)
Tel	886-2-27380007
TIPO website	https://www.tipo.gov.tw
Publishing date	June 2026
First Issue date	August 2000
Design	CABIN Design Graphics Printing Ltd.
GPN	4811300009
ISSN	1680-5569

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INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFICE
MINISTRY OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS

3F., No. 185, Sec. 2, Xinhai Rd., Da'an Dist.,
Taipei City 106, Taiwan (R.O.C.)
Tel : +886-(02)-2738-0007
Fax : +886-(02)-2377-9875
MOEA Website:https://www.moea.gov.tw
TIPO Website:https://www.tipo.gov.tw

ISSN : 1680-5569
GPN : 4811300009